

THE NAPAN

Vol. XLVII] No 6 -E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor.

NAPANEE, ONT., CAN

NEW SHOE STORE!

Entirely New Stock.

Not one pair of Boots, Shoes, or Rubbers in the store that are not entirely NEW.

All our goods are from the best Canadian and American Makers.

CURRY'S = OLD = STAND,

Opposite Royal Hotel.

WE GUARANTEE GOOD VALUE FOR YOUR MONEY.

GIVE US A CALL.

HAWLEY & MAYBEE

Bargains in Readywear Clothing.

All through January.

25 Per Cent. off all Men's and Boys' Suits and Overcoats.

15 od fancy winter Vests, regular price \$1.75, to \$3, your choice for \$1.25

25c and 50c Puff Ties reduced to 10c

50c Touques, 38c.

40c Touques, 25c.

25c Touques, 17c.

Special prices on all Tweed Suitings in our Order Clothing Department. Now is your chance to buy a good Suit while the reductions are offered

J. L. BOYES,

The Men and Boys Store.

TOWN COUNCIL.

Council Chamber,
January 20th 1908.

Council met in regular session on Monday evening Mayor Meng in the chair.

Present—Reeve Symington, and Councillors Alexander, Simpson, Steacy, Kimmerly, Osborne and Denison.

The minutes of the last regular session were read and confirmed.

A communication was received from W. S. Herrington, town solicitor, re James Taylor's claim against the town for damages by falling on a slippery sidewalk near the swing bridge. There is a special provision in the municipal Act providing that no municipality shall be liable for any damages resulting from ice on the sidewalk, except in case of gross negligence, and as the town was not guilty of gross negligence he would advise the council not to pay any damage. Filed.

A communication was read from D. H. Preston, K. C., stating that on the 9th day of January, Mr. Jas. Boyd had stepped into a hole in the sidewalk on the south side of Mill street and sprained his ankle. He asks the town to pay him for damages sustained. Referred to the Street Committee to investigate, and consult solicitor and report.

A communication was read from the Secretary of the Electric Light Commissioners stating that on and after January 1st, 1908, the electric current furnished the town will cost \$5300 per year. Laid on the table until later in the evening.

A communication from the Kingston General Hospital, asking for aid, was also laid on the table until later in the evening.

The Finance Committee reported the account of T. S. Henry, \$12.55, correct, and that the town's account against the Township of Richmond for share of culvert, be again rendered. The report was adopted.

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Annual Meeting! Annual Meeting!

The annual meeting of the Napanee Cemetery Company will be held in the Council Chamber, Napanee, on

The annual meeting of the Policy Holders of the Lennox and Addington Mutual Fire Insurance Company will be held in

Discount Sale

Annual Meeting! Annual Meeting!

The annual meeting of the Napanee Cemetery Company will be held in the Council Chamber, Napanee, on

Tuesday, 28th January,

1908, at 2 o'clock p.m.

W. T. WALLER, F. W. SMITH,
Secretary. President

NOTICE OF MEETING.

The County Council

of Lennox and Addington will meet at the Council Chambers, in the Court House, Napanee, on

Tuesday, 28th Jan., 1908,

at 2 o'clock p.m.

All accounts must be in the hands of the undersigned, not later than Wednesday, 29th January, 1908, in order that they may be considered.

W. G. WILSON,
County Clerk.

Dated Jan. 9th, 1908.

FURS

Furs made and remodelled in First-Class Style. Prices Reasonable, and Work Guaranteed.

Ladies' & Gents' Coats

MADE TO ORDER.

All kinds of Furs, Pelts, Heads, Tails and Trimmings for sale.

MR. GEO. F. ROBINSON,

434m Corner Richard and Mill streets.

Genuine Bargains Are Here.

Call and see, and if not, you need not buy at all.

Everything you need for presents in—

Watches and Clocks,

Cut Glass and China.

Great Values.

Brooches, Necklets,

Locketts, Chains,

Bracelets,

Solid Gold Rings from

\$1.50 upwards.

Everything Genuine Bargains.

Marriage Licenses and Confidential.

F. CHINNECK'S

THE STORE OF QUALITY,

Near Royal Hotel, Napanee.

Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat

A Candy Bowl Laxative.

Coal Oil, Gas and Gasoline Stoves
M. S. MADOLE.

The annual meeting of the Policy Holders of the Lennox and Addington Mutual Fire Insurance Company will be held in the Council Chamber, in the Town of Napanee, on

January 25th, 1908

at the hour of one o'clock p.m. for receiving the annual report, and election of two directors, and transacting important business of the company in the interest of every policy-holder.

M. C. BOGART, Sec'y.

Skates Sharpened Ground and Concaved

CROSS-CUT SAWS GUM-MED and Saw Filing of Every Description Done Every Day at the

Napanee Bicycle and Carriage Works,

W. J. NORMILE.

Webster & Boyes' Old Stand.

COULDN'T BE BLUFFED.

The Judge Raised, but the Culprit Promptly Called.

A correspondent sends in the following account of an incident which occurred in his presence in a Kentucky courtroom:

Under the laws of Kentucky the penalty for gaming is a fine of from \$20 to \$50. Judge W. W. Jones was holding a term of circuit court, and when the case of the commonwealth of Kentucky against Daniel Cross was called he asked Daniel if he had a lawyer to defend him. Daniel said he had not, and Judge Jones asked him what he wanted to do about his case, which was a charge of gaming.

"I don't know, hardly, judge," said Daniel. "I thought I would just pay it off."

"Were you actually playing?" said the judge.

"I guess we were," Daniel replied. "About how much were you playing for, Daniel?" the judge asked.

"Oh, nothing much," said Daniel. "Just a nickel or dime on the corner."

"Well, Daniel," said the judge, "I will see your time and raise you \$20."

Daniel looked rather crestfallen for a moment; but, catching the force of the judge's remark, he quickly looked up at the judge and said, "Well, judge, I am satisfied that you have got me beat, so I'll not raise you, but I guess I will have to call you."—Law Notes.

TIRED LIVING.

Ten Years of Rheumatic Torture Halted all Joy from Life, but South American Rheumatic Cure Proved the Life Nectar.

"For over ten years I was a great sufferer from rheumatism. I tried many remedies and was under treatment of best medical men, but nothing gave me any hope of a cure. I procured a bottle of South American Rheumatic Cure; its effects on me were truly wonderful, for when I had taken but one bottle every pain and symptom of rheumatism had left me. I heartily recommend it."—W. H. Sherman, Morrisburg, Ont. (32)

Sold by T. B. Wallace

Discount Sale

—OF—

Note Paper,

Papeteries,

Envelopes.

In order to materially reduce our large stock of Stationery before stock-taking we will for 10 days give a special

20 Per Cent. Discount

The above lines are all perfectly new goods, and are special values, even at regular prices, as they were bought in discount quantities.

Our Japanese China must go if special prices will make them move.

Come for Bargains to

A. E. PAUL

HOW TO SECURE FARM HELP.

S. A. Scheme of Immigration.

During the past four years, The Salvation Army has succeeded in bringing to Canada a good class of Farm labourers and Domestic Servants.

Notwithstanding the protest made in some sections of the country, that there is a surplus of labour, the Army Officials find there is still a great demand for agricultural labourers, and they have found it necessary to charter several Ocean Liners to supply the need. The call of farm labourers, comes from all parts of the Dominion, and now that the Ontario Government has decided not to continue supplying farm help, and as it is likely that immigration to Canada will not commence until late in April, the demand for settlers coming out under The Army auspices will be very great. The first chartered ship will be the "Kensington," sailing from Liverpool, February 20th, for British Columbia points, followed by the "Southwark," in March 5th, for Ontario points, the "Ionian," from Glasgow, and the "Kensington," from Liverpool, on March 26th.

Farmers who have not made application for help for the coming season, are advised to write for Application Forms and further particulars to Lieut.-Colonel Howell, 20 Albert St., Toronto, Ont. The class of immigrants supplied by The Army has given good satisfaction throughout the country, and the experience they have had in the past years in this direction, will evidently qualify them for selecting suitable farm help this season.

A tickling cough, from any cause, is quickly stopped by Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure. And it is so thoroughly harmless and safe, that Dr. Shoop tells mothers everywhere to give it without hesitation even to very young babies. The wholesome green leaves and tender stems of a lung-healing mountainous shrub, furnish the curative properties to Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure. It calms the cough, and heals the sore and sensitive bronchial membranes. No opium, no chloroform, nothing harsh used to cure or suppress. Simply a resinous oil extract, that helps to heal achy lungs. The Spaniards call this shrub which the Doctor uses, "The Sacred Herb". Always demand Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure. Sold by—All Dealers.

the evening.

A communication from the Kingston General Hospital, asking for aid, was also laid on the table until later in the evening.

The Finance Committee reported the account of T. S. Henry, \$12.55, correct, and that the town's account against the Township of Richmond for share of culvert, be again rendered. The report was adopted.

The Fire Water and Light Committee reported as follows:

On the question of citizens paying for use of old hose for cleaning sewers. The report is that all hose used, as far

DON'T FORGET THE

Gold Medal Contest

—in the—

West. Meth. Church

—on—

Monday Eve. Jan. 27

A Good Musical Programme will be provided.

5 Silver Medalists will compete.

ADMISSION, 10 CENTS.

per instructions of Captain of Brigade, the firemen to receive all fees collected. We ask further time to report re stove for drying hose, and placing of gong in the home of the Chief Engineer. Report adopted.

The Printing and By-law Committee reported the accounts of the Beaver Office \$43.50 and Express Office \$72.00, correct, and recommend payment as soon as funds are provided. Report adopted.

The Town Property Committee reported the following accounts correct: C. A. Hamilton, \$2.50; F. H. Carson, 40c; F. E. Vanluven, \$21.00; Rathbun, Co. \$21.00. They will also likely require \$50 for coal, \$10 for snow shovelling, \$100 for care of park, \$50 for repairs, \$230.00 for over expenditure of previous committee. Report adopted.

A By-law for the appointment of an assessor was taken up.

Moved by Mayor Meng, seconded by Coun. Denison, that the blank in the by-law be filled in with the name of W. L. Bennett.

Moved in amendment by Reeve Symington, seconded by Coun. Alexander, that the blank be filled in with the name of Geo. A. Cliffe.

The amendment was declared carried.

The salary was fixed at \$200 and the by-law finally passed.

A By-law was passed appointing E. B. Perry, Sanitary Inspector, at a salary of \$50.

On motion of Reeve Symington, seconded by Coun. Alexander, the communication for the Kingston General Hospital was laid on the table until after the first session of the County Council.

On motion of Coun. Osborne, seconded by Coun. Denison, the Poor and Sanitary Committee were empowered to make necessary arrangements for fixing a room over fire hall for use of John Lynn.

Moved by Reeve Symington, seconded by Coun. Osborne, that this council make a proposition to the ladies of Napanee on the following lines, that is to say: That if a number of ladies belonging to Napanee, and drawn from the various churches of the town, form themselves into an association for the purpose of administering relief to the poor, the treasurer of their association to give reasonable bonds, and allow their books to be audited by the town auditors at the end of each year, then this council place to the credit of the association the sum of \$500, and that a special committee composed of the Mayor, Councillors Alexander, Steacy, Simpson and Kimmerly be appointed to confer with the aforesaid Relief As-

FREE EXPRESS.

CANADA—FRIDAY, JANUARY 24th 1908 **\$1 per Year in advance: \$1.50 if not so paid.**

sociation and report to this council when for med. Carried.

On motion of Reeve Symington, seconded by Coun. Osborne, the communication from C. H. Walters, secretary of the Electric Light Commissioners, was referred to the Fire Water and Light Committee to confer with the Commissioners and report at the next session.

On motion of Councillors Simpson and Kimmerly the Finance Committee were instructed to place to the credit of the Contingent Fund the sum of \$250 over and above the amount now overdrawn.

On Motion of Councillors Denison and Steacy an additional appropriation of \$500 was made to the Town Property Committee.

On motion of Councillors Alexander and Simpson an additional appropriation of \$150 was placed to the credit of the Printing and By-law Committee.

ACCOUNTS.

The following accounts were ordered paid:

Chas. Stevens	\$ 31 00
S. W. Pringle	2 00
Mrs. Richardson	4 00
Chas. Stevens	29 00
J. F. Smith & Sons	7 00
F. E. Vanluven	8 75
Scrutineers at Election	15 00
R. J. Wales	3 00
Chas. Vanalstine	50
John Wilson	5 00

E. S. Lapum's account of \$47.75 was referred to the Finance Committee to report at next session of council.

The council adjourned.

New York in Napanee.

Those who have visited the large Oriental store of A. A. Vantine & Co., New York City, will be pleased to learn that the sachet powders, perfumes, toilet waters, Sana-Derma Talcum, etc., manufactured by that firm can be purchased at The Medical Hall,—Fred L. Hooper sole agent for Napanee.

Coughs, colds, hoarseness, and other throat ailments are quickly relieved by Cresoleine Tablets, ten cents per box. All druggists.

KALADAR.

Miss Laura Morton has returned home, after spending some time in Northbrook.

A little daughter has come to stay at the home of Mr. and Mrs. O. H. Dunn.

Mr. Albert Banker made a flying trip to Tweed on Tuesday last.

Miss Leta Morton has gone to Northbrook to learn dress-making.

Mr. Peter Merton who has been sick for the past week, is able to be out again.

Misses Edith and Etta Kellar were the guests of Miss Hazel Godfrey on Sunday.

Mr. E. Godfrey left on Tuesday for Dryden, New Ontario.

Mr. Hughes, our new store keeper, spent Saturday and Sunday at home.

ENGLISH SPAIN LINIMENT removes all hard, soft or calloused lumps and blemishes from horses, blood spavin, curbs, splints, ringbone, sweeney, stifles, sprains, sore and swollen throat, coughs, etc. Save \$50 by use of one bottle. Warranted the most wonderful Blemish Cure ever known. Sold by—T. B. Wallace.

LAPUM.

Lieut. Col. Clyde and wife, Odessa, were on Wednesday the guests of Mr.

YARKER.

Farmers are making good use of the sleighing now, wood and hub timber are arriving, freely. Wood still commands a high price, and coal has advanced in price here. Coal is being hauled from Collins Bay to Colebrook. Cows have advanced in price. The ruling price was about fourteen dollars, and now over twenty dollars is paid. Business is practically at a standstill in the country, and no improvement is looked for this winter.

Allan Silver has his sawing machine in operation now, and is busily cutting cordwood.

A hockey match was played here on Saturday between Yarker and Sydenham, the result was a tie, two-two. It was played along the shore of the river near open water, and eleven pucks went to the bottom of the river.

Florence Benn held forth in the pulpit here Sunday night.

Report says that P. Vanluven will make a hall in the arcade, where religious services will be conducted by the Free Methodist.

John Lakens is still seriously ill, and is not expected to recover. His son, George, is home from Winnipeg.

Mrs. Adams and Mrs. Baxter of Marlbank, have returned home from visiting their sister, Mrs. Allan.

The young folks of this section are indulging in an occasional oyster supper. Next Friday they go to Arthur Middleton's.

The Orangemen Royal Arch, gave an oyster supper last Friday night in Colebrook Hall.

P. Crowther wishes to return thanks to his many friends for their kindness to him during his bereavement, on the death of his wife.

James Harman is here again. Eleven years ago he left here for the North West.

Miss Lillie J. Wood, a resident here, has received word that the home of her parents in Northbrook, was burned.

Hay has fallen a little in price, some farmers selling at sixteen dollars at the barn.

Mrs. E. Vanluven is still confined to her home.

Stanley Freeman has moved his family to Yarker.

The people of Moscow stormed Yarker with a vengeance, coming down seventy-six strong last Wednesday night. The place of attack was the Methodist parsonage, and no resistance being offered they took full possession, and were well laden with provisions for the siege. Well they all had a good time and it speaks well for the esteem in which Rev. E. Farnsworth and wife are held by the people in general on the Yarker circuit from Moscow.

NEWBURGH.

The postponed annual meeting of the public library was held at the rooms on Saturday night, with President J. H. Patterson, of the board, in the chair. Reports were received from the treasurer, J. W. Courtney, showing a comfortable balance on the right side, and from the librarian, Mrs. John Moore, showing a circulation for 1907 of over 1,006 volumes. These reports were considered very satisfactory. The election of directors for this year resulted in the choice of Rev. J. Gandier, J. H. Patterson, D. A. Nesbit, Dr. Beeman, Rev. R. Duke, J. M. Denyes, T. A. Dunwoody, J. W. Yeomans and H. Ryan. The organization meeting was to be held this week.

The first hockey game of the season was a practice match on Thursday afternoon last between the town team and the high school in which the former were easy victors over their less-practiced opponents.

On the evening of the same day the first carnival of season was held and proved most successful. The crowd

DRY MILLWOOD FOR SALE

Also Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Salt and Portland Cement.

COAL FOR Stoves, Furnaces and Grates, Steam Purposes and Blacksmiths' use.

The Rathbun Co.

R. B. SHIPMAN, Agent.

HOUSE TO RENT—Desirable Brick House, on Bridge Street, hard and soft water, nice garden and barn. Apply to MRS. ALEX. WILLIS.

WANTED, by Chicago wholesale house, special representative (man or woman) for each province Canada. Salary \$20.00 and expenses paid weekly. Expense money advanced. Business successful; position permanent. No investment required. Previous experience not essential to engaging. Address Manager, 132 Lake Street, Chicago, Ill., U.S.A.



Department of Railways and Canals, Canada.
TRENT CANAL.
ONTARIO-RICE LAKE DIVISION.
SECTION No. 3.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Trent Canal," will be received until 16 o'clock on Thursday, 12th March, 1908, for the works connected with the construction of Section No. 3, Ontario-Rice Lake Division of the Canal.

Plans and specifications of the work can be seen on and after 1st February, 1908 at the office of the Chief Engineer of the Department of Railways and Canals, Ottawa, at the office of the Superintending Engineer, Trent Canal, Peterboro, Ont., and at the office of Mr. J. B. Brophy, Division Engineer, Trenton, Ont., at which places forms of tender may be obtained. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

By order,
L. K. JONES,
Secretary.

Department of Railways and Canals,
Ottawa, January 16th, 1908.

Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from this Department will not be paid for it.

Fluency of Speech.

The common fluency of speech in many men and most women is owing to a scarcity of matter and a scarcity of words, for whoever is a master of language and hath a mind full of ideas will be apt in speaking to hesitate upon the choice of both, whereas common speakers have only one set of ideas and one set of words to clothe them in, and these are always ready at the mouth, so people come faster out of church when it is almost empty than when a crowd is at the door.—Dean Swift.

Exemplified.

Georgie—Auntie, what does irony mean? Auntie—It means to say one thing and mean the opposite, like calling a rainy day a fine day. Georgie—I think I understand you, auntie. Wouldn't this be irony: "Auntie, I don't want a nice big piece of cake?"

DOXSEE & CO.

LADIES' JACKETS

If you want a nice fashionable Jacket and desire to save money come and see what we are offering.

A Jacket \$15 for \$11.
A Jacket \$11 for \$8.
A Jacket \$13 for \$9

Ladies' Underwear

Only a few left—we would like to clear them out before stock taking. Now is your chance to get them at low prices.

DOXSEE & CO.

The Leading Millinery House.

ALBERT COLLEGE,

Belleville, Ont.

—o—

Department of Music.

V. P. Hunt, A. A. G. O., Director, Graduate of Royal Conservatory, Leipzig, Germany.

Free staff of Specialists in PIANO, PIPE ORGAN, VOICE, VIOLIN, and THEORY OF MUSIC.

Toronto Conservatory and University Exams held annually in the College Buildings.

Over 300 successful Candidates in five years.

College re-opens Sept. 10th.

Send for special music and College catalogue.

Address
PRINCIPAL DYER.

THE - DOMINION - BANK

NAPANEE BRANCH

PAID UP CAPITAL \$3,762,000

SURPLUS 4,739,000

TOTAL DEPOSIT BY THE PUBLIC

OVER 35 MILLIONS.

Interest paid on Savings Account Every Three Months

blood spavin, curbs, splints, ringbone, sweeney, stifles, sprains, sore and swollen throat, coughs, etc. Save \$50 by use of one bottle. Warranted the most wonderful Blemish Cure ever known. Sold by—T. B. Wallace.

LAPUM.

Lieut.-Col. Clyde and wife, Odessa, were on Wednesday the guests of Mr. and Mrs. James Huff.

Invitations are out here for a party on Wednesday evening, 29th inst., at J. H. Snider's, Thorpe.

Quite a number here are on the sick list.

Mrs. William Lemmon, Violet, spent last week with her father, Willard Huff.

Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Brown were callers of Mr. and Mrs. William Boulton Saturday evening of last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Levi Brown spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. William Boulton.

William Lapum and wife paid a flying visit to Napanee on Saturday.

A number of the boys are taking a business course at school this winter.

Dwight Frink, accompanied by two friends, were in this vicinity hunting on Monday.

Mrs. Clara Lapum, who is spending the winter with her mother in Odessa, is home for a few days.

Good Horse Blankets to be cleared out at bargains.

BOYLE & SON.

Bridge Whist.

At least 60 per cent of the game of bridge lies in the make. A poor player loses tricks and often the game and rubber by his play, but so many hands occur in which there is really no play that such losses are comparatively unimportant compared with the havoc wrought by an injudicious maker, for constantly his decision is invoked when the safety of the game or its success lies in his judgment of the value of his hand. To choose between hearts or diamonds and no trumps, to select clubs rather than spades, to know when a five card suit is safe and when one of four cards should be chosen, above all to keep an unrelaxing attention upon the state of the score, with its shifting demands—all these are the sterling qualities of a good maker. Once sensible that you are lacking in any such respect you will find your game appreciably strengthened by attention and study.—"Good Bridge."

The Victorian English.

The England which spoke the language which was already dying in the eighteen-sixties was before all things a world of the country. The sights and sounds of nature played a far greater part in the lives of the mass of the people than they do today. This is reflected, for instance, in the way in which birds and animals were spoken of and the names given them. I have myself once or twice heard old people in the country speak of the hen as "Dame Partlet." One is familiar with the phrase from books, of course—it is Chaucer's "Pertelette"—but once or twice as a child I actually heard it. I suppose it would be impossible to hear it anywhere now.—London Outlook.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the

Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletcher*

Savory Roasters.

You will enjoy your Xmas dinner better if you roast your turkey in one of Madole's Agate Savory Roasters.

M. S. MADOLE.

tion meeting was to be held this week.

The first hockey game of the season was a practice match on Thursday afternoon last between the town team and the high school in which the former were easy victors over their less-practiced opponents.

On the evening of the same day the first carnival of season was held and proved most successful. The crowd was large, and the costumes and skating were good. There were eleven prize contests, the judges, Messrs. G. B. Thomson and J. M. Denyes, awarding prizes as follows:—Best costume for gentleman, George Walker; best costume for lady, Miss G. Files; fancy skater, gentleman, W. B. Dunn; fancy skater, lady, Miss Lambert; special prize costume, Morning Star, Miss A. A. Files; special prize costume, Evening Star, Mrs. Kelly; fancy skating, lady and gentleman, Miss Lambert and Mr. Dunn; smallest skater in costume, Master James Kelly, four years old; most amusing costume, S. Merchant; 150 yard race, F. D. Shorts; potato race for boys, Curtis Fox. Messrs. Loucks and Shorts are to be congratulated on the success of their first carnival and also deserve praise for their excellent management of the rink generally.

Miss F. McKim attended the Bay of Quinte Conference Epworth League convention, at Lindsay this week.

The A. O. U. W. will install their officers next Monday night, the ceremony to be followed by an oyster supper.

Rev. E. Farnsworth, of Yarker, preached missionary sermons last Sunday on this circuit at Strathcona and Wesley, and in the evening ably filled the pulpit here.

Next Sunday Rev. J. A. McCamus, of Odessa, will be the preacher at the missionary anniversary here and at Switzerville.

A JAPANESE TOILET.

The Demure Brown Maiden in Her Holiday Attire.

The Japanese college girl entertained the fudge party with oriental reminiscences.

"On every holiday," she said, "the Japanese maiden must rise and have her toilet finished before the sun looks over Fujiyama, our sacred mountain.

"And what a toilet! The long, coarse black tresses are washed, combed and greased till the head shines like a knob of polished black marble. The cheeks are rouged a fine pink. The throat, neck and bosom are powdered, but at the nape of the neck there are left three lines of the original brown skin, in accordance with the rules of Japanese cosmetic art.

"With charcoal she rounds and lengthens her eyebrows. She reddens her lips with cherry paste, adding a gilt diamond to the center of the pouting lower lip. She puts on eight fresh garments, and she ties her obi, or great sash, in a symbolical knot. Her socks—she doesn't wear stockings—are very white and pure, and her clogs are lacquered till they shine like a silk hat.

"Now she is ready to set out. She fills her silk tobacco pouch, thrusts her pipe in her girdle, puts six paper handkerchiefs up her wide sleeve and sallies forth, turning her toes in and waving her fan with a demure grace."

Cure for Weak Lungs

"I have used your Psychine for about six months, and have found it an excellent remedy for pneumonia and weak lungs." Ronald Johnson, Farewell, Ont., April 15, 1907.

"Psychine is one of the best medicines on the market, and for all throat and lung troubles is unexcelled."—A word from a man who has tested it.

Pneumonia, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds and all throat, lung and stomach troubles yield to Psychine. At all druggists, 50c. and \$1.00, or Dr. T. A. Slocum, Limited, Toronto.

Dean Swift.

Exemplified.

George—Auntie, what does irony mean? Auntie—It means to say one thing and mean the opposite, like calling a rainy day a fine day. George—I think I understand you, auntie. Wouldn't this be irony: "Auntie, I don't want a nice big piece of cake?"

Odd Change.

"Grabbit has given up bank clerking to take a position as a conductor on the electric cars."

"But that's an odd change."

"Odd change? Sure! That's what induced him."—Bobemian.

What a Woman Says.

Singleton—I want to ask you a question, old man. Wedderly—Come on with it, Singleton—Does a woman always mean what she says? Wedderly—During courtship she doesn't, but after marriage you bet she does.

Sounds Possible, but Not Likely.

"I've thought of a novel effect for my new melodrama."

"What is it?"

"The villain lights a cigar during the snowstorm, thus setting the snowstorm afire."

Heavy Work.

Mr. Younghub—Did you bake this bread, darling? Mrs. Younghub—Yes, dear. Mr. Younghub—Well, please don't do anything like that again. You are not strong enough for such heavy work.

The following is a list of prices to be had at Gould's grocery:

Tapioca 8c per lb; Fels Naptha soap 4 bars for 25c; Rice 6 lbs. for 25c; citron peel fresh, 20c. per lb; Lemon and Orange peel 14c. per lb; 3 lbs clean currants 25c; 4 lbs best raisins 25c; 5 lbs raisins 25c; 3 pkgs. Orange Meat 25c; Pulverized sugar for icing, 2 lbs for 15c; Silver gloss starch, 9c per pkg; Corn starch, 7c per pkg; Laundry starch 7c per lb; Pure Cream of tartar 28c per lb; Pure Ground pepper 20c per lb; Baking soda, 4c per lb; Vanilla Lemon and Peppermint, 10c bottle for 8c; Cow brand soda, 4c per lb; 2 lbs. Japan tea 25c; best 25c green tea in bulk 25c; Brooms 20 23 25c; Yeast cake 4c; White Wine Vinegar XXX 30c per gallon; good cider vinegar 30c per gallon; Pure lard 14c per lb; good butter 28c per lb; good flour \$2.00 per sack; Quaker corn meal, 10c per pkg; surprise soap 6 bars for 25c; 1902 soap 10 bars for 25c. Everything else at reduced prices.

PAID UP CAPITAL \$3,702,000

SURPLUS 4,739,000

TOTAL DEPOSIT BY THE PUBLIC

OVER 35 MILLIONS.

Interest paid on Savings Account Every Three Months.

DUDLEY L. HILL,

Acting Manager, Napanee Branch.

MERCHANTS' BANK OF CANADA.

ESTABLISHED 1864.

PAID UP CAPITAL \$6,000,000.

RESERVE \$4,000,000

UNDOUBTED SECURITY FOR DEPOSITORS.

SIR H. MONTAGU ALLAN, Pres.

E. F. HEBDEN, General Manager.

Savings Bank Department.

Deposits of \$1.00 and upwards received and interest at best current rate paid on same. Interest payable quarterly, on the last days of February, May, August and November. Farmers' Business Solicited and General Banking Business transacted.

Napanee Branch, W. A. BELLHOUSE, Mgr.

Yarker Branch, E. R. CHECKLEY, Mgr.

—A—

CALENDAR

—FROM THE—

Frontenac Business College

KINGSTON, ONT.

will convince you of the superiority of our courses of training, and the unexcelled advantages offered by our institution.

RATES VERY MODERATE.

Students may enter any time of the year as all instruction is individual in character. No time like the present; write to-day.

T. N. STOCKDALE, Principal.

Rings! Rings! Rings! from \$1.00 up to any price, all solid gold and guaranteed.

F. CHINNECK'S, Jewelry Store.

THE CROWN BANK OF CANADA

Our banking facilities are for your use.

We are glad to meet you and to assist you in whatever ways we legally may.

Your savings are safe when in our keeping.

All transactions are strictly confidential.

R. G. H. TRAVERS, - Manager

NAPANEE, ONTARIO.



Growing Old Gracefully



The Woman Who Neglects Her Complexion

IT IS not necessary to be young in order to look young these days. The rule is that a woman should not grow any older in looks for twenty years after she has reached the age of 30.

The years, as measured by a woman's looks, are these: At 20 she is supposed to see her childish appearance. Then she comes to a standstill and looks the same until she is 30.

Between 30 and 60 beauty specialists are agreed that there should be no change.

After 60 a woman may allow herself a little indulgence in the matter of growing old; but if she be up to the ideas of the moment, she will not change very much up to the day that she goes to her grave.

Learning how to grow old gracefully is one of the tasks and duties of the woman of today.

She not only studies it, but pays expensive prices to learn the art.

She knows that once the art is hers she will never regret the money she has paid in learning it.

She knows that a great deal of her good looks will depend on the small things.

That the poise of the head counts for a lot.

The lifting of the chin correctly.

The plumpness of the cheeks.

The habit of keeping the eyes open, and keeping the hands and feet young.

The woman whose hands are old will find that they can be made to look much younger by the process of plumping them.

That by soaking them first in hot water, then by massaging with skin food, and then by finally incasing them in soft, warm gloves, or by sleeping in gloves lined with a glove paste, she can work wonders with her hands.

Well-kept, trim-looking shoes are another important item to a woman's youthful appearance.

The woman who cares for her looks in middle life should be very particular in regard to the shoes she wears, and she will find that she can get just as much comfort out of a good-looking, well-fitted pair of shoes as she can out of a pair of run-down, loose slippers, that will allow her feet to spread and ruin their shape.

One of the most telling signs of middle age is the dress which becomes rather slack.

The woman who wants to look young must be most fastidious about her dress.

The hair is another point to consider.



Arrange Hair Loosely About Face.



Dark Colors Accentuate Age.

The woman whose hair looks old and unattractive must go to work at it at once and work steadily at it for weeks before she can hope to restore it to its natural color and prettiness.

She must study how to dress her hair. She must give particular attention to the hair line, which is the line surrounding the face. A straggly hair line will make any face look old.

Thin hair is never pretty.

In these days the ready-to-wear hair is such an established habit and made so pretty and comfortable that no woman need have the appearance of thin hair.

Sallow skin is also another enemy to good looks that must be fought.

The remedy lies in outdoor life, and in food that can easily be digested—plenty of green things, fruit and lean meats and fish.

There is also the shape of the chin to consider. The woman who lets her chin get the determined lines of ill temper will surely look old.

The woman who ducks her chin down

close to her neck will look the same way.

The only woman who looks well with her chin down is the very thin, the very pathetic type of woman of the Evangelist type.

Such a woman must be delicately thin, very spirituelle in countenance. She must have great, big, childish-like eyes and a soft, pretty cheek line.

Even so she must be careful.

With the chin lowered, a woman takes on a reproachful cast of countenance.

And there are few women who can look reproachful and do it prettily.

The average woman who is fighting old Father Time with all her might and main should tilt back her chin, carry her head as high as possible and trust to chance and nature to do the rest.

Letting down the chin lowers it down to the neck and throat and brings wrinkles under the jaw.

Not one woman in a thousand can lower her chin after she is 30 and look young or pretty doing it.

All other women lose very much in the beauty game when they try it.



A Youthful Profile May Easily Be Secured.

Mrs. Symes' Aids to Correspondents

Reducing Flesh

F. E. M.—There is only one way to reduce flesh: to limit one's diet to such foods as do not produce fats and to work off adipose tissue by means of continued exercise.

In your case, for breakfast you should have only a cup of clear black coffee and two slices of salted, but unbut-

tered rates charged for such instruction. The terms vary according to locality and reputation of establishment.

Yellow Neck

ADA S.—A yellow, discolored neck is, as you say, anything but adorable, particularly so when one has to wear a decollete frock.

will put the hair and scalp in such excellent condition that the gray hairs won't continue to appear.

Electric brushing and scalp massage are beneficial. Many a case of falling hair is caused by the scalp becoming very thin and tight, thus interfering with the proper circulation of the blood.

the face carefully and applying orange-flower skin food.

Bringing Color to Cheeks

MADGE B.—No complexion cream will

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Reducing Flesh

F. E. M.—There is only one way to reduce flesh: to limit one's diet to such foods as do not produce fats and to work off adipose tissue by means of continued exercise.

In your case, for breakfast you should have only a cup of clear black coffee and two slices of salted but unbuttered toast.

For luncheon you can get along nicely with some raw tomatoes, cold meats, fruit and non-fattening foods of the sort.

For dinner a slice of roast beef, no liquids and some green vegetable like stringbeans, asparagus and others of similar character.

Vegetables that grow under the ground, like potatoes, turnips and beets, are all flesh producing.

Sleep not more than seven hours each night. Every day, if possible, take long walks, swing Indian clubs or make some such effort to rid yourself of extra weight.

Any fleshy woman who has the will to continue this treatment will lose from two to five pounds a week.

Addresses Asked For

M. M. T.—It is impossible to print names and addresses here.

Doubtless the advertising columns will give you the information you seek. There are beauty shops in every large city where you can learn to give facial massage and scalp treatments.

The field is not overcrowded and you would find that you had at your fingertips a knowledge and a profession that would bring you in an excellent income.

To give facial massage correctly requires natural neatness, quickness and a certain technical skill that a good instructor will develop. The more reliable establishment and you will be taught all the details of the work.

It is impossible for me to give you

THE POLITE DECTOR.

The proprietor of a hotel, hearing of the whereabouts of a guest who had departed from his establishment without paying the bill, had the curiosity of paying his bill and then wrote:

"Mr. S. A. M., send me amount of your bill and I will pay it."

To which the document replied:

"The amount is \$1750. Yours respectfully,"

the rates charged for such instruction. The terms vary according to locality and reputation of establishment.

Yellow Neck

ADA S.—A yellow, discolored neck is, as you say, anything but adorable, particularly so when one has to wear a decollete frock.

A simple home-made remedy is made as follows: Take one ounce of honey, one tablespoonful of lemon juice, six drops of oil of bitter almonds, the whites of two eggs and enough fine oatmeal to make a smooth paste.

Apply this at night, covering with a bit of old, thin, soft linen. Three or four applications will bleach the surface to a beautiful white satinness.

All sorts of cupping devices for making the cheeks plump should be carefully avoided.

A simple cold cream that you ask for is made as follows: Take two ounces of spermaceti, two ounces of white wax, five ounces of the oil of sweet almonds, and melt together in a porcelain kettle over a slow fire.

Remove, and while the mixture is still hot add one and one-half ounces of strong rosewater in which forty grains of borax have been dissolved.

Have the rosewater slightly warm. Fluff the mixture to a foam, using an egg beater. When almost thick add a few drops of oil of rose, or any preferred perfume.

Use sage tea to prevent your hair from becoming gray. Make a strong brew, strain through muslin, and add a suggestion of alcohol. Apply to the roots of the hair every night.

Liver Spots

ANNOYED—The following wash will often remove liver spots: One ounce of glycerine, one-half ounce of rosewater, twenty drops of carbolic acid. Apply to the face with a soft piece of cotton.

Hair Faded at Ends

DESPAIR—When the hair fades at the ends and becomes much lighter the chances are that the shampoo preparation used has been too strong.

Very strong alkali soaps will fade the color of the hair, as will borax and ammonia. Use eggs and hot water or a good castile soap, melted.

Twenty-four hours before you shampoo your hair saturate the scalp with pure olive oil, which will act as a food for growth and which will give your hair a beautiful luster.

This hygienic manner of treatment

will put the hair and scalp in such excellent condition that the gray hairs won't continue to appear.

Electric brushing and scalp massage are beneficial. Many a case of falling hair is caused by the scalp becoming very thin and tight, thus interfering with the proper circulation of the blood.

Tonic for Blonde Hair

BLONDE—Tonic suitable for blonde hair: one dram of bisulphate of quinine, one-half ounce of tincture of cantharides and seven ounces of listerine. Apply twice a day.

Bath Bags

ELSIE—The bags you inquire about contain various mixtures to use in the bath.

They are more delicate than soap, and sometimes agree better with the skin. Bran, which may be bought at any drug store, may be made up into these bags, and it is among the simplest and best of remedies.

The bags themselves are made of squares of cheesecloth, six or eight inches in size, and are filled half full; and if carefully dried one can be used several times.

For Wrinkles Under the Eyes

CROW'S FEET—For wrinkles under the eyes, plenty of restful sleep, no worry, plenty of water and massage every night with orange-flower skin food, formula for which may be had by addressing this department and enclosing a stamped, self-addressed envelope.

Rub on the skin food very lightly. Place the second finger on the eyelid close to the nose, sweep outward just beyond the eye, coming back underneath to starting point.

The pressure under the eye should be firm, and over the eye very soft. Every morning upon rising dash cold water over the face. It will help the tissues to become firm.

Henna Paste

LOUISE—The henna preparation you ask about is absolutely harmless, and gives a reddish tint to one's hair. It is made by boiling the henna leaves in water.

The formula for the lavender lotion is as follows: Four ounces of alcohol, one-half ounce of ammonia, one dram of oil of lavender. Add a teaspoonful to a bowl of water when bathing the face.

At night use a complexion brush and pure castile soap, rinsing and drying

A Youthful Profile May Easily Be Secured.

the face carefully and applying orange-flower skin food.

Bringing Color to Cheeks

MADGE B.—No complexion cream will give color to your cheeks. If you are, as you say, perfectly strong and healthy and lead an active out-of-door life and are still pale, you might under the advice of a physician take some sort of an iron tonic.

This is oftentimes helpful in creating rosy cheeks.

Hair on Face

HATTIE B.—Any sort of soap or face cream which is permitted to clog the pores will oftentimes induce hair to grow. A complexion brush, plenty of hot water and pure soap and careful rinsing off in several waters will obviate this danger.

Scrub your face with the brush until the pores are free from all foreign matter and oily substances, using hot water and a pure soap. Then do the rinsing. Green soap may be used, as you suggest, but it should not be used more than a couple of times a month.

It is too strong for the average complexion.

Lengthening the Waist Line

L. L. E.—The make of corset worn has much to do with the length of the waist line.

Get one that is especially long waisted and wear two sets of side and front supporters to keep it down.

By holding the shoulders correctly the line from the chest to the waist is naturally longer.

Wrinkles Around Mouth

R. O. E.—If you mean the lines running from the nose to the mouth, these may sometimes be removed by good facial massage and by building up the system with nourishing, fat-building foods and plenty of sleep.

These muscles are apt to sag from over-fatigue or from weakness or suffering, especially mental worries.

If the lines are too deep to be eradicated by massage alone, adhesive plasters will oftentimes help in doing away with them.

Vaucaire Remedy

DOUETFUL—This is really one of the most wonderful tonics for developing

LIFE THROUGH FRIENDSHIP

The Best Thing You Can Give the World Is a Good Life.

"One life is worth more than this that I have laid down for his friends." John xv. 13.

It often seems that the laying down of life is a particularly attractive theme to poets who have no lives worth laying down. They like to talk of the cross and the shame and the shedding of blood, and they succeed in satisfying their impulse for doing these things by simply describing them.

Yet the great voices of almost all religions speak of the laying down and pouring out of a life as the price of the salvation of the world. In every one of us there is something that answers and thrills to the thought of sacrifice; the great have been those who have given themselves gloriously.

Every normal man desires the salvation of the world, that is, the realization of its highest possibilities, its perfection on the pathway of progress, and he asks, What does this mean, this laying down of a life for the lifting up of the world?

The salvation of the world is simply the salvation of the people in the world. If natural objects are defiled we have defiled them; if society is deranged it is people, persons, who have deranged it.

THE NEW HEAVEN

will not come by letting down golden streets; it must come by lifting up the people to golden ideals.

We do well to labor incessantly for better conditions; but not to forget that conditions spring out of character. What measure of civic or national rightness we may demand depends on the standards of rightness already within us. Every problem we have goes back to persons; every improvement we make grows out of personality.

Salvation is a work of personality. of lives, a matter of changing character, expressing character. Elevate the race, that is, the persons, and the rest will take care of itself.

The need of the world is not laws, nor logic, but life. If you would lift it you must give a life, must pour out life. Without the shedding of blood there is no putting away of the things that debase and hinder; there is no salvation for humanity without the putting of our blood and bone and sinew into its service.

Life is the only power that can make life. The new life of society can come only by vital processes. Our lives, the deep inner lives, are creating other lives. We owe our moral lives to the gift of life from friends, from those who come nearest to us. Friendship is the vehicle for transmitting the higher life.

A good life adds more to the world's wealth than any other thing. What we are is our actual eternal contribution to society. Every right life means that humanity has so much more vitality and spiritual health with which to live; every evil life means so much disease, so much of

A DRAG ON THE WORLD.

The living of a true life is in itself the giving of that life to the world, the outgoing of all good qualities in ourselves and their impartation to others. The contact and infusion with character we cannot escape. They who live lay down their lives for their fellows as well and as truly as they who die. Death, even the martyr's and the hero's, is only an incident in the course of this outgoing life.

Living for others usually has nothing spectacular about it, no consciousness

of doing great things. Love never knows how great is its work, nor how much it gives. Simple friendship is the highest expression of this kind of a life.

Most of all men need the grip of the hand of a fellow and the nearness of a life on which they can draw. To be true friend to any man is to give him the greatest gift we have to impart. To walk in comradeship with our fellows, being true always to the best in ourselves, is to help them best to that which is great and true. To walk ourselves in friendship with things infinite and holy is to find eternal life.

HENRY F. COPE.

RED LIGHT AIDS GROWTH.

Blue Has Remarkable Preservative Powers.

Camille Flammarion, the eminent scientist, publishes this week the results of the remarkable experiments that he has been conducting for the past two years to discover the effect of various lights on the growth of vegetation. He has a number of plants which he subjected to red, green, blue and white light—the conditions otherwise being similar—and the results were most astonishing.

M. Flammarion exhibited to friends lettuce stock which was as hard as cane. This had been grown under the influence of red light. The leaves, however, of this stock had lost all their quality and were inedible.

Under the effects of red light certain



The Woman Who Cares for Her Skin

Learn to Sit With Back to Strong Light.



Keep the Feet Trim Looking

the figure and soothing nerves that curl up at the edges.
Your physician will tell you that it is perfectly harmless and is more of a food than a medicine. The only thing to do is to get it properly compounded, to have the imported galega used.
The formula is as follows: Four hundred grams of simple syrup, ten grams of lactophosphate of lime, ten grams of tincture of fennel, ten grams of true extract of galega. Take two soup-spoonfuls in water before or after each meal.
Development is aided by massaging with this developing cream: Two ounces of lanolin, one ounce of cocoa butter.

Mouth Wash

ELSIE—A very fine mouth wash is made by combining one ounce of tincture of orris, one ounce of essence of white rose, one ounce of alcohol and twenty drops of peppermint. Pour a few drops in half a glass of water and rinse the mouth thoroughly with it.

A lotion which will prove helpful in cases of chafing or rash is made by combining seven ounces of elder-flower

then wash off with warm water. Repeat as often as is necessary.

To Develop the Arms

I. Z.—An excellent emollient for developing is made by combining two ounces of lanolin and one ounce of cocoa butter. They may be combined by melting over a slow fire.

To Bleach the Hair

PATIENT—Add a little peroxide to the water in which the hair is washed.

The following is the recipe for cold cream: Four ounces of rosewater, four ounces of almond oil, an ounce of spermaceti, one ounce of white wax.

For a Red Face

F. D. C.—Every night apply this ointment: One dram of powdered sulphur, two and one-half drams of powdered starch, one and one-half ounces of ointment of zinc oxide, three drops of oil of rose.

It is not at all harmful to use butter-milk on the face, as it purifies and nourishes the skin.

Gooseflesh

How to Acquire Pretty and Silky Eyebrows

THE eyebrows should be brushed morning and night, and through the day when one happens to think of them.

Have a soft brush, and use it for five minutes at a time in brushing the brows.

Always stroke in the line that the brows should grow.

Some tonics undoubtedly are aids, and the simplest of all is vaseline.

Red is the best, and this should first be put on the finger tips and rubbed well into the brows before brushing begins.

This may be done in the morning quite as well as at night, for the grease should be so absorbed as not to show.

Whatever color the hair may be, the brows are usually more effective if a few shades darker.

Any tonic containing grease is a darkener, from the fact of the presence of the oils, and with a tonic of this sort a dye is not necessary.

To be sure, a dye works faster, but in the end not so well; and it is much better not to use a dye, at least until after a tonic has been applied daily for some months.

A decided stimulant for the eyebrows is made of two and one-half grains of sulphate of quinine and half an ounce of sweet almond oil. Mix and rub in thoroughly before brushing.

In cases where the eyebrows grow thin from illness, something a little different should be used.

Good for this condition is a mixture of five grains of tincture of rosemary one gram of tincture of cantharides, fifty grams of the spirits of camphor and fifty grams of cognac.

Mix, and apply morning and night regularly for at least six weeks.

The luster and prettiness of the brows may be very much increased in the evening by moistening them slightly with almond oil.

A fine camel's-hair brush should be dipped in the liquid, and all that can should be wiped from the tip. Then rub the brush over the brows gently and evenly.

Should the oil be visible in any place, wipe it off with the finger tips.

THE S. S. LESSON

INTERNATIONAL LESSON,
JAN. 26.

Lesson IV. Jesus Cleanses the Temple.
Golden Text: Psa. 93. 5.

THE LESSON WORD STUDIES.

Based on the text of the Revised Version.

Additional Testimony.—We have called attention in connection with previous lessons to the three-fold thesis which the apostle sets forth in the prologue (John 1: 1-18) and which he proposes to defend by the introduction of testimony of various kinds and from various sources in the remainder of his Gospel. The testimony of John the Baptist which is the first introduced because among the most important was a definite testimony to different groups of people specifically mentioned in the first chapter. Thus verses 19-28 give the testimony of the Baptist to the deputation of Jews sent from Jerusalem; verses 29-34, his testimony to the large multitude of people gathered to hear him on the banks of the Jordan, and verses 35-40, his testimony to two of his disciples, including Andrew and Philip and Nathanael. This was the personal testimony of individuals, and in connection with the record of this are reported also the different effects which the testimony itself had on different people, producing, as it did, unbelief, on the one hand, on the part of certain of the Jews, and simple faith, on the other hand, on the part of certain disciples of John and others who heard the testimony. But it is the purpose of the evangelist to introduce also the words and works of Jesus himself in witness of his divine nature. In harmony with this purpose he is careful to record the miracle wrought by Jesus at Cana in Galilee at the very beginning of his public ministry. The formal beginning of that ministry may be considered to date from the first appearance of Jesus in the temple at Jerusalem, following the short visit at Capernaum recorded in the twelfth verse of the second chapter of the Gospel. It is customary to distinguish an "early Judean ministry" from subsequent portions of the public work of Jesus, a brief account of which is given us in John 2: 13-3: 36. We may, however, with equal propriety, speak of a larger early ministry of Jesus, including his appearance in the temple (2: 13-22), in the city of Jerusalem (2: 23-3: 21), in Judea (3: 22-36), in Samaria (4: 1-42), and in Galilee (4: 43-54). It will be of interest to note the varying results of this earlier ministry of Jesus on different classes of people, both in the capital city and in the more rural districts of Samar-

Character in the Forehead

A FOREHEAD that curves back reveals a poetic temperament, a fondness for the arts and a talent for either music or painting.

A straight forehead, one that rises from the eyebrows in a perpendicular line, is a sign of severity, inflexibility and tenacity.

A high forehead, to be very good, should be well developed about the eyebrows.

If there is quite a perceptible bulge of the eyebrows, combined with a high forehead, the sign is of a calm, cool, deliberate thinker.

If with those eyebrows is combined a forehead that slopes gradually back a sensitive, poetic temperament is disclosed; if, again, they are combined with a short, narrow forehead, the subject will be successful in business and in everything connected with worldly matters, but he will be incapable of appreciating to any extent or of creating anything connected with the arts.

Breadth of forehead is always favorable; it is distinctly connected with breadth of character.

Of course, a broad forehead may be part of a weak face, which will naturally define the limits of character much closer than even a combination of a narrow forehead with an otherwise strong face.

How to Look Tall

THE woman who wants to seem taller must see how slender she can be. The thinner she is the taller she will look, other things being equal. But there are things she must do.

These are the things to be learned: First, to hold up your head; second, to

ELSIE—A very fine mouth wash is made by combining one ounce of tincture of orris, one ounce of essence of white rose, one ounce of alcohol and twenty drops of peppermint. Pour a few drops in half a glass of water and rinse the mouth thoroughly with it.

A lotion which will prove helpful in cases of chafing or rash is made by combining seven ounces of elder-flower water, one ounce of glycerine and one-half a dram of borax.

Apply at night.

Enlarged Pores

A **READER**.—You will find the following lotion very good for enlarged pores: Boric acid, one dram; distilled witch hazel, four ounces.

Apply with a piece of old linen or a bit of absorbent cotton.

Camphor Ice

L. R. R.—Every night apply the following to your cold sores: Two ounces of refined mutton or lamb tallow, a piece of gum camphor as large as an English walnut.

Melt together, stir until thoroughly mixed and allow to cool.

Hair Tonic

C. M. H.—Apply to the roots of the hair once or twice a day the following: Eight ounces of cologne; one ounce tincture of cantharides; one-half dram of oil of English lavender; one-half dram of oil of rosemary.

It is positively necessary that the scalp should be kept clean. Shampoo at least once a week.

Jaborandi Tonic

F. L.—Rub the following into the roots of the hair every night: Twenty grains of quinine sulphate; two fluid ounces of tincture of cantharides; two fluid ounces of fluid extract of jaborandi; two fluid ounces of alcohol; two ounces of glycerine; six fluid ounces of bay rum; sixteen fluid ounces of rosewater.

The quinine should be dissolved in the alcoholic liquids by warming slightly, and the other ingredients added, and the whole filtered.

Superfluous Hair

S. D.—The only permanent cure for superfluous hair is the electric needle. [The following formula will help to keep the growth down if used regularly: Three drams of sulphide of strontium, three drams of oxide of zinc, three drams of powdered starch.

Apply this to the surface of the skin and let it remain on until a burning sensation is experienced, and

F. D. C.—Every thing to do for ointment: One dram of powdered sulphur, two and one-half drams of powdered starch, one and one-half ounces of ointment of zinc oxide, three drops of oil of rose.

It is not at all harmful to use butter-milk on the face, as it purifies and nourishes the skin.

Gooseflesh

J. S. C.—The only thing to do for gooseflesh is to take alcohol baths every day until the skin becomes smooth again.

Following is an excellent corn cure: One dram of borate of sodium, one scruple of extract of cannabis, one ounce of collodion.

Paint over the corn once or twice a day and scrape away superficial growth in three or four days.

Face Cream

CATHERINE.—After washing the face with warm water and a good soap, rinse with clear warm water and apply the following cream: One-half ounce of spermaceti, one-half ounce of white wax, one ounce of cocoa butter, one ounce of lanolin, two ounces of oil of sweet almonds, melt over slow fire, remove and add one ounce of orange-flower water and three drops of tincture of benzoin.

Fluff up with an egg beater until creamy.

Blackheads of the Skin

M. R.—Apply a very little of the cream to each pimple; wait until the pimples are cured before using the face brush, which might irritate them.

Two drams of boracic acid, two ounces of alcohol, four ounces of rosewater.

Use with friction twice a day on the skin affected.

You will find this a very good cleansing cream: Two ounces of white wax, two ounces of spermaceti, twelve ounces of sweet almond oil, two ounces of distilled water, two ounces of glycerine, ninety grains of salicylic acid.

Cosmetic Glove Paste

A. D.—An excellent glove paste is made as follows: One-half pound of home-made soap, one gill of olive oil, one ounce of mutton tallow.

After boiling these together, remove them from the fire before adding spirits of wine, one gill; ambergris or some other perfume to an amount to suit the taste, always being on your guard not to scent things too highly.

To make bran bags, mix equal quantities of powdered oatmeal and bran together, and to a pint add one-half cup of powdered soap. To this about one ounce of powdered orris root. Fill small bags and use in the bath.

Furnishing Points

DON'T over-curtain windows. Light enables one to see those accumulations of dust and dirt which collect so rapidly on the appointments of a room, and it thus becomes a stimulus to cleanliness.

Abundance of light also makes for cheerfulness, and thus, for its effect on spirits, should be allowed free entry into rooms.

That bright sunlight fades the carpet is only too true; but careful housewives may consider whether the injury should not be tolerated, in view of the advantages secured by its intrusion. By avoiding certain shades of blue, and by buying carpets of good quality, the trouble may in a large measure be avoided.

Don't cover floors with fitted carpets. Carpets square with a margin of at least eighteen inches, all round, costs less, and is preferable on hygienic grounds.

Carpet-surrounds of excellent appearance may be made of parquet pattern linoleum. Plain linoleum is possibly better still on the score of good taste, as it interposes an unpatterned surface between the decoration of the carpet and the wall paper.

The floor boards, if in good condition, may be made to serve without any other treatment than staining and oiling. This is usually very badly done if done by the householder, and it is better to employ a tradesman who understands such work than to achieve an indifferent result by one's own efforts.

HER LIMITATIONS.

"These pianos look too cheap," said the young woman with the picture hat, her brows contracting slightly. "Show me some of the best you've got."

of Jesus, a brief account of which is given us in John 2, 13-3, 36. We may, however, with equal propriety, speak of a larger early ministry of Jesus, including his appearance in the temple (2, 13-22), in the city of Jerusalem (2, 23-3, 21), in Judea (3, 22-36), in Samaria (4, 1-42), and in Galilee (4, 43-50). It will be of interest to note the varying results of this earlier ministry of Jesus on different classes of people, both in the capital city and in the more rural districts of Samaria and Galilee. We should bear in mind the purpose of John to point out the gradual development of faith, on the one hand, and unbelief, on the other hand, as a result of the impression made by public discourses and miracles of Jesus. In subsequent chapters of his Gospel, following the fourth, attention is centred on the fuller manifestation of Jesus as the Christ, resulting in the confirmed unbelief on the part of the Jews.

Verses 13, The passover of the Jews.—The wording of this phrase is a clear indication of the fact that this Gospel was written outside of Palestine. From other data, taken partly from the Gospel itself and partly from other sources, it seems probable that it was written at Ephesus, where John seems to have spent the closing years of his life. The passover here mentioned is the first of several specifically noted by John, and furnishes one of the important indications of time from which, together with others, it is possible to ascertain, though with no great degree of certainty, the duration of Christ's public ministry as a whole, which is usually taken to have extended over the greater part of three years.

14. Those that sold oxen and sheep and doves.—Merchants whose trafficking in the outer court of the temple made it convenient for pilgrim worshippers from a distance to secure the animals necessary for different sacrifices without bringing the same with them from their homes. Not only was the keeping of so many sheep and cattle and pigeons within the outer enclosure of the sanctuary out of keeping with the sacredness of the place, and out of harmony with the spirit of worship, but the selfishness and covetousness which had developed in connection with this traffic was such as to utterly secularize and vitiate the whole service of religion which ostensibly was intended to foster. The evil was aggravated still more by the presence of changers of money, who made a business of supplying the Jewish temple coins in exchange for Greek and Roman money brought by worshippers from a distance, and who took care to make a profit on every transaction of this kind.

15. Cast all out of the temple.—We note that it was primarily the sheep and the oxen which Jesus drove out with the scourge of cords.

16. Take These Things Hence.—The obedience apparently rendered to Jesus by all the traffickers whom he commanded to leave the sacred precincts with their wares was due, no doubt, to "the might of his indignation and the majesty of his bearing, supported by the consciousness of superhuman power, as well as to the vile conscience of those whom he thus rebuked."

My Father's House.—With emphasis on the pronoun, indicating the Messianic consciousness of Jesus.

House of Merchandise.—Jesus is reported by Matthew to have used the expression "a den of robbers" (Matt. 21, 13); though it is possible, as some hold that we are to think of two separate cleansings of the temple, one reported by John, occurring at the beginning of the ministry of Jesus, the other reported by the three other gospel writers, occurring near the close of his public ministry.

17. What Sign Showest Thou Unto Us?—It was natural for the Jewish authorities to demand the credentials of a man who thus assumed authority in the sacred courts of the temple.

18. This Temple.—Or, "sanctuary," referring as is explained later, to the temple of his body, which after having been three days in the tomb was to be raised up again to life and glory.

19. This Temple.—The temple of Herod, the third and last great Jewish temple of Jerusalem.

20. The Scripture.—Referring probably to Psa. 16, 10.

of a narrow forehead with an otherwise strong face.

How to Look Tall

THE woman who wants to seem taller must see how slender she can be. The thinner she is the taller she will look, other things being equal. But there are things she must do.

These are the things to be learned: First, to hold up your head; second, to dress in long skirts, and, third, to dress your neck longer and wear the hair as high as possible. You must wear your gowns broader on the shoulder and must dress wider, so to speak.

Little women make a mistake if they wear tight-fitting shoulders and long, thin sleeves. They only make themselves look weakened.

The following is a good exercise: Lift the arms, then stoop and rest on the right knee. Raising, reverse the motion, and rest on the other knee.

Then run down the room, jumping from foot to foot. Then come back, still jumping, and this time lifting the feet as though you were skipping. The final movement is to toss the arms upward and bend backward.

There is a reason for all things, and the reason why these exercises make the little woman taller is that they make her supple.

Good Conversation

IT IS neither heavy nor frivolous. It is learned without pedantry, lively without noise, polished without equivocation.

It is made up of neither lectures nor programs.

Those who really converse reason without arguing, joke without punning, skilfully unite wit and reason, maxims and sallies, ingenious rillery and severe morality.

They speak of everything in order that every one may have something to say.

They do not investigate too closely, for fear of wearying; questions are introduced as if by the by, and are treated with rapidity; precision leads to elegance, each one giving his opinion and supporting it with few words.

No one attacks wantonly another's opinion; no one supports his own obstinately.

They discuss in order to enlighten themselves and leave off discussing where dispute would begin; every one gains information, every one recreates himself, and all go away contented; nay, the sage himself may carry away from what he has heard matter worthy of silent meditation.

IN CASE OF FIRE.

A Few Hints as to What May Be Done In An Emergency.

The man who knows exactly what to do in cases of strenuous emergency is of inestimable value to the community at large. A few hints, therefore, with regard to simple expedients which may be resorted to in case of fire should prove of interest to our readers.

In the first place—keep out air. Without air fire cannot burn, and thus the danger will be at least retarded if the doors and windows of all rooms are speedily closed and the fire-engine immediately sent for.

Should the clothes catch fire, throw yourself upon the floor and roll over and over on the flames, dragging the hearth-rug or some thick material with you if possible.

Smoke is one of the most formidable dangers, and when houses are on fire as many deaths are caused by suffocation as burning. When attempting to cross a room filled with smoke, creep on the hands and knees, keeping your head as close to the ground as possible. This is effective because smoke rises, and the most breathable air is therefore near the floor.

A fairly efficient respirator can be quickly devised by drenching a handkerchief with water and covering the mouth and nose with it.

But prevention is better than cure, and a small hand-pump or chemical extinguisher will often be sufficient to stop a fire when it is in its early stages.

Why is it that the average man would rather lose than see some other fellow win?

vegetables, such as lettuce, grew fifteen times as fast as under blue light. On the other hand, blue light has remarkable preservative powers. An oak tree planted two years ago has kept its first leaves, which are now as fresh and vigorous as when they first appeared. In the same way ripe fruit can be kept fresh under a blue screen for twenty days without decay. The strawberry plant can be retarded for a similar period and then allowed to fructify. The experiments are expected to have a wide application to market gardening.

The discussion has brought to light a curious story from Lyons, where many people are employed in the great cinematograph works. It is declared that workers who are developing films under a red light for a long time become nervous and irritable. One day the women workers were so overwrought that they attacked the men, and a great row was only stopped when the light was changed.

NEXT TO KIN.

"In the matter of that property settlement, Mrs. Jones treated you meanly, didn't she?"

"I should say so! Why, she could not have treated me any worse if she had been a member of my own family."

"Have you any reason for doubting what I say?" "Yes, I have." "What is it?" "I don't believe you."

Bertha's Menagerie



"EVEN THE MULE LEARNED MORE READILY"

"WHAT an amusing idea," said Bertha's father, reading from his paper; "it says here that the soldiers of some of the French garrisons are being given lessons in dancing."

"Why does it seem so amusing to you?" responded the general. "Dancing is an excellent exercise, which strengthens and hardens the muscles and gives grace to the body. I myself am very fond of dancing."

And Bertha, who was very fond of the general, lost not a word of this conversation. It also gave her an idea which her father would no doubt have called "funny," too. Every morning thereafter she was never to be found for at least an hour. Far back in the garden she had opened her "dancing school," with which she hoped to surprise the general.

Three of the dogs were her first pupils. When they had learned to prance around on their hind legs in time to her singing, she next began to train her pet rabbits. Then she instructed the parrot, and after that the geese and ducks, who proved very dull, indeed.

Chickens, turkeys and pigeons were taught as well. Her pussycat found it most difficult of all to learn—even the goats and the mule learned more readily—but at last she had them all trained to dance to her satisfaction.

Then it was she invited the general and all the rest of her friends to witness a grand exhibition she was going to give them. The general and the other guests came, wondering greatly what the "grand exhibition" was to be.

When every one was assembled Bertha's pets were brought in by the hostlers. They were quiet for the moment, while Bertha explained to the guests what she was about to do. But instead of dancing at her command, the cat flew at the birds, a dog ran after the cat, the parrot grabbed hold of a dog's ear, and the whole company fled in the wildest disorder.

"Oh, general!" sobbed Bertha. "I thought I would surprise you, specially, by having all of them dance for you. They really do dance all right by themselves—and I thought they'd all be right together."

The general soothed the little girl, and praised her for her patience and skill. But, although she was pacified, Bertha never forgave her "menagerie"—and forthwith discontinued the "dancing school."

"Jimuel"

SHE was the new teacher, who had just come that morning for the first time, and was now engaged in becoming "acquainted." "What is your name, little boy?" she asked.

"Sam," was the reply. "No," explained the teacher, "that is only a nickname. 'Samuel' is your name."

Then she questioned a bright-eyed little chap sitting beside Samuel. "I s'pose my name's 'Jimuel,' then," responded the boy, "although I'm always called 'Jim.'"

"Dad," began Bobby, "the world is round, isn't it?"

"So I believe, my son," replied dad. "Well, dad," continued Bobby, "how can it come to an end?"

Naughty Puss and Wicked



OH DEAR! I wish someone would come—I know there'll be a fight; My heart's just goin' 'pppy-dum 'Cause I've got such a fright.

That funny thing the doggie wears So he can't even bite, But still, the awful way he glares Looks mighty like a fight!

The Queen's Pathetic Treasure.

Of the many valuable treasures in the possession of Queen Alexandra, there is none more highly valued by her than a modest milk-jug of earthenware, which she keeps in the boudoir attached to her dairy at Sandringham. It was given to her by a poor dying girl, whose latter days had been soothed by the tender nursing and sympathy of the princess, Alexandra. When the queen entertains any very exalted guest at afternoon tea in her Swiss chalet, it is from this humble but priceless jug that she pours the cream.

Not So Flattering.

Gertie (who has behaved very rudely to her aunt)—Auntie Clara, pray don't go away yet.

Aunt (flattered)—I had no idea you were so fond of me, Gertie.

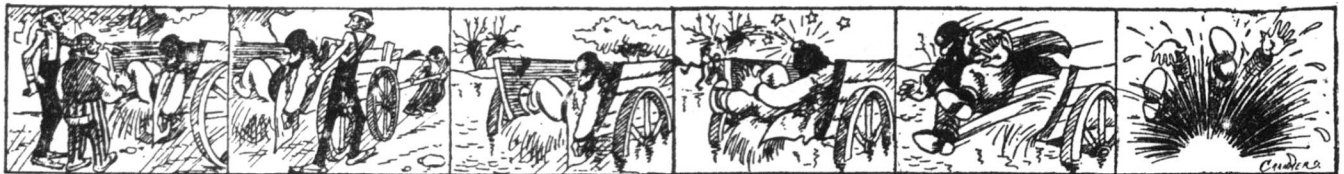
Gertie—Oh, Auntie Clara, it isn't that, but mamma said I was to be whipped when you had gone.

Too Slippery.

Mother (laughing) to Tommy, who talks rather much—Tommy, you must learn to hold your tongue.

Tommy (after a faithful trial) — I can't, mother; it's too slippery.

Tired Tim Takes a Bath in Spite of Himself



Good Advice

HE WAS a wee Scotch laddie, with a plaid muffler round his neck and a plaid cap perched on his small, round head. And this afternoon he was caddyfing for the bishop on a golf course in Scotland.

The bishop had never played golf before. One could see that with half an eye. But the bishop had the admirable trait of perseverance.

After making a neat tee on the ground the boy placed the ball upon it and then stepped back to await developments.

The bishop swung sturdily at the ball—and missed. Then he swung savagely at the ball—and sent a cloud of earth flying through the air. Nothing daunted, he swung again, missed and sat down suddenly. But still he wasn't disheartened. He was about to make another try with his last stick when he paused, turned to the lad and asked:

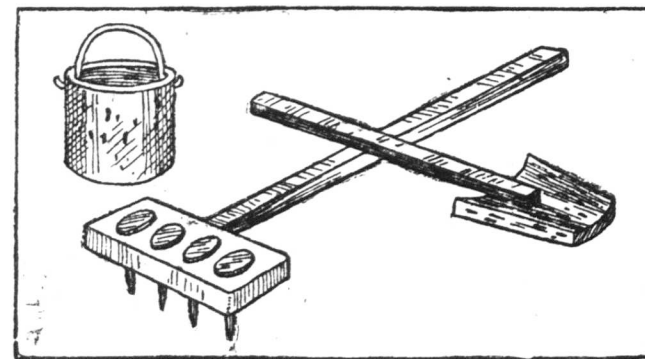
"My boy, what would you advise me to use now?"

The caddy squinted his eye, pondered a moment, and then replied, without the shadow of a smile:

"Give it a clout with the bag, sir."

His Advice.

Playthings from Corks



IT is astonishing how many tiny playthings may be whittled from ordinary corks. Especially is this true of garden implements in minia-

Ambition Realized

A LAD in a German village had set his heart upon presenting the town church with a fine organ.

Every one in the village discouraged the attempt and laughed at him. But he was not to be turned aside from his purpose, and finally, after some years, the organ was erected.

Then came the most discouraging moment of all. When he put his feet on the pedals and his hands on the keys, he found that he couldn't play the organ. All the people mocked him anew.

It was just at this time that the great musician, Sebastian Bach, was visiting a neighboring city. In his despair, the lad went to the master and besought him to come to his aid.

Bach's heart was touched at this appeal, and consented. When it became known that this great master was to play, people flocked to the little church from far and near. The music came from the very soul of the composer, and the people listened to such sounds of glorious harmony as they had never heard before.

After all, the lad had attained the ambition of his early youth—and in such a way!

More Blessed.

"Fa," said Willie, thoughtfully, "I

misadventure, he was about to make another try with his last stick, when he paused, turned to the lad and asked: "My boy, what would you advise me to use now?"

The caddy squinted his eye, pondered a moment, and then replied, without the shadow of a smile:

"Give it a clout with the bag, sir."

His Advice.

Little Nellie, aged 9, said to her father the other evening:

"Papa, I want to ask your advice."

"Well, my dear, what is it all about?"

"What do you think it will be best to give me for a birthday present?"



IT is astonishing how many tiny playthings may be whittled from ordinary corks. Especially is this true of garden implements in miniature.

The drawings above show you several interesting little articles constructed in this manner. But you can, no doubt, find many others quite easy to make.

from far and near. The music came from the very soul of the composer, and the people listened to such sounds of glorious harmony as they had never heard before.

After all, the lad had attained the ambition of his early youth—and in such a way!

More Blessed.

"Ta," said Willie thoughtfully, "I think I know what the minister meant when he said, 'It is more blessed to give than to receive.'"

"Yes," replied his pa. "Well, what did he mean?"

"Castor oil."

General Wise Outwits the Enemy



IN VAIN THE OFFICERS URGED ON THE MEN

KING CARLOS was a good king, but he was careless. Loving peace himself, he very often forgot that many of the rulers of neighboring kingdoms were more warlike. So it was that when another king declared war, Carlos was greatly disturbed. But he was no coward, and promptly sent back acceptance to the challenge. Then he straightway forgot all about the war and settled back to enjoy himself.

He was surprised, indeed, to be in-

formed one morning that an immense army was encamped some distance from the walls of his city. At once he sent for the general-in-chief of the army. Now, this general was really very clever—Wise was his name, and "wise" he was—but the king had always refused his demands for more men and better arms, so that he was by no means prepared to go out to meet the foe and return victorious.

"I shall advance with the army, if you so wish it, sire," said he to the king, "but I tell you frankly there is

small chance of success. They are ten times as powerful as we."

The king replied emphatically: "No, that is decidedly out of the question. We must think of some other plan. I know, general, that it was I who got you into this fix, but I fear I must impose upon you still further and ask you to get rid of this annoyance."

The general went away greatly perturbed. Without question, he had a most difficult task before him. But, as the king trusted him implicitly, he vowed not to abuse the royal confidence, nor would he fall were there any possible loophole of escape.

That night a vast army of workmen was at work, directed by the general himself. The king was astonished when they told him that gigantic mirrors were being hung outside the city walls, but he had faith in General Wise's ability and decided to await developments.

Next day the enemy began to march upon the city. But when they came within a short distance of the walls and saw what seemed to be a powerful army opposing them, they were filled with dismay, for they little dreamed of such resistance. In vain the officers urged on the men. They did not care to risk what seemed like certain death; smitten with fright they broke ranks and fled in the wildest confusion.

By merely placing the mirrors General Wise had saved his country! Of course, the enemy had only seen their own reflections in the mirrors—and

were frightened at themselves! King Carlos heaped all possible honors upon General Wise and also heeded his words of advice by directing that the army be strengthened at once and well equipped with new arms.

When the neighboring king heard of how he had been duped he sent another army into the field, but by that time General Wise was fully prepared to fight and had little difficulty in coming off the victor.

READ



THE HOUSEMOTHERS' EXCHANGE

I AM much interested in the letter from the "Old-fashioned Grandmother," about the "Pacifier." As I am a young mother and agree with her, maybe you will let me say a word or two on the subject.

I have no patience with mothers who give the innocent beings dependent upon them so dangerous a thing. If a child cries, try to find out what ails it, and pacify it without running the risk of affecting its health unfavorably or injuring its looks.

If any mother thinks acceptance to the challenge, let her borrow a modern medical work from her family physician on the care and treatment of children, and read the chapter upon thumb-sucking.

She will never again give her baby a "pacifier," which is in the same order of evil. Unhappiness which may mar a child's disposition, and, indeed, his whole life may lurk in the abominable pacifier.

I speak to other mothers as one who feels with and for them.

Awake to a certain evil!

Infirm yourselves with regard to the truth of the case.

Don't laugh it out of court!

Don't take it for granted that "the pacifier may be a good thing."

In my opinion, too much cannot be said against it. A YOUNG IOWA MOTHER.

Who certainly has the courage of her convictions!

I wish the women doctors among our readers and well-wishers would take up the matter under discussion.

If, as our young mother says, the "pacifier" is of the same order of evils as thumb-sucking, and her contention seems reasonable, there can be no question as to the mischief that may be doing all over the country by the blind nipple one sees protruding from baby lips in many a nursery.

I saw three well-dressed babies yesterday in one street car, each of whom had its lips pursed closely about the sham "pacifier."

Two of them were pulling strenuously upon it. Will our M.D.'s pronounce upon it?

Keeping Red Peppers

Kindly tell me how to prepare the common red peppers for winter use, so that they will be like the canned pimentos one buys in the markets.

Mrs. C. N. P. (South Bend, Ind.).

I do not think the pimento is very near akin to the garden variety of so-called "sweet" pepper that is becoming a frequent visitor to our tables.

At its youthful best, our pepper lacks the mildness of the pimento with which

"pimolas" are filled and which is sold to us in cans.

I should much like to have the recipe for which you ask, having, of late years, returned to the oldtime canning methods we once thought were superseded forever by the canned goods put up by contract.

Has any housemother any more definite knowledge on the subject than myself?

Vegetarian Diet Discussed

I happened today upon an old newspaper which contained your Exchange. In it I found a discussion upon vegetarianism. The advocate of a purely vegetable diet writes from Buffalo, N. Y., and asks readers to speak "freely in reply."

May I do this from the same Good Book he quotes?

In Genesis, ix, 3, I read: "Every moving thing that liveth shall be meat for you; even as the green herb have I given you all things."

In Deuteronomy, xiv, 4, we have: "These are the beasts which ye shall eat—the ox, the sheep and the goat." The next verse goes on with the list: "The hart and the roebuck and the fallow deer, the pygarg, the wild ox and the chamois."

Acts, x, 12, has this sentence: "Wherein were all manner of four-footed beasts of the earth and wild beasts, and creeping things and fowls of the air."

Thirteenth verse: "And there came a voice to him, Rise, Peter, kill and eat!"

And in Romans the great apostle to the Gentiles writes:

"For one believeth that he may eat all things. Another, who is weak, eateth herbs."

Read the whole of the chapter—Romans xiv.

Here is the question: What God has told

us to eat must be lawful and right for us to eat. V. R. C. (South Hanover, Mass.).

Having published the first part of the discussion, it is but fair that the opposite side shall be heard. The two meet upon common ground, each claiming authority from one source.

I leave the decision to our readers at large.

Ice Cream Cone Queries

I am desirous of obtaining the recipe for making the cake part of the ice cream cone. Please tell me where it may be procured.

WM. R. B. (Naperville, Ill.).

Two other correspondents ask the same question.

Will some confectioner—amateur or professional—reply?

FAMILY MEALS FOR A WEEK

SUNDAY

BREAKFAST.

Grapefruit, hominy and cream, Philadelphia scrapple, popovers, toast, tea and coffee.

LUNCHEON.

Cold roast beef (a left-over), stuffed potatoes, rice croquettes, fruit salad, pumpkin pie and cheese, tea.

DINNER.

Cream of celery soup, roast turkey, sweet potato purée, fried scallops, cranberry sauce, queen of puddings, black coffee.

MONDAY

BREAKFAST.

Baked apples and cream, fried bacon and hominy (a left-over), rolls, toast, tea and coffee.

LUNCHEON.

Beef hash, browned (a left-over), stewed tomatoes, baked potatoes, gingerbread and apple sauce, cocoa.

DINNER.

Okra and tomato soup, yesterday's turkey, steamed spinach, baked macaroni, Charlotte russe, black coffee.

TUESDAY

BREAKFAST.

Cranberry oatmeal porridge and cream, put mackerel, creamed; potato cake, toast, tea and coffee.

LUNCHEON.

Curried turkey (a left-over), boiled rice and peas, with the curry; baked tomato toast; (a left-over), cake, home-made canned fruit, tea.

DINNER.

Turkey rack soup, corned beef, boiled; arrow turnips, spinach soufflé (a left-over), baked custards, black coffee.

WEDNESDAY

BREAKFAST.

Grapes, cereal and cream, bacon and fried sweet peppers, muffins, toast, tea and coffee.

LUNCHEON.

Cold corned beef (a left-over), buttered rice (a left-over), stewed potatoes, banana fritters with liquid sauce, cocoa.

DINNER.

Bean soup (based upon liquor in which the beef was boiled), lamb's liver en casserole, string beans, stewed celery, cracker plum pudding with hard sauce, black coffee.

THURSDAY

BREAKFAST.

Oranges, cracked wheat and cream, omelet with cheese, graham muffins, toast, tea and coffee.

LUNCHEON.

Mince of liver on toast (a left-over) baked sweet potatoes, lettuce and string bean salad;—rice fritters with sauce, tea.

DINNER.

Bean and tomato soup, stuffed breast of veal, scalloped tomatoes, Brussels sprouts, cold saw, potato custard pudding with sauce, black coffee.

FRIDAY

BREAKFAST.

Fruit, cereal and cream, fried smelts, corn bread, toast, tea and coffee.

LUNCHEON.

Scalloped oysters, baked cream toast, quick biscuits, lettuce and egg salad, crackers and cheese, chocolate.

DINNER.

Browned potato soup, scallop of veal (a left-over), Brussels sprouts au gratin (a left-over), mashed sweet potatoes, mince pie, black coffee.

SATURDAY

BREAKFAST.

Oranges, rice boiled in milk, eaten with cream; bacon and eggs, muffins, brown toast, tea and coffee.

LUNCHEON.

Cold tongue, hashed and browned potatoes, oyster salad with mayonnaise dressing; crackers and Swiss cheese, cottage pudding and cream, sauce, tea.

DINNER.

Vegetable soup, boiled rattles with canner sauce, macaroni with tomato and cheese sauce, mashed potatoes, apple nut-ring pie, black coffee.

Doogie



O, naughty dog, and pussy, too,
You know you shouldn't fight;
It's such a wicked thing to do,
And 'tis ill-mannered quite.

The Richest Prince

THE richest prince is not always he that reigns over the most extensive and populous empire, with the largest and the most prosperous cities and the best-filled treasure-house.

Back in the middle ages there reigned a prince called Eberhard the Good, who was a grand old man, just, wise and true, and his little principality was the envied corner of Europe. For, though he was only a grand duke, he ruled so justly and well that his subjects were happy and they all loved him as a father. There was a feast, they tell us, one day at the city of Worms, and all the German princes were sitting at the banquet table, when a dispute arose as to which of them was the richest and most prosperous ruler. Prince Ernest of Saxony, boasted of broad domains, brimming with gold and silver mines, and his great palace filled with golden treasure.

"I am richer than he," said the Elector Frederick, of the Rhine. "From my grand castle at Heidelberg I can look over leagues and leagues of hillsides covered with vineyards and valleys rich with golden grain fields."

King Louis, of Bavaria, claimed the palm of sovereignty, "because," he said, "prosperous cities and rich old cloisters, filled with works of art, are greater treasures than gold or silver mines, vineyards or ripened grain fields."

Then all looked at the old lord of Wurtemberg, whose hair and beard were white as the snow on Alpine peaks, and whose blue eyes were shining with a smile. "I have little to boast of," he said, meekly. "There are but few cities in Wurtemberg, and no silver mines, no famous vineyards, and no great store of treasure and precious stones. But I own one rare jewel—I can wander anywhere in my dominions without fear, and lay my old head in peaceful slumber in the cot of my humblest subject."

"It is enough," they cried in chorus; "we yield the palm to thee, for there are no richer treasures than a people's love and loyalty."

FRED M. COLBY.

His Answer Was Soft.

"Always remember, Henry, that a soft answer turneth away wrath. And when another boy insults you, or even strikes you, bear this in mind and don't lose your temper."

Henry promised, and departed for school.

At lunch, when he returned home, his mother asked if he had kept his promise.

"Yes, ma," replied Henry. "Tommy Jones wanted to lick me—and I gave him a very soft answer."

His mother smiled happily. "Ah! you would not fight?"

"No, but I hit him in the eye with a rotten apple," replied the innocent Henry.

Found Out Nothing.

A curious person of a certain town

BATTLE of Possum Hill

FOR the most part, there existed strict dividing lines throughout Homeville, separating the territory of the "Bloody Robbers" from that of their rivals, the "Bloody Pirates." But Possum Hill was any man's land; never was the claim to it made good by either band. Here was a favorite battling ground for the two forces during winters, when snow lay heavy and "stuck."

This year the "Bloody Pirates" stole a march upon the enemy, and had erected a strong and handsome snow fort before the "Robbers" had knowledge of this stroke of enterprise. Not long were they to remain in undisputed possession, however. The customary fight began in quick order. During the whole of one Thursday afternoon every member of the two gallant bands played truant in order to continue the struggle. Try as they would, the "Robbers" were unable to oust their opponents from the position.

Right on the hill had the fort been built. Its walls were high, offering fine protection to the defenders. Inside were heaped countless numbers of snowballs, accumulated by only the greatest kind of industry. In charging this stronghold, the "Robbers" were compelled to rush forward entirely in the open, exposed to the merciless fire of their adversaries. Brave as they were, the "Robbers" were at last obliged to raise the siege and repair to their homes in deep discouragement.

But that night "Shorty" came to his comrades' rescue. While all Homeville lay peacefully asleep, Shorty slid from the window of his room, dropped upon the roof of the outhouse below, and quickly ran cross town to Possum Hill—a jaunt of at least three miles.



WITHIN THE FORT

mous bulldog. The last load was in his arms when he heard a patter of feet behind him. The next instant Shorty was speeding down the hill. Never did he go faster in his life. Not even did he pause to glance behind him at the savage bulldog, now swiftly gaining. It took him just a fraction of a second to shinny up the pine at the bottom of the hill—and at the end of that fraction of a second Sugar's bulldog had stationed himself at the bottom of the tree.

That dog kept guard for "keeps," too. Hour after hour passed, until Shorty was almost frozen. But he would rather freeze on his perch than risk falling into the clutches of the beast below. Somehow he managed to cling until



EXPOSED TO THE MERCILESS FIRE OF THEIR ADVERSARIES

Beyond the hill lay Sugar's home-stand, and it was currently reported that during the night Sugar's big bulldog was loosed and permitted to roam over the hill and the surrounding country. Every boy in Homeville, whether "Robber" or "Pirate," had an unbounded respect for that bulldog, so no one had ever sought heretofore to ascertain the truth of this statement. Shorty's courage was put to its severest test.

Stealing silently up the hill Shorty was soon within the walls of the fort. His first impulse was to stamp to pieces the great number of snowballs he found there. This, of course, would leave the "Pirates" helpless when next morning's assault would be made by the "Robbers." But it seemed such a shame to destroy so many nicely made balls that Shorty decided to carry them down the hill and hide them where he and his comrades would find them.

So earnestly was Shorty engaged in this task of transporting snowballs that he quite forgot his fear of the enor-

down, when Farmer Sugar, coming in search of the dog, released the shivering lad and took him to the farmhouse.

The "Pirates" lived nearest to Possum Hill and so gained the fort before their enemy. Hardly were they inside than the "Robbers" appeared. Then the "Pirates" discovered, too late, that all their snowballs were gone. The next moment there darted a figure from Farmer Sugar's house. Down the hill it ran stifflly shouting: "Charge 'em, you 'Robbers!' They haven't got a snow-ball!"

In just five minutes the fort was in possession of the "Bloody Robbers"—and remained so until the sheriff came in search of them for playing the truant that morning as well as the afternoon before. It was only then that the "Robbers" learned of Shorty's heroic deed, as he modestly recounted how the snowballs of the "Pirates" had disappeared.

Shorty "caught it" from his pa as well as from the teacher—but with the words of his comrades' praise still ringing in his ears he didn't mind it at all!

How to Cook Rice

Fressed Rice.

Boil as directed above, and mix, while hot, with a tablespoonful of drawn butter for each cupful of the cooked rice.

Season with pepper, salt and a few drops of onion juice. Turn into a shallow dish and set a plate upon it, covering it entirely.

Press the plate down firmly and lay a weight on the plate. When the rice is cold and stiff, cut into squares, or into strips, and fry to a light brown in a little butter.

Drain and serve hot and dry with chicken or game. Or you may broil the strips lightly, butter them and lay about a roast fowl as garnish and accompaniment.

Fried Rice.

Boil and press as in the preceding recipes, letting the rice get perfectly cold. It is best to do this the day before it is to be eaten. Cut into rounds or triangles, roll each piece in egg and cracker crumbs and fry quickly in deep fat.

Drain well and serve hot. This is a pleasant adjunct to poultry or meat, and likewise a good plain dessert when eaten with hard sauce.

Rice and Meat Fudding.

Boil a cupful of rice in two quarts of salted water until it is tender—not tender. Drain, and dry out in the open oven.

Now, mix into it a cupful of hot milk in which has been stirred a teaspoonful of cornstarch.

Beat a raw egg light, add to the rice with a tablespoonful of butter, and let all get cold. Make up a cupful of minced meat—poultry or lamb, or veal. Beef will not do.

Blend two tablespoonfuls of almonds, and chop fine. Mix with the meat, season highly with fine crumb and put in the pudding. Fit the top on the mould and set in a deep pan of boiling water.

Without mashing meat and rice. Butter a cake mould well; coat the buttered sides with fine crumbs and put in the pudding. Fit the top on the mould and set in a deep pan of boiling water.

Place the pan in the oven and cook for an hour and a half, replenishing the water in the pan as it boils down. Dip the mould for an instant in cold water to make the pudding shrink from the sides, and turn out upon a hot dish.

Serve with strained tomato sauce into which you have melted two large tablespoonfuls of Parmesan cheese.

This excellent pudding will serve as the chief dish of a family dinner. It is cheap, easily made and savory.

Rice Croquettes.

Into a cupful of cold boiled rice stir the beaten yolk of an egg, a teaspoonful each of melted butter and of white sugar, half as much salt as sugar, and about a cupful of milk into which you have stirred a teaspoonful of cornstarch.

The mixture should be just stiff enough to handle. Mould into balls or ovals, or into the shape of pears, flouring your hands as you work.

Dip in beaten egg, then in cracker dust and set in a cold place for some hours to stiffen. Then fry in deep fat to a light brown.

Take up with a split spoon and serve upon a heated dish. It is well to line the dish with several folds of tissue paper, also heated, to absorb the grease.

These are pretty when made in pear shapes, with a bit of green parsley in the small end.

Drawnwork Popular

IN all lines of fancy linens intended for household use the main idea in the selection is that it should be of a kind and quality to give satisfactory wear.

It is for this reason that drawnwork has proved such a great favorite for so many seasons.

For there is no form of decoration for this purpose which looks better after it is laundered than does drawnwork, whether it be of Japanese or Mexican origin. There are no other forms of mechanical ornamentation which launder so.

The fact is that drawnwork, of ancient origin can be obtaining in the moderate cost that any clever Magdalen can become the possessor of. The linens of table or bed linen trade. The with it.

Irish hand-embroidered bed sets, strong consisting of sheets and pillow cases, men's shown in great variety in all of leading retail departments which add to the fine trade.

Some of the designs are of the bottle the solid variety of millimeters, and in rule, though some of the designs are of the sign executed by segment of each of the vogue of the plate. He built a sort

Haydn as a Boy

THE celebrated musician Haydn

At lunch, when he returned home, his mother asked if he had kept his promise.

"Yes, ma," replied Henry. "Tommy Jones wanted to lick me—and I gave him a very soft answer."

His mother smiled happily. "Ah! you would not fight?"

"No, but I hit him in the eye with a rotten apple," replied the innocent Henry.

Found Out Nothing.

A curious person of a certain town, who loved to find out everything about the new residents, espied the son of a new neighbor, one morning, in the doctor's.

"Good morning," he said. "Little boy, what is your name?"

"Same as dad's," was the quick reply.

"Of course, I know, little boy; but what is your dad's name, dear?"

"Same as mine, sir."

Still he persisted. "I mean what do they say when they call you to breakfast?"

"They don't never call me; I allus gets there first. See?"

The Mysterious Egg.

An egg can be shown in a bottle with a mouth too narrow for it to have passed through. How did it get there? When an egg is soaked in equal parts of strong acetic acid and water it becomes softened, and may be pressed into any form. Water will again harden it. You might remark that you had at first thought of exhibiting the hen in that bottle, but left that trick for another occasion.

2 for a Walk



Courtesy of the Cat Journal.

Finishing Towels

THE ends of the towels may be scalloped and worked with solid buttonhole stitch. There may be a design in eyelet and French embroidery above the scallop on one end and the scallop with the initials on the other end.

Letters from four to six inches high can be used on the towels. They should be padded.

First, take short running stitches, just inside the stamped outlines, fill the space between the running stitches with a layer of outline stitches set close and even; into this layer of outline stitches work another layer, taking the stitches of the second layer into the stitches of the first layer and not into the material. Work a third layer into the stitches of the second layer in the same manner.

Work across this padding close satin stitch, setting the needle for the satin stitch on the stamped outlines of the letter; these outlines should never be covered with the padding stitches.

Solid Embroidery

THERE never has been a time when solid colored embroidery, done with embroidery silk, can be said to have been "out of date."

It may have happened that a large number of women had a supply of embroidered table and bed linen so large that more was not required.

Now, whatever the supply may have been, there is evidence that a demand for designs for white linen, to be embroidered with the lovely lilac silk, is being felt.

The designers are busy making new designs for embroidered table and bed linen. Some of the new designs are in the old-fashioned style, but with a touch of the modern.

Some men are like postage stamps; they lose their value when they get stuck on themselves.

So earnestly was Shorty engaged in this task of transporting snowballs that he quite forgot his fear of the enormous as from the teacher's well as from his comrades' praise still ringing in his ears he didn't mind it at all!

Haydn as a Boy

THE celebrated musician Haydn had, in his youth, a very miserable time of it. Taken into the home of a charitable shoemaker, Haydn endeavored to repay the good man for his kindness by playing to him while he worked in his shop.

During all this time the concert-masters were enriching themselves through Haydn's musical compositions, and giving the lad practically nothing in return. Already celebrated throughout all Germany the young man himself was entirely ignorant of his renown.

It so happened that one day the Countess Thun, having arranged a concert, found that the pianist had fallen ill at the last moment. A lackey promised to find another musician, and presently returned with Haydn. The poorly clad youth was ushered into the magnificently appointed salon.

"Is it true, my friend," asked the countess, "that you are an expert player of the pianoforte and can read this sonata?"

What was the surprise of Haydn to



PLAYING WHILE HE WORKED

recognize in the piece of music handed him one of his own compositions!

"I can play it all the better, madam," replied he, "inasmuch as it is a sonata composed by myself."

The countess responded: "You deceive yourself, my dear sir, for the piece is by the great Haydn."

"But I am Haydn," insisted the boy, whereupon the entire brilliant company smiled.

Hardly had he begun to play, however, than all acknowledged that the musician certainly could be no other than the master. Under his magic spell the instrument fairly sang, and when he had finished all murmured in respectful admiration.

The days of proof were now over for Haydn. But in the midst of all his honors and successes he still bore in mind his old friend, the shoemaker. He bought for the good old man a house nearby and often stopped to chat over old times with him.

Dressing Table Boxes

ARTICLES for the dressing table are always interesting to a dainty lady, and two or three years ago, when the brocade boxes bound in gold braid first made their appearance in the shops, there was a general rush to obtain at least one. Most of these first boxes has an engraving on the lid inclosed in glass, and, while they were French and pretty, particular women noticed that their color scheme took something from the immaculate effect of the table.

A way has just been found to make them as dainty as the rest of the toilet articles. The old print has been dispensed with, and in its stead the clever girl uses a piece of linen heavily embroidered with monogram, crest, or both, while the brocade forming the sides of the box is in the same shade as the wall paper and curtains of the room. The glass keeps the lid always fresh and clean, and the box may be in constant use for hairpins and trinkets without spoiling the white effect of the dressing table.

Stocks in Ruff Form

MODIFIED Elizabethan ruffs are returning in the form of stocks to complete my lady's toilet. They are a decided improvement on the ancient neckwear, for they are both comfortable and chic.

One is a plain white collar with a ruffle of narrow nainsook at the top and a pleated ruffle of the same material at the bottom, the latter shaped like a bib. Sometimes this is of lace and sometimes of silk. The top of the bib is it is inlaid with insertion. The bib is not quite as wide in the back as in the front, but it prevents any discrepancy between the blouse and collar.

A very beautiful collar of this description is made of fine linen done in narrow tucks. The top trim is of gathered linen, while the bib is Irish lace just full enough to prevent binding.

When a touch of color is desired, the bib may be of heavy linen embroidered all round in the buttonhole stitch.

The new stocks all hook on the back and are fastened in place with a long jeweled or plain gold bar pin directly in the center of the front.

Round Centerpieces

ROUND and square centerpieces and testable covers vie with each other for popularity. Matching sets of dollies of various sizes are in demand for use with centerpieces for luncheon decorations.

Some few buyers consider that there is a lessening demand for square pieces, and to confirm this they state that the round table now so much in vogue has been the cause for the increased interest in the round centerpieces.

Be this as it may, importers state that they find no falling off in the demand for the square centerpiece, which can assuredly be used on a round table with good effect if it be placed with the points toward the head and foot of the table and at the sides.

Madeira embroidered centerpieces and small table covers, as well as dollies worked in English eyelet designs, have been quite successful this season and b'd fair to increase their popularity.

Irish hand-embroidered bed sets, strong consisting of sheets and pillow cases, men shown in great variety in all of leading retail departments which add to the fine trade.

Some of the designs are into halves, and of moderate cost. Of the bottle the solid variety of diameters, and in rule, though some of the halves into the bag, sign executed in each segment of each of the vogue of the plate. He built a sort of scallop on the plate. He built a sort of crease, as well as a resting place for the foot. This tripod was assembled after he had introduced its parts into the bottle separately. The tripod is so constructed that it cannot turn when the movement is being wound. The four pieces of the plate were fastened side by side by means of screws to the platform attached to the tripod, a long screwdriver and other tools especially constructed for the purpose having been used for this operation. When the plate was put together, the maker proceeded to put all the pieces of the movement in their places with the hand and stand in the air hands. As the not crisp.

heavy syrup, using one cup each granulated sugar and water, and cook without stirring until it spins a thread.

Flavor this syrup with a few drops of essence of rose and color with a tiny bit of cochineal.

Now drop the leaves in one by one, using a fine wire; take out and drain on the greased sieve.

Turn once in the process of drying, which will take several hours. If the leaves then look preserved and clear, they will need no further dipping, but if the petals seem dry and not candied, dip again, dust with sifted flour and dry.

Serve on bombon saucers.

Don't Economize

BY omitting your luncheon, for the body needs nourishment, and without it the health may be permanently injured.

By refusing to take a cab when caught in a shower. The price of a cab is much less than that of a new hat and gown.

By attempting to do too much. No one can do too much. In the circumstances, the result is often an attack of typhoid fever.

By walking home after a busy day on your feet. Rather walk to the shop or place of business when fresh and unfatigued and ride home at night when fatigued.

By riding in a car to a distant market in order to save 5 cents on butter and eggs.

By purchasing an article you don't want simply because it happens to be cheap.

Working Turnovers

THE turnovers on the poppy and rose petals need not be padded. The raised effect can be obtained by opposing a light shade against a dark shade, thus under the turnovers work in the darkest shades of the silk used in the flower, blend into this lighter shades gradually until the local color of the flower is reached.

Next work the turnover in long and short stitch, following the lines marked on the diagram of shades.

Use the lightest shade of silk for the turnovers, because these represent the highest points in the flower, and, consequently, they catch the light first and strongest.

Length of Stitches

THE length of the long and short stitches depends upon the size of the surface to be covered, as well as upon the number of shades to be blended into a given space.

Where several shades are to be worked into a small space the short stitches may not exceed one-thirty-second of an inch in length.

For large spaces the long stitch may be a little less than one-half inch long and the short stitch a little less than three-eighths of an inch long.

Needlework Notes.

For instance, a pin cushion was noticed decorated with corner designs, including scattered blossoms and butterflies. The tiny blossoms were in different colored linen threads.

A mingling of applique work with fancy stitching is seen on the new fancy work which is to be used on useful articles for bedrooms and dining rooms.

The foliage, of course, was around the bottom edge of the bag, while the flowers came half way to the top.

That he utterly failed to convince even his own friends of this, was quite apparent. There is no doubt that when he gave notice of the resolution he had quite forgotten the previous

are. It is sending a sketch and description of the not proceed to ascertain our opinion free whether an independent HANDBOOK on Patents dispose tissue by agency for securing patents, through Mann & Co. receive exercise. charge, in the

American.

use, for breakfast you st. a cup of clear black co. lices of salted but unbite. on you can get along nice- raw tomatoes, cold meats, non-fattening foods of the

or a slice of roast beef, no some green vegetable like asparagus and others of traction. s that grow under the potatoes, turnips and beets, a producing. sr than seven hours each ing, if possible, take long than clubs or make rid yourself of ex- Quee

ject are put. has the will of them involving ho. preparation of answers, and them based more upon idle cur. but, ey than any regard to the public service. Then again motions are put on the paper in the names of members, and day after day when their motions are called the member is either unwilling or unable to proceed with the same. In the meantime the Tory press ventilates the fact that notice has been given of such and such motion, and proceeds to discuss its terms, but the member sits idle in the House and does nothing but consume time unnecessarily.

These questions and motions are the material out of which campaign literature is made, and the Conservative party, the party of purity, the party that denounces extravagance, the party that purports to be the champions of the people's interest takes this method of paving the way for a return to power, by mulcting the people in the expense which such methods involve.

Vicious Attack Made.

When the estimates of the Minister of Marine and Fisheries were introduced, the Conservatives made a most vicious attack on the minister, led by Mr. Foster, the gentleman who had no such regard for the interests of others when he speculated with the funds of the widows and orphans of the I.O.O.F. However, it makes some difference whose ox is being gored. In the case under discussion, Mr. Foster assembled

Automobiles.

At 3, 4, and five dollars. Three models A. B. and C., Canada's best hockey skate at M. S. MADOLE'S.

is responsible for the violation of this injustice to an official who is not in a position to defend himself.

The Minister of Marine and Fisheries made a good retort when in reply to Mr. Foster, he said that it was his custom to pay the expenses of his guests on government steamers out of his own pocket, and that had not been the custom in Conservative days, when Mr. Foster was a minister of the crown then the Minister charged up the ex-

one and one-half our custom in parliamentary practice, which bringing down copies of documents, and the originals are only asked for and produced if the party desiring them has any reason to suppose that the copies furnished him are not true copies of the originals. Sir Wilfrid Laurier quoted Todds Parliamentary practice which lays it down clearly that no papers shall be laid on the table of the House unless some sufficient reason for doing so has been stated to the House. The Rt. Hon. gentleman proceeded to state that if Mr. Ames had any reason to suppose that a fraud had been committed on the government, that a document had been tampered with, or an assurance and substitution made, then the original would be required.

Mr. Ames, however, would not say he had any reason to believe any fraud had been committed, neither could he take advantage of any of the presump-

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, ss., LUCAS COUNTY.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence this 6th day of December, A. D. 1896.

(Seal)

A. W. GLEASON.

NOTARY PUBLIC.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surface of the system. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO, Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

The best agents known to medical science for the cure of the above symptoms and conditions, as attested by the writings of leading chemists and practitioners of all the several schools of medical practice, have been skillfully and harmoniously combined in Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. That this is absolutely true will be readily proven to your satisfaction if you will but mail a postal card request to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., for a free copy of his booklet of extracts from the standard medical authorities, giving the names of all the ingredients entering into his world-famed medicines and showing what the most eminent medical men of the age say of them.

tions raised by the prime minister, therefore he was not entitled to the original document, and following the practice of the House he must be content with the copies furnished him.

Would Paralyze Public Business.

The absurdity of the Conservative contention becomes obvious on reflection. Documents brought into the House and laid on the table become the property of Parliament and form part of the records of the House, therefore it would only be a matter of time when the records of the departments would all be transferred to the House, and the working of the departments in the absence of original records would be paralyzed and the business of the people come to a standstill.

This is, of course, campaign material. The Conservatives will say that the government refused to produce original documents because there was something wrong about them, and they will not give the true reason that the government is willing at all times to produce even original documents if the member requiring same is willing to announce that he has some reason to suspect the copy he has is not a true copy of the original.

These are the unworthy tactics of an opposition driven to desperate acts to create an impression unfavorable to the government. If Mr. Ames had any reason at all to suspect that his copies were not true reflections of the originals, he might easily have so, but then the incident would have terminated short of making the political capital and that would not suit the plan of the Opposition. They had no reason to suspect the originals, they did not want the originals, but they did want to be refused, and to this extent their object was accomplished.

New Treaty With France.

A very important matter submitted to the House last week by Hon. Mr. Fielding, Minister of Finance, was the recent treaty made with France. To use his own words, the object of the ministers was to keep in view the following purposes:

First—To move the inequalities of the old treaty and make the conditions fairly reciprocal.

Second—To guard against the granting of concessions which would injure any large Canadian interest.

Third—To keep, as far as possible, for British trade the degree of preference established by the tariff policy of last session.

Fourth—To grant to France by a reasonable extent of favored nation treatment, the best treatment which is accorded to an foreign country, and to reserve to Canada the right to make any tariff arrangement which we may see fit with Great Britain or with any British colony.

Fifth—In the granting of any special rates which might be thought desirable, we decided to confine them as far as possible to French specialties which would not be likely to come into competition to any large degree with our industries or with British industries, and to secure favored nation treatment as far as possible in the chief articles of export which we might hope to send abroad.

Sixth—To seek the favored nations treatment in some things, which,

tained certain opinions, a little while ago directly contrary, and opposed to the spirit of his resolution of to-day.

That he utterly failed to convince even his own friends of this, was quite apparent. There is no doubt that when he gave notice of the resolution he had quite forgotten the previous correspondence, with the department of the interior for the gravamen of his remarks—was in the direction of upbraiding the minister for not returning him the letter of the Employment agency, which letter he had so willingly endorsed. Mr. Cockshutt was so perturbed about this letter that he calmly asked the minister to return it to him, upon the ground that it was a private and confidential communication.

The minister of the interior on the occasion when the letter was read to the House gained a distant advantage over the forgetful Tory, and was in no manner disposed to forgo this advantage, and in this respect he had the sympathy of the House.

They Forget Too Easily.

The Conservatives often forget what they did in former days, and this is not the first time that letters have been produced in the House to the great discomfiture of the Opposition. It was only a little while ago that a Conservative was attacking the government for selling islands on the Georgian Bay for comparatively small sums of money, when in response the minister produced a letter from the very man who was making the attack in which he applied for the very property under discussion, and wanted special terms. The member had forgotten the incident but the original letter was on file in the department and was produced to the great bewilderment and embarrassment of the would be critic.

It has happened time and again that the very men who are loudest in their denunciation of certain transactions of the Liberal Government have themselves, been in the position of receiving or applying for the very favors they denounce. Upon this subject there will be more said shortly, particularly with respect to the timber lands dealt with under the Conservative regime, and the people of Canada when the facts are given will be at the same time greatly scandalized, but intensely amused. The Conservatives alone will fail to find any enjoyment in the circumstances.

The Tory party is in a poor case when it consumes the time of the country upon matters and in the manner related above, and the people at the proper time will duly resent it.

Fluency of Speech.

The common fluency of speech in many men and most women is owing to a scarcity of matter and a scarcity of words, for whoever is a master of language and hath a mind full of ideas will be apt in speaking to hesitate upon the choice of both, whereas common speakers have only one set of ideas and one set of words to clothe them in, and these are always ready at the mouth, so people come faster out of church when it is almost empty than when a crowd is at the door.—Dean Swift.

Exemplified.

*George—Auntie, what does irony mean? Auntie—It means to say one thing and mean the opposite, like calling a rainy day a fine day. George—I think I understand you, auntie. Wouldn't this be irony: "Auntie, I don't want a nice big piece of cake?"

Odd Change.

"Grabbit has given up bank clerking to take a position as a conductor on the electric cars." "But that's an odd change." "Odd change? Sure! That's what induced him."—Bohemian.

Grippe or Influenza, whichever you like to call it, is one of the most weakening diseases known.


Scott's Emulsion, which is Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites in easily digested form, is the greatest strength-builder known to medical science.

It is so easily digested that it sinks into the system, making new blood and new fat, and strengthening nerves and muscles.

Use Scott's Emulsion after Influenza.

Invaluable for Coughs and Colds.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND \$1.00.



Weak Women

To weak and ailing women, there is at least one way to help. But with that way, two treatments, must be combined. One is local, one is constitutional, but both are important, both essential. Dr. Shoop's Night Cure is the Local.

Dr. Shoop's Restorative, the Constitutional. The former—Dr. Shoop's Night Cure—is a topical mucous membrane suppository remedy, while Dr. Shoop's Restorative is wholly an internal treatment. The Restorative reaches throughout the entire system, seeking the repair of all nerve, all tissue, and all blood ailments.

The "Night Cure," as its name implies, does its work while you sleep. It soothes sore and inflamed mucous surfaces, heals local weaknesses and discharges, while the Restorative, eases nervous excitement, gives renewed vigor and ambition, builds up wasted tissues, bringing about renewed strength, vigor, and energy. Take Dr. Shoop's Restorative—Tablets or Liquid—as a general tonic to the system. For positive local help, use as well

Dr. Shoop's Night Cure

"ALL DEALERS"

Two Horse Tales.

An Albanian who had been in an eastern state while freshets were in full swing told the following about a horse which had been attached to a footbridge crossing a brook to keep the structure from going adrift. The flood finally swept horse and bridge down stream. Later the bridge was discovered lodged against the bank, with the horse sitting quietly on the former.

A bystander who had listened intently to this tale remarked quietly:

"I see suthin' simliyar oncet."

"Indeed? What was it?" asked the story teller.

"Ye see," was the reply, "arter the hoss I see was took down stream no-buddy ever 'spected to see him alive ag'in. But he was a pow'ful sort o' brute, an' 'bout a hour afterward we see him a-comin' up stream a-pullin' the blame old bridge arter him!"

Mortar Tossers.

There is no bod carrying in Japan. The native builders have a method of transporting mortar which makes it seem more like play than work—to the onlooker. The mortar is mixed in a pile in the street. One man makes this up into balls of about six pounds weight, which he tosses to a man who stands on a ladder midway between the roof and the ground. This man deftly catches the ball and tosses it up to a man who stands on the roof.—San Francisco Chronicle.

Women and the Theater.

The first aim of the modern playwright is to please the women in the audience. The second thought is for the female characters in the play. If a play finds favor with the women it is bound to be a success. The men will go if only because she is there or to act as her escort.—Theater Magazine.

Had to Keep Ideals.

"Why don't you get married?"
"Oh, it would be absolutely fatal to my literary work."
"What do you write?"
"Love stories."

When a quarrel is the breakfast food look out for marital indigestion.—Manchester Union.

A THOUSAND PITIES.

That everybody whose skin is on fire with some one form or another of Skin Eruptions, should not know of Dr. Agnew's Ointment. One application controls the flame—a few an-

ROCKETS IN WARFARE

They Were In Use Centuries Before Cannon Were Known.

FIRE TUBES OF THE GREEKS.

At the Siege of Constantinople, in 673, the Arab Fleet Was Destroyed by Them—Modern Rockets Have a Useful Side and Solve Many Problems.

Rockets were known and used in warfare centuries before the first cannon was made and fired. At the siege of Constantinople, A. D. 673, the Greeks discharged fire through tubes and so destroyed the hostile Arab fleet.

In a weird old manuscript now in Paris called the "Liber Ignium," or "Book of Fire," which was penned long previous to the Norman conquest, is a description of how to compound pounded sulphur, saltpeter and charcoal of willow, pack the mixture in a long narrow case and discharge it upon the enemy—nothing more or less than a war rocket, so it is curious, indeed, that it was not until October, 1806, that war rockets were first used by British forces.

This was in the attack on Boulogne by Commodore Owen. Terrific missiles were Commodore Owen's rockets. They were made of sheet iron, each weighed thirty-two pounds, and their range was a mile and a half.

The success of a rocket troop at the battle of Leipsic led to the formation of a rocket corps in our army in the year 1814. These men carried twelve pound rockets, which could be laid on the ground and fired. They would then run along the ground, rising and falling, for at least 1,200 yards, and even at that distance pierce a six foot wall of turf, exploding on the far side and scattering a shower of bullets in every direction.

The Congreve rocket was a wonderful invention. In this a so called "light ball" detached itself from the rocket at its highest point of flight and, by means of a small parachute, remained suspended in the air.

Fired at night over a besieged town or an enemy's camp, it gave light enough to observe all their movements and dispositions. A modification of the Congreve rocket carried a "floating carcass," a mass of chemicals which took fire on touching anything and burned with a flame almost impossible to extinguish.

The modern light rocket is largely used both in peace and war. Its head is filled with magnesium fire, which is automatically ignited at the highest point of flight and throws a fierce glare over a wide tract of country.

Then there is the alarm or detonating rocket, which carries in its head a fog signal just like those used by light-houses in time of fog. Coast guardsmen are always supplied with both alarm and light rockets, which are kept carefully wrapped in tarpaulin so as to be ready in all weathers.

Signal rockets are also kept in all coast guard stations and in seagoing ships. The signal rocket carries a couple of dozen colored stars—red, green, blue or white. The cases are painted the color which the rockets will show in burning.

It is extraordinary the distance at which light rockets can be seen. In a recent experiment a rocket was seen at two places nearly eighty miles apart.

The most useful of all fireworks is, of course, the life saving rocket. All

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Established 1879

Whooping Cough, Croup, Bronchitis
Cough, Grip, Asthma, Diphtheria

Cresolene is a boon to Asthmatics

Does it not seem more effective to breathe in a remedy to cure disease of the breathing organs than to take the remedy into the stomach?

It cures because the air rendered strongly antiseptic is carried over the diseased surface with every breath, giving prolonged and constant treatment. It is invaluable to mothers with small children.

Those of a consumptive tendency find immediate relief from coughs or inflamed conditions of the throat.

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A NEST HARD TO FIND.

Remarkable and Artistic Home of the Humming Bird.

The home of the humming bird is one of the most remarkable and artistic creations of all bird architecture. It is a tiny, delicate cup, made of the softest plant down, saddled upon some rather slender branch so deftly that it seems a part thereof. The saliva of the birds is used to compact and secure the material and likewise to coat the exterior with the gray green lichens so generally found upon trees. This makes it so assimilate with the surroundings that it is a very difficult object to discover. And thereby hangs a tale. A gentleman had told me that if I would call upon him he would show me an occupied nest of a humming bird in his orchard. When I came, he was out of town, but I thought I would see if I could not find the nest myself. So I made inspection from tree to tree, and presently the female hummer began to fly about me anxiously. We played a game of hot and cold until it became evident that the nest must be in a certain low apple tree which had many dead, lichen covered branches. Some of these came down nearly to the ground, and for quite awhile I stood by the tree, running my eyes along each branch in order, trying to make out the nest, while the female kept darting frantically at my head. It must have been nearly a quarter of an hour before I discovered that I was standing almost touching the nest with my hands, having been looking right over it all the time. It contained two fresh eggs, this being in the early part of June. The branch upon which it was built was completely overgrown with lichens, and the nest, being covered with them, too, was wonderfully disguised, though there were no leaves to hide it.—From "Experiences With Humming Birds," by H. K. Job, in Outing Magazine.

THE SMALLEST SCREWS.

To the Naked Eye They Look Like Specks of Dust.

The smallest screws in the world are those made in watch factories. They are cut from steel wire by a machine, but as the chips fall from the knife it looks as if the operator was simply cutting up the wire for his own diversion. One thing is certain—no screws can be seen, and yet a screw is made by every third operation.

The fourth jewel wheel screw is next to invisible, to the naked eye resembling a speck of dust. With a glass, however, it can be made out quite distinctly. It has 260 threads to



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fail if your Eyes bother you ever so little, to call and consult our Expert Optician, who took another first graduate course in testing, while in Toronto last spring, and having better success than ever.

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It will be impossible for me to continue to out of town visits, but if our friends at Yarker and Tamworth will do me the favor of coming to my office in Napanee, I will do my best to please them. All work guaranteed first class.

GET THE BEST



A THOUSAND PITIES.

That everybody whose skin is on fire with some one form or another of Skin Eruptions, should not know of Dr. Agnew's Ointment. One application controls the flame—a few applications cure.

Its a wonderful treatment in cases of blind, bleeding, itching and ulcerating Piles, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald-head, Ring-worm, Eczema, Itch, Skin Blotches, Pimples, Chronic Erysipelas, Liver Spots. Dr. Agnew's Ointment is specially efficacious as a Pile cure. Apply it before retiring for from 3 to 5 nights and a cure is assured. (31)

Sold by T. B. Wallace

EXPENSIVE BOOKS.

Prices That Prevailed Before the Invention of Printing.

In the present day it seems very strange to read about the prices of books before the invention of printing.

King Alfred gave a very large estate for a book on cosmography. In the year 1174 Walter, prior of St. Swinith's at Winchester, purchased of the monks of Dorchester, in Oxfordshire, "Bede's Homilies" and "St. Austin's Psalter" for twelve measures of barley and a pall on which was embroidered in silver the history of St. Birinus converting a Saxon king.

About the year 1400 a copy of Jean de Meun's "Roman de la Rose" was sold before the palace gate at Paris for 40 crowns, or about \$175.

The Countess of Anjou paid for a copy of the "Homilies of Halmon," bishop of Halberstedt, 200 sheep, five quarters of wheat and the same quantity of rye and millet.

In 1471, when Louis XI. of France borrowed the works of Rhasis, the Arabian physician, from the faculty of medicine at Paris he not only deposited by way of pledge a considerable quantity of plate, but he was obliged to procure a nobleman to join with him as surety in a deed binding him self under a great forfeiture to restore the books.

A ROYAL DENTIST.

The Story of a Tooth Pulling by Peter the Great.

Peter the Great particularly delighted in drawing teeth, and he strictly enjoined his servants to send for him when anything of that sort was to be done. One day his favorite valet de chambre seemed very melancholy. The czar asked him what was the matter.

"Oh, your majesty," said the man, "my wife is suffering the greatest agony from toothache, and she obstinately refuses to have the tooth taken out."

"If that is all," said Peter, "we will soon cure it. Take me to her at once."

When they arrived the woman declared that she was not suffering at all; there was nothing the matter with her.

"That is the way she talks, your majesty," said the valet. "She is suffering tortures."

"Hold her head and hands," said the czar. "I will have it out in a minute." And he instantly pulled out the indicated tooth with great dexterity, amid profuse thanks from the husband.

What was Peter's indignation to discover a little later that his valet had used him as an executioner to punish his wife, who had never had an unsound tooth in her head.—Argonaut.

CASTORIA.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of *Charles H. Pritchard*

Carving knives in pairs or in cases from 75cts to \$1.00. Table knives, forks, spoons, Berry spoons, Pieknives, Butter knives. One hundred different patterns pocket knives at BOYLE & SON.

During the

It is extraordinary the distance at which light rockets can be seen. In a recent experiment a rocket was seen at two places nearly eighty miles apart.

The most useful of all fireworks is, of course, the life saving rocket. All our coast guards are regularly drilled in the use of these inventions. The life saving rocket is a twelve pounder, and its case is of steel. Its stick is nine feet in length. Its power is very great. Without its line its range is over a thousand yards. Attached to each rocket is a line 1,500 feet long.

The inventor of the life saving rocket was Colonel Boxer of the Royal artillery, and the rocket is made in two parts, so arranged that when one is burnt out the other takes fire and carries the line onward. Once the line is across a ship it is, of course, a simple matter for the crew to haul aboard the hawser with the breeches buoy and a board which contains in three languages directions for use.

Buoyant rockets are to be found in all lighthouses which stand on dangerous rocks.

These are large, clumsy looking arrangements coated with cork, yet powerful enough to carry a one and a quarter inch rope to a distance of 100 yards. Many lives have been saved by means of these queer rockets.

A form of rocket has been devised for dropping oil on rough water. These are used more in America than in the United Kingdom. A few years ago a wrecked vessel was saved off Long Island by dropping oil rockets around her until the lifeboat could take off her people.

On the same principle is an invention for dropping liquefied carbonic acid gas upon fires. The idea of the inventor is that the heat of a fire can be reached more quickly and easily by means of a rocket than in any other way.

What a Woman Says.

Singleton—I want to ask you a question, old man. Wedderly—Come on with it, Singleton—Does a woman always mean what she says? Wedderly—During courtship she doesn't, but after marriage you bet she does.

Sounds Possible, but Not Likely.

"I've thought of a novel effect for my new melodrama."

"What is it?"

"The villain lights a cigar during the snowstorm, thus setting the snowstorm afire."

Heavy Work.

Mr. Younghub—Did you bake this bread, darling? Mrs. Younghub—Yes, dear. Mr. Younghub—Well, please don't do anything like that again. You are not strong enough for such heavy work.

Permanent Results

"I had been suffering for over two months with an obstinate cough, as had also my little girl. We tried several remedies common to any drug store without obtaining any apparent relief, in fact we were growing worse. I got a bottle of Coltsfoote Expectorant from my druggist and inside of two days the cough was stopped, and the results so permanent and rapid that we decided to keep it in our home continually."

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C. A. R. Station, Ottawa.
Coltsfoote Expectorant is recognized the world over as the best prescription ever used by the medical profession for Coughs, Colds, Croup, Bronchitis and Tightness of the Chest. Children like it. To introduce it into every home we will send a free sample to every person sending their name and address to Dr. T. A. Sleeman, Limited, Toronto. Sold by all up-to-date druggists at 25c. Send for Free Sample To-day.

version. One thing is certain—screws can be seen, and yet a screw is made by every third operation.

The fourth jewel wheel screw is next to invisible, to the naked eye resembling a speck of dust. With a glass, however, it can be made out quite distinctly. It has 260 threads to an inch. These little screws are four one-thousandth of an inch in diameter, and the heads are double in size. It has been estimated that an ordinary thimble would hold 100,000 of them.

About 1,000,000 of them are manufactured in the course of a month, but no attempt is ever made to count them. In determining the number 100 of them are placed on a very delicate balance and the number of the whole quantity calculated from the weight of these. All the small parts of the watch are counted in this way, probably 50 out of the 120.

When they have been cut the screws are hardened and put into frames, about 100 to the frame, heads up. This is done very rapidly, but entirely by the sense of touch instead of by sight, so that a blind man with a little experience could perform the task.

The next step in the process is to polish the heads in an automatic machine, 10,000 at a time. The plate on which this is done is covered with oil and a grinding compound, and on this the machine moves them very rapidly by a reversing motion until they are in perfect condition.

The Drama of London's Fog.

There is a whole world of drama bound up in the chronicles of London's fog. This misty and mysterious visitant, far older than Gog or Magog, which used to visit the watches of the night when the metropolis barely lifted itself out of the surrounding marshes, has a fund of comedy as well as tragedy. Countless murders have been committed under its sheltering cloak, men and women have been waylaid, children have been torn from their mothers and wives from their husbands, but on the other hand there are a few incidents of a less harrowing character.—Strand Magazine.

Curved Spokes.

There is no doubt that an iron wheel with curved spokes is more much attractive to the eye than the ordinary variety, but it is not on account of its appearance that it is constructed in this manner. Wheels that are cast invariably contract a little in the process of cooling, and those made with straight spokes are always liable to crack. The curved variety, by allowing a certain give and take in the metal, avoid this danger.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of *Charles H. Pritchard*

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Trial Package Postpaid, "Hennequin's Infant Tablets."

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Hennequin's Infant Tablets

Save Babies' Lives. For Babies and Small Children. (Made in France.)
Dr. Hennequin's Infant Tablets saved our little girl's life. Three doctors said she could not live. The Tablets cured her.—Mr. E. R. McBride, Napanee, Ont.
My baby was so weak from sickness that he could hardly walk. We thought he would die. We could find nothing to help him. I was given a sample package of three Hennequin Tablets; we used them; I saw a change at once. We secured the Tablets and our baby in same child. They certainly cured my baby and saved his life. I believe them to be the best medicine ever sold for babies. Mothers if your babies are not well take my advice and try these Tablets.—Mrs. JAMES RIDDELL, Barrydale, Ont.
We have hundreds of such letters. If the Tablets were not what you need we would not offer to give them away and prepay them. If your baby is not well send for trial package. Hennequin Tablets have the letter "H" stamped upon them—this is your guarantee. All dealers, 25c per package, or 5 for \$1.00 sent postpaid to any address.
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The Effect on the Nerves of Gambling

How can a man do his daily work quietly, which represents perhaps only the earning of a few shillings, when his anxious other neurotic self is wondering how a horse he has never seen ridden by a jockey he has only heard of, in a race he has only read about, is faring as to money ostensibly his which he cannot afford to lose because he has not perhaps got it if he should have to pay? Is such an existence likely to add to the race value of our stock of fleeting patriotism?—Fry's Magazine.

Made Him a Sinker.

Farmer Jones (to amateur hunter)—There wasn't a better water dawg livin' until you shootin' gents took to borowin' 'im. Now 'is 'ide's that full o' shots he'd sink to the bottom like a brick.—London Bystander.

The Meek.

"You should try to be a little less assertive, my dear. Remember, 'the meek shall inherit the earth.'"

"Oh, yes; I dare say they will—when the others have done with it!"—London Opinion.

Joys are not the property of the rich alone.—Horace.

Trial Catarrh treatments are being mailed out free, on request, by Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis. These tests are proving to the people—without penny's cost—the great value of this scientific prescription known to druggists everywhere as Dr. Shoop's Catarrh Remedy. Sold by—All Dealers

WOMAN RESCUED.

Ottawa, Ont.—Slavery is not dead. Daily, the traffic in human souls goes on. Only a short time ago, a number of Chinese were arrested as they attempted to smuggle young girls from Canada into the United States. In Eastern countries, the slave trader plies his vocation in the market place. Some go into another kind of slavery—unknowingly—yet make a valiant effort to escape. Ottawa is all agog over the wonderful escape of one of her charming matrons from that physical slavery, Rheumatism. Mrs. R. C. Small says, "I was a constant sufferer from rheumatism for over seven years. I used many treatments—consulted doctors—tried hot baths—used almost every known mineral water—but nothing did me any real good. The pains were in my joints and back, and I had frequent headaches and bad indigestion. About a year ago, I saw 'Fruit-a-tives' advertised and decided to try them. After I had taken two boxes, I was much better. Altogether I took seven boxes. I have had no rheumatism for over six months now and feel that I am quite cured. I have gained over ten pounds in weight."

"Fruit-a-tives" cure because the intensified fruit juices and tonics strengthen the kidneys—regulate the bowels—and invigorate the skin. This means pure blood, free of uric acid.

Cure yourself. Take, "Fruit-a-tives" now and be free of Rheumatism all winter. 50c a box; 6 for \$2.50. At druggists, or from Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa, Ont.

BRANDING CATTLE.

Method of Using the Hot Iron and the Marking Knife.

Near the fire the horse stopped. The two "bull doggers" immediately pounced upon the calf. It was promptly flopped over on its right side. One knelt on its head and twisted back its foreleg in a sort of hammer lock. The other seized one hind foot, pressed his boot heel against the other hind leg close to the body and sat down behind the animal. Thus the calf was unable to struggle. When once you have had the wind knocked out of you or a rib or two broken you cease to think this unnecessarily rough. Then one of the others threw off the rope. Homer rode away, coiling the rope as he went.

"Hot iron!" yelled the bull dogger.

"Marker!" yelled the other.

Immediately two men ran forward. The brander pressed the iron smoothly against the flank. A smoke and the smell of scorching hair arose. Perhaps the calf bleated a little as the heat scorched. In a brief moment it was

over. The brand showed cherry, which is the proper color to indicate due peeling and a successful mark.

In the meantime the marker was engaged in his work. First, with a sharp knife, he cut off slanting the upper quarter of one ear; then he nicked out a swallowtail in the other. The pieces he thrust into his pocket in order that at the completion of the work he could thus check the cattleman's tally board as to the number of calves branded. The bull dogger let go. The calf sprang up, was appropriated and smelled by his worried mother, and the two departed into the herd to talk it over.

It seems to me that a great deal of unnecessary twaddle is abroad as to the extreme cruelty of branding. Undoubtedly it is to some extent painful, and could some other method of ready identification be devised it might be as well to adopt it in preference, but in the circumstance of a free range, thousands of cattle and hundreds of owners any other method is out of the question. I remember a New England movement looking toward small brass tags to be hung from the ear. Inextinguishable laughter followed the spread of this doctrine through Arizona. Imagine a puncher examining politely the ear tags of wild cattle on the open range or in a roundup!

But, as I have intimated, even the inevitable branding and ear marking are not so painful as one might suppose. The scorching hardly penetrates below the outer tough skin—only enough to kill the roots of the hair—besides which it must be remembered that cattle are not as sensitive as the higher nervous organisms. A calf usually bellows when the iron bites, but as soon as released he almost invariably goes to feeding or to looking idly about. Indeed, I have never seen one even take the trouble to lick his wounds, which is certainly not true in the case of the injuries they inflict on each other in fighting. Besides which it happens but once in a lifetime and is over in ten seconds, a comfort denied us who have our teeth filled.—From "Round Up Days," by Stewart Edward White, in *Outing Magazine*.

A Quick Retort.

Tennessee bred two great orators in the olden days—Andrew Johnson, a Democrat, once president of the United States, and Gustavus A. Henry, a Whig, known as the "Eagle Orator of the South." They ran against each other for governor, and when a long series of joint debates had reached its close Johnson addressed the Whigs in the audience, "I have spoken with the boasted eagle orator from the Mississippi river to the Unaka mountains, and as yet I see no flesh in his talons nor blood on his beak." Quick as a flash Henry was on his feet, saying, "The American eagle is a proud bird and feeds not on carrion."

INGENUOUS CIPHER.

The Letter That Brought Freedom to Sir John Trevanion.

During the great rebellion Sir John Trevanion, a distinguished cavalier, was made prisoner and locked up in Colchester castle. Sir Charles Lucas and Sir George Lisle had just been made examples of as a warning to "malignants," and Trevanion had every reason to expect a similar end. As he awaited his doom he was startled by the entrance of the jailer, who handed him a letter.

"May't do thee good," growled the fellow. "It has been well looked to be fore it was permitted to come to you."

Sir John took the letter, and the jailer left him his lamp by which to read it.

Worth Sir John.—Hope, that is ye best comfort of ye afflicted, cannot much, I fear me, help you now. That I wolde say to you, is this only: if ever I may be able to requite that I do owe you, stand not upon asking of me. 'Tis not much I can do; but what I can do, bee thou verie sure I wille. I knowe that, if dethe comes, if ordinary men fear it, it frights not you, accounting it for a high honour, to have such a reward of your loyalty. Pray yet that you may be spared this soe bitter cup. We pray that you may be, I fear not that you will grudge any sufferings. Only if be submission you can turn them away, 'tis the part of a wise man. Tell me, an if you can, to do for you any thinge that you wolde have done. The general goes back on Wednesday. Restinge your servant to command.—R. T.

Now, this letter was written according to a preconceived cipher. Every third letter after a stop was to tell. In this way Sir John made out, "Panel at east end of chapel slides." On the following evening the prisoner begged to be allowed to pass an hour of private devotion in the chapel. By means of a bribe this was accomplished. Before the hour had expired the chapel was empty. The bird had flown.—*London Tit-Bits*.

THE WORD "QUACK."

Its Origin Traced Back to the Sixteenth Century.

The original and acquired meanings of many an old word have been cleared up in the law courts. When "quack" had its turn, Sir Edward Clarke, who was probably quoting a dictionary, defined the word as "a boastful pretender to medical skill." "Quack" is undoubtedly derived by suggestion from the quacking of a duck. The quack doctor has always substituted volubility for knowledge. "Quacker" and "quacking cheat" were sixteenth century words. "Quack" in its present sense is certainly as old as 1696, when it was included in the earliest of our slang dictionaries. The original word was "quacksalver," a traveling empiric who quacked about his salves, and, according to Henley and Farmer, the dramatist Wycherly first shortened this word to "quack."

The full term, quack doctor, is found at least as early as 1710, when these words were used as a title to the Earl of Rochester's mountebank speech on Tower hill. This witty and profligate nobleman (he is always called witty and profligate) took it into his head to disappear from his friends and appear to the mob on Tower hill as a quack doctor. The speech he made on that occasion has been preserved, and it shows that quack oratory has gained nothing since.

It is not all printable in these polite pages, but the following passage will show its character:

"The cures I have done are as incredible as innumerable. I cured Prester John's godmother of a stupendous dolor in her os sacrum, which had like to cost the good lady the perdition of her huckle bone. I cur'd the Empress of Boolmapo of a cramp she got in her tongue by eating pork and butter'd rapins. I cur'd an old man of

Preacher's Opinions

Rev. P. K. McRae, Forks Baddock, C. B.: "I always count it a pleasure to recommend the Dr. Slocum Remedies to my parishioners. I believe there is nothing better for throat and lung troubles or weakness or run-down system. For speaker's sore throat I have found Psychine very beneficial."

Rev. W. H. Stevens, Paisley, Ont.: "Psychine seemed just the stimulant my system needed. I shall add my testimony as to its efficacy at every opportunity."

Rev. R. M. Browne, Amherst Head, N.S.: "I have often recommended Psychine since taking it myself, for it is a cure for the troubles you specify."

Rev. Chas. Stirling, Bath, N.B.: "I have used Psychine in my family; the results were marvelous. I have visited people who state that they never used its equal. I strongly recommend it."

Rev. J. S. I. Wilson, Markdale, Ont.: "I have taken two bottles of Psychine and am pleased to say that I am greatly improved in health. I was troubled with my throat, but now I find it about restored to its normal condition. I find my work very much less taxing. I believe Psychine is all claimed for it."

These are earnest preachers of the gospel of Psychine. They know whereof they speak. Psychine cures all throat, lung and stomach troubles. It is a great voice strengthener, acting directly on the vocal, respiratory and digestive organs, thus specially adapted to public speakers. At all druggists, 50c and \$1.00, or Dr. T. A. Slocum, Ltd., Toronto.

on a new importance. It was from a court of law, by the way, that Carlyle obtained the word "gig," which, with ferocious glee, he never ceased to use as a symbol of smug respectability. The trial of Thurtell at Hertford assizes for the murder of Mr. Weare produced the following dialogue:

"What sort of person was Mr. Weare?"

"He was always a most respectable person."

"What do you mean by respectable?"

"He kept a gig."

Carlyle's sardonic humor seized on this, and ever after when he was storming at respectabilities and unrealities "gigs" were not far from his mind. He even applied the word "gigmanity" to those classes of society which held the "gig" ideal.—John O'London in *London Tatler*.

Combs Made of Old Shoes.

A mountain of old boots and shoes, indescribably ugly, indescribably filthy, lay in the factory yard.

"We'll make combs out of them," said the chemist, "combs that will pass through the perfumed and lustrous locks of the most beautiful girls. Seems strange, doesn't it?"

"Very."

"Yet it's a fact. That is what becomes of all the world's old shoes. They are turned into combs. The leather is first cut into small pieces and immersed two days in a chloride of sulphur bath; then it is washed, dried and ground to powder; then it is mixed with glue or gum and pressed into comb molds.

"It makes good enough combs, but I prefer the rubber ones myself."—Exchange.

The Overcoat.

Probably in no other department sartorial is there exhibited so much indifference to hygienic considerations as in the overcoat. The greatest fallacy of all perhaps in regard to the choice of an overcoat is that the terms "weight" and "warmth" are synonymous. As a matter of fact, they are nearly always diametrically opposed. Moreover, the heavy overcoat is a tax on the resources of the organism and



A
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INVENTION**
FOR THE
**CULTURE
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CULTURE OF HAIR

THE EVANS VACUUM CAP is a practical invention constructed on scientific and hygienic principles by the simple means of which a free and normal circulation is restored throughout the scalp. The minute blood vessels are gently stimulated to activity, thus allowing the food supply which can only be derived from the blood, to be carried to the hair roots, the effects of which are quickly seen in a healthy, vigorous growth of hair. There is no rubbing, and as no drugs or chemicals of whatsoever kind are employed there is nothing to cause irritation. It is only necessary to wear the Cap three or four minutes daily.

60 DAYS' FREE TRIAL!

The Company's Guarantee.

An EVANS VACUUM CAP will be sent you for sixty days' free trial. I do not see a gradual development of a new growth of hair, and are not convinced that the Cap will completely restore your hair, you are at liberty to return the Cap with no expense whatever to yourself. It is requested, as an evidence of good faith, that the price of the Cap be deposited with the Chancery Lane Safe Deposit Company of London, the largest financial and business institution of the kind in the world, who will issue a receipt guaranteeing that the money will be returned in full, on demand without questions or comment, at any time during the trial period.

The eminent Dr. L. N. LOVE, in his address to the Medical Board on the subject of Alopecia (loss of hair) stated that if a means could be devised to bring nutrition to the hair follicles (hair roots), without restoring to any irritating process, the problem of hair growth would be solved. Later on, when the EVANS VACUUM CAP was submitted to him for inspection, he remarked that the Cap would fulfil and confirm in practice the observations he had previously made before the Medical Board.

Dr. W. MOORE, referring to the invention, says that the principle upon which the Evans Vacuum Cap is founded is absolutely correct and indisputable.

An illustrated and descriptive book of the Evans Vacuum Cap will be sent, post free, on application.

THE SECRETARY, EVANS VACUUM CAP CO., LIMITED.

Regent House, Regent Street, London, W.

credible as innumerable. I cured Prestor John's godmother of a stupendous dolor in her os sacrum, which had like to cost the good lady the perdition of her huckle bone. I cur'd the Empress of Boolmapo of a cramp she got in her tongue by eating pork and butterd parsnips. I cur'd an alderman of Grand Cairo of a scarlet, burning, raging fever, of which he dy'd. I cur'd the Emperor of Morocco, who lay seven years sick of the plague. I cur'd him in forty-two minutes so that he danc'd the serabrand, flipflap and Somerset to the admiration of his whole court. For my pains he presented me with 6,000 Hungarian ducats and a Turkish cymeter. Verbum sat sapienti. No cure, no money."

I doubt very much whether Sir Edward Clarke was right in saying that the word "quack" was revived by Carlyle after it had died out. So useful a word is not likely to have been dropped, though in Carlyle's vocabulary of denunciation it certainly took

as in the overcoat. The greatest fallacy of all perhaps in regard to the choice of an overcoat is that the terms "weight" and "warmth" are synonymous. As a matter of fact, they are nearly always diametrically opposed. Moreover, the heavy overcoat is a tax on the resources of the organism and destroys the economy which a good insulating cloth is intended to secure. —London Lancet.

To check a cold quickly, get from your druggist some little Candy Tablets called Preventics. Druggists everywhere are now dispensing Preventics, for they are not only safe, but decidedly effective and prompt. Preventics contain no quinine, no laxative, nothing harsh nor sickening. Taken at the "sneeze stage" Preventics will prevent Pneumonia, Bronchitis, La Grippe, etc. Hence the name Preventics. Good for feverish children. 48 Preventics 25c. Trial boxes 5c. Sold by—All Dealers.

Tumors Conquered Without Operations

Unqualified Success of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in Cases of Mrs. Fox and Miss Adams.



One of the greatest triumphs of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the conquering of woman's dread enemy, Tumor.

So-called "wandering pains" may come from its early stages, or the presence of danger may be made manifest by excessive monthly periods accompanied by unusual pain extending from the abdomen through the groin and thighs.

If you have mysterious pains, if there are indications of inflammation, ulceration or displacement, don't wait for time to confirm your fears and go through the horrors of a hospital operation; secure Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once and begin its use and write Mrs. Pinkham of Lynn, Mass., for advice.

Read these strong letters from grateful women who have been cured:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:— (First Letter.)

"In looking over your book I see that your medicine cures Tumors. I have been to a doctor and he tells me I have a tumor. I will be more than grateful if you can help me, as I do so dread an operation."—Fannie D. Fox, Bradford, Pa.

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:— (Second Letter.)

"I take the liberty to congratulate you on the success I have had with your wonderful medicine.

"Eighteen months ago my periods stopped. Shortly after I felt so badly I submitted to a thorough examination by a physician, and was told that I had a tumor and would have to undergo an operation. "I soon after read one of your advertisements and decided to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial. After taking five bottles as directed, the tumor is entirely gone. I have again been confirmed

by the physician and he says I have no signs of a tumor now. It has also brought my periods around once more; and I am entirely well. I shall never be without a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in the house."—Fannie D. Fox, Bradford, Pa.

Another Case of Tumor Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:— "About three years ago I had intense pain in my stomach, with cramps and racing headaches. The doctor prescribed for me, but finding that I did not get any better he examined me and, to my surprise, declared I had a tumor.

"I felt sure that it meant my death warrant, and was very disheartened. I spent hundreds of dollars in doctoring, but the tumor kept growing, till the doctor said that nothing but an operation would save me. Fortunately I corresponded with my aunt in the New England States, who advised me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound before submitting to an operation, and I at once started taking a regular treatment, hoping to my great relief that my general health began to improve, and after three months I noticed that the tumor had reduced in size. I kept on taking the Compound, and in ten months it had entirely disappeared without an operation, and using no medicine but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and words fail to express how grateful I am for the good it has done me."—Miss Luella Adams, Colman Hotel, Seattle, Wash.

Such unquestionable testimony proves the value of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and should give confidence and hope to every sick woman.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all ailing women to write to her at Lynn, Mass., for advice.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound; a Woman's Remedy for Women's Ills.

Bay of Quinte Railway and Navigation Company

GENERAL PASSENGER TIME TABLE.

Eastern Standard Time. No. 28 Taking effect Jan 1st, 1906.

Bannockburn and Tamworth to Napanee and Deseronto.

Stations.	Miles	No. 12	No. 40	No. 4	No. 6
		A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.
ve Bannockburn	0	6:00	1:40		
Allans	5	6:15	1:50		
Queensboro	8	6:25	2:05		
Bridgewater	14	6:40	2:25		
Ar Tweed	20	6:55	2:45		
Lve					
Tweed	20	7:00	2:50	8:15	5:00
Stoco	23	7:10	3:05	8:30	5:15
Larkins	27	7:25	3:20	8:45	5:30
Marlbank	33	7:40	3:35	9:00	5:45
Erinsville	37	7:55	3:50	9:15	5:55
Tamworth	40	8:10	4:05	9:30	6:10
Wilson	44	8:25	4:20	9:45	6:25
Enterprise	46	8:35	4:30	9:55	6:35
Mudlake Bridge	48	8:45	4:40	10:05	6:45
Moscow	51	8:55	4:50	10:15	6:55
Galbraith	53	9:05	5:00	10:25	7:05
Yarker	55	9:15	5:10	10:35	7:15
Ar					
Yarker	55	10:10	3:17	6:25	
Camden East	59	10:25	3:35	6:40	
Thompson's Mills	60	10:35	3:45	6:50	
Newburgh	61	10:45	3:55	7:00	
Strathcona	63	10:55	4:05	7:10	
Napanee	69	11:05	4:15	7:20	
Lve					
Napanee	69	11:25	4:35	7:40	
Deseronto	78		4:55	8:00	

Deseronto and Napanee to Tamworth and Bannockburn.

Stations.	Miles	No. 1	No. 41	No. 3	No. 5
		A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.
Lve Deseronto	0	7:00	12:35		
Ar Napanee	9	7:10	1:15		
Lve Napanee	9	7:40	1:35	13:10	4:25
Strathcona	15	8:05	1:40	13:25	4:40
Newburgh	17	8:15	1:50	13:35	4:50
Thompson's Mills	18	8:30	2:00	13:45	5:00
Camden East	19	8:45	2:15	13:55	5:15
Ar Yarker	23	8:50	2:17	14:00	5:25
Lve Yarker	23	9:00	2:27	14:10	5:35
Galbraith	25				
Moscow	27	9:20	2:38	14:15	
Mudlake Bridge	30				
Enterprise	32	9:35	2:50	14:30	5:45
Wilson	34	10:00	3:10	14:48	
Tamworth	38	10:10	3:25		
Erinsville	41	10:10	3:25		
Marlbank	45	10:25	3:40		
Larkins	51	10:45	4:15		
Stoco	55	11:05	4:35		
Ar Tweed	56	11:15	4:45		
Lve Tweed	56	11:30	4:50		
Bridgewater	64	11:50	5:10		
Queensboro	70	12:05	5:30		
Allans	73	12:20	5:45		
Ar Bannockburn	78	12:40	6:00		

Kingston and Sydenham to Napanee and Deseronto.

Stations.	Miles	No. 2	No. 4	No. 5
		A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Lve Kingston	0			
G. T. R. Junction	10		3:35	
Glennville	14		4:04	
Murvale	19		4:20	
Ar Harrowsmith	19		4:20	
Lve Harrowsmith	19		4:20	
Sydenham	23	8:00		
Ar Harrowsmith	19	8:10		
Frontenac	26	8:35		
Yarker	36	9:05	3:05	6:20
Lve				
Camden East	30	9:15	3:15	6:38
Thompson's Mills	31			
Newburgh	32	9:30	3:25	6:48
Strathcona	34	9:45	3:35	6:58
Napanee	40	10:00	3:50	7:15
Ar Napanee	40			
Napanee, West End	49			7:35
Ar Deseronto	49			7:55

Deseronto and Napanee to Sydenham and Kingston.

Stations.	Miles	No. 1	No. 3	No. 5
		A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Lve Deseronto	0	7:00		
Ar Napanee	9	7:10		
Lve Napanee	9	7:40	12:40	4:40
Strathcona	15	8:05	13:00	4:50
Newburgh	17	8:15	13:10	5:00
Thompson's Mills	18	8:30	13:20	5:10
Camden East	19	8:45	13:30	5:20
Ar Yarker	23	8:50	13:40	5:30
Lve Yarker	23	9:00	13:50	5:40
Galbraith	25			
Moscow	27	9:20		
Mudlake Bridge	30			
Enterprise	32	9:35		
Wilson	34	10:00		
Tamworth	38	10:10		
Erinsville	41	10:10		
Marlbank	45	10:25		
Larkins	51	10:45		
Stoco	55	11:05		
Ar Tweed	56	11:15		
Lve Tweed	56	11:30		
Bridgewater	64	11:50		
Queensboro	70	12:05		
Allans	73	12:20		
Ar Bannockburn	78	12:40		

LOCAL WORKING TIME TABLE.

NAPANEE TO DESERONTO and PICTON.

STEAMERS

Leave Napanee Deseronto

2:20 a.m. 2:40 a.m.

3:30 " 3:50 "

6:55 " 7:15 "

10:50 " 10:50 "

11:00 " 11:25 "

12:05 p.m. 12:25 p.m.

1:20 " 1:40 "

4:30 " 4:50 "

6:35 " 6:55 "

6:50 " 7:10 "

8:15 " 8:35 "

7:00 a.m. 8:30 a.m.

1:40 p.m. 3:00 p.m.

5:30 p.m. 7:00 p.m.

7:00 a.m. 8:30 a.m.

Daily. All other rains run dull. Sundays excepted.

WALTER RATHBUN President.

H. B. SHERWOOD Superintendent.

D. A. VALLEU Ass't. Superintendent.

PICTON TO DESERONTO and NAPANEE.

Stations.	Miles	No. 1	No. 3	No. 5
		A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Lve Deseronto	0	7:00		
Ar Picton	9	7:10		
Lve Picton	9	7:40	12:40	4:40
Strathcona	15	8:05	13:00	4:50
Newburgh	17	8:15	13:10	5:00
Thompson's Mills	18	8:30	13:20	5:10
Camden East	19	8:45	13:30	5:20
Ar Yarker	23	8:50	13:40	5:30
Lve Yarker	23	9:00	13:50	5:40
Galbraith	25			
Moscow	27	9:20		
Mudlake Bridge	30			
Enterprise	32	9:35		
Wilson	34	10:00		
Tamworth	38	10:10		
Erinsville	41	10:10		
Marlbank	45	10:25		
Larkins	51	10:45		
Stoco	55	11:05		
Ar Tweed	56	11:15		
Lve Tweed	56	11:30		
Bridgewater	64	11:50		
Queensboro	70	12:05		
Allans	73	12:20		
Ar Bannockburn	78	12:40		

RICHMOND MINUTES

Selby, January 13th, 1907.

The Council elect met at Selby. The members present were Messrs. R. W. Paul, Reeve, and Councilors A. McCutcheon, E. R. Sills, C. H. Spencer, Manly Jones.

After being duly organized they took their seats at the Council Board. The Reeve presiding.

The minutes of the last meeting of the old council of 1907 were read and confirmed.

Several applications for auditors were read and laid on the table.

Applications for assessor were read and laid on the table.

Applications for road engine r were read.

An application from John McFarland for supplying an engine for running the crusher was read.

Moved by Manly Jones and seconded by C. H. Spencer, that the Reeve and Councilor Sills be a committee to investigate the matter of Geo Lindsay in reference of securing a road from what is known as Davy's Islands to the Deseronto Road in the first concession Carried.

An account of the Napanee Express for \$57.50 was read. Laid on the table.

An account of M. S. Madole for supplies for Township roads was read, amounting to \$14.94. Laid on the table.

An account from Messrs. Wood & Sparks, M. D., factors of Medicine, Kingston, for examining patients for the asylum was read, amounting to \$10.00 Filed.

A communication was read from the General Hospital for sick children, asking aid. Filed.

A communication was read from the Dominion Sewer and Pipe Company. Filed.

A communication was read from Deroche & Deroche in reference to William French's road work in 1907. Laid on the table.

Moved by C. H. Spencer and seconded by E. R. Sills, that Wm. French receive \$7 in remuneration for statute labor paid in 1907. Carried.

Moved by Manly Jones and seconded by E. R. Sills, that the Poland Printing Company be paid the sum of \$67.50 printing account for 1907. Carried.

Moved by Manly Jones and seconded by C. H. Spencer, that M. W. Foot be paid \$2.00 remuneration of statute labor by order of the pathmaster, Edward Huffman. Carried.

Moved by Alfred McCutcheon, seconded by C. H. Spencer, that the Reeve and Councilor Sills be appointed a committee to get the printing done, the Minutes and By-Laws and auditors report to be printed in book form. All the rest of the printing necessary for the year 1908 and also insert the minutes of the council of each month in the Napanee papers. Carried.

Moved by C. H. Spencer seconded by Manly Jones, that Wm. M. Sills be appointed Assessor for 1908. Carried.

Moved by C. H. Spencer seconded by E. R. Sills, that Thomas V. Saxsmith, and C. N. Lucas be appointed Auditors for 1908. Carried.

Moved by Manly Jones seconded by E. R. Sills, that R. J. Delong be reappointed a member of the Board of Health for the ensuing year. Carried.

Moved by Alfred McCutcheon seconded by E. R. Sills, that the following accounts be paid: M. S. Madole, plank for covering bridges, \$14.94; G. S. Richardson, repairs for Crusher \$180. Carried.

Moved by E. R. Sills, seconded by Manly Jones, that C. H. Spencer and Alfred McCutcheon be appointed a committee with power to act in reference to the care of Mrs. Magdalene Fralick. Carried.

Moved by C. H. Spencer seconded by M. Jones, that the sum of \$80.00 paid



MRS. ADDIE HARDING.

Mrs. Addie Harding, 810 Court street, Syracuse, N. Y., writes:

"I have been a user of Peruna for the last twelve years and can truthfully say that there is no better medicine on earth.

"With me it is a sure preventive for colds and many other ills. In my home can always be found a bottle

of Peruna. Two or three times a year I am troubled with my throat.

"I always had to have the services of my physician two or three times in each case.

"Although a user of Peruna, I never thought of taking it for my throat until about two years ago.

"I tried Peruna to check it, and to my great delight I was not troubled with the smothered and choked feeling and never have since.

"I can check it every time with Peruna.

"I certainly would not be without Peruna one minute."

The fight against consumption is becoming a national problem.

Everywhere we hear of sanitariums established at the expense of the state for the treatment of the vast army of consumptions.

The open air treatment, fresh air and sunlight, are recognized by the medical profession generally as being the greatest necessities in the treatment of consumption in all of its stages.

Dr. Hartman has for many years advocated the fresh air treatment for consumption. At the same time he has recognized Peruna as a useful palliative for the many distressing symptoms which accompany the white plague.

MRS. MARY MEYER.

Mrs. Mary Meyer, Thomson avenue, near Shell Road, Winfield, L. Y., N. Y., writes:

"I have been annoyed with a cough for years.

"Often it was so bad that I could not sleep half the night. Many people thought I had consumption.

"A woman recommended Peruna to me two years ago. I began to take Peruna and now I am perfectly free from a cough.

"I am glad to say that Peruna cured me entirely. I take Peruna occasionally when I do not feel well and I also give it to my children.

"Peruna is the best medicine for coughs and colds. I have told many people how much Peruna has helped me."

Peruna tends to lessen the cough, decreases the expectoration, strengthens the patient, increases the appetite and in many cases procures sound, refreshing sleep.

But the value of Peruna in the treatment of a case of consumption is not so great as it is in the prevention of consumption.

Since it is well known that consumption begins with a common cold or catarrh, any medicine that can be relied upon to relieve these must be regarded as a preventive of consumption.

Thousands of cases of incipient consumption, or chronic coughs, or settled colds, have reported Peruna as being a safe and reliable remedy for these ailments.

MRS. FRANCES WILSON.

Mrs. Frances Wilson, 32 Nelson street, Clinton, Mass., writes:

"Had you seen me at the time of my illness and now, you would not wonder that I take delight in sounding the praises of Peruna.

"My ailment was a severe cold which attacked the bronchial tubes and lungs. I followed your special directions and after using six bottles of Peruna I was on my feet again.

"I think Peruna a wonderful medicine."

The promptness with which Peruna relieves a fresh cold, and even removes chronic colds, that have become thoroughly established, is well known throughout the entire country. This ranks Peruna as a reliable prophylactic against consumption.

Mrs. Wm. Swain, 4245 Stiles street, W. Philadelphia, Pa., writes:

"Before I commenced taking Peruna I had used almost everything I could think of for catarrh.

"I felt so tired when getting up in the morning and my lungs felt dry and sore. No one who has not experienced it can imagine how I suffered.

"I tried nearly everything recommended, but nothing did me any permanent good.

"The first bottle of Peruna did me so much good that I continued taking it until completely cured.

"I cannot praise Peruna high enough. I wish every one could know of it."

Those suffering from colds can do nothing better than to procure a bottle of Peruna and give it a fair trial.

"A SURE PREVENTIVE."

CONSUMPTION WAS FEARED.

CONSUMPTION PREVENTED.

Ask Your Druggist for Free Peruna Almanac for 1908.

DENBIGH

Up to the end of last week, we had very modest and mild weather, and just snow enough to make good sleighing, but for several days now the weather has been cold and stormy, and some of our roads are blocked with snow. For the first time this winter our Pievna Stage and Mail driver failed to arrive yesterday, and as it is snowing again, it is uncertain how long we may yet have to wait before we get any outside news.

Our Village School is in operation again, and the parents of most of the pupils in the Section are glad that the

AN UNCONQUERED PEAK.

Lizard Head on Mount Wilson Has Defied the Climbers.

The mountains and peaks of the San Juan in northwestern Colorado present a different appearance from any of the northern Rockies.

They are grander, more precipitous, with sharper pinnacles and more jagged in outline. In height Mounts Massive, Elbert and Blanca slightly outrank those of the San Juan, but nowhere else can be found whole groups

A CLOCK IN A BOTTLE.

The Way This Marvel of Mechanism Was Constructed.

A German clockmaker living in the little village of Gommer, near Magdeburg, built a clock in a bottle. The maker, H. Rosin, secured a strong movement with a cylinder escapement, measuring forty-five millimeters and began by sawing the plate into halves. The opening in the neck of the bottle measures fifteen millimeters, and in order to get these halves into the bottle he cut another segment off each of

S. Richardson, repairs for Crusher \$180. Carried.

Moved by E. R. Sills, seconded by Manly Jones, that C. H. Spencer and Alfred McCurcheon be appointed a committee with power to act in reference to the care of Mrs. Magdalene Fralick. Carried.

Moved by C. H. Spencer seconded by M. Jones, that the sum of \$80.00, paid to E. R. Sills on Nov. 2nd, 1903, for improvement on Tamarack Swamp Drain, be levied and collected in this year's taxes. Carried.

Moved by C. H. Spencer seconded by E. R. Sills, that we call the attention of the County Council of the bad state of the Naparree and Sheffield road, as it is not suitable for travel, that goes on it and also that some places are dangerous and liable for damages where heavy loads pass and that the county will be held responsible for any damages, we called special attention to three of the bridges. Carried.

By-Laws for the appointment of a Board of Health, Auditors and Assessors were given their first, second, third reading and finally passed.

Moved and seconded that the council adjourn to meet on the first Monday in February at the hour of 1 o'clock p. m.

ABRAM WINTERS,
Tp. Clerk.

BURIED IN CEMENT.

The Story of an Arab Boy Who Renounced Mohammedanism.

According to history, there was born about the year 1520 an Arab boy named Geronimo. He was captured in infancy by the Spanish garrison at Oran, and when about eight years old he escaped from his captors and went back to his family, living as a Moham median until the age of twenty-five. He then voluntarily returned to Oran and resumed the Christian life which he had adopted previously when in the hands of the Spanish authorities. A few years later he went on a coasting raid with a party of Spaniards, but the raiders were themselves captured by a Moorish corsair and brought to Algiers. Here the attempt was made to convert him to Mohammedanism, but he persistently refused to embrace that faith, so that he was tried and condemned to die. His hands were tied behind his back, and he was cast alive, face downward, into a block of concrete then being prepared for the Fort des Vingt Quatre Heures, then building. Careful note was taken of the spot by Haido, a Spanish Benedictine missionary to Algiers, who prayed the time might come when the Lord would pave the way for his exhumation and Christian burial. In 1853 the French found it necessary to destroy the fort, and the data left by Haido were found to be correct, for the designated block of concrete on being cut open disclosed the bones of Geronimo and the cavity left by his body. The bones were removed Dec. 27, 1853, and given Christian burial, and they now rest in a massive stone sarcophagus in the cathedral. A plaster cast was made of the cavity and afterward photographed.—Cement Age.

Sand and Lime Bricks.

Bricks made of sand and lime and hardened in the air are used largely in communities where there is no clay from which clay brick can be made, but where an abundance of sand can be found.

Evening Dress.

Man's evening dress is a monstrosity composed of some dingy material cut in meaningless angles, relieved in the middle by one large sheet of raw white cardboard.

Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat
A Candy Spiced Laxative.

now. For the first time this winter our Plevna Stage and Mail driver failed to arrive yesterday, and as it is snowing again, it is uncertain how long we may yet have to wait before we get any outside news.

Our Village School is in operation again, and the parents of most of the pupils in the Section are glad that the long vacations are ended. A Mr. Wagar, of Deseronto, has been engaged as Principal.

At the first meeting of the Municipal Council held last Monday, Messrs. Albert Lockwood and Charles Both were appointed Auditors of the Township Treasurer's books, and Mr. Frank Rodgers was appointed Assessor for this year.

Stuart Rodgers, of Charlton, New Ontario, spent a few days at his old home on business and seeing old friends.

MARYSVILLE.

Mrs. Michael McAlpine and little son, have returned home, after spending a couple of weeks with her father, Mr. Langdon, Sarnia.

Mr. and Mrs. John C. Meagher spent a few days recently with Dennie Sheehan, Westbrooke.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Scanlin, 2nd concession, entertained a number of their young friends on Thursday.

James McAlpine recently visited Belleville.

Miss Mary Fox, Deseronto, has returned home, after spending a few days with her friend, Miss Mary Traynor.

Michael Fahy returned to Kingston on Monday, after spending the holidays at his home.

James Murphy returned on Tuesday, after spending a couple of pleasant weeks with his aunt, Mrs. John Corrigan.

Our schools have re-opened, with two new teachers, Miss Molly Haggerty, in S. S. No. 7, and Miss Corley, Lindsay, in S. S. No. 6.

Quite a number of Miss Mary Farrell's friends from Lonsdale, surprised her by bringing a party to her home last Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Corrigan were "At Home" to a number of their friends on Tuesday night.

The Gem food chopper makes a very acceptable Xmas gift, 3 sizes.

M. S. MADOLE.

A Paris Restaurant.

The Parisian men are not likely to grumble, at being asked to dine in dress clothes in any particular London restaurant, for they have in Paris a dining place where this unwritten law has always been enforced. No man ever goes to dine at the Armentouville in the Bois de Boulogne without putting on his dress clothes. Why fashion has decreed that a Frenchman may dine at any of the boulevard restaurants in tenue de ville, but must wear a swallowtail coat when he drives to the big park of Paris to dine, no one knows. It is custom, and there to a Parisian is the end of it.—Bellman.

ORGANIC HEART DISEASE,

Nervousness and Indigestion Relieved in 30 Minutes.

The Rev. Father Lord, Sr., Montreal, Canada, says: "I have been a sufferer for 20 years from organic heart disease, nervousness and dyspepsia and have doctored both in France and America, with but temporary relief. I tried Dr. Agnew's Heart Cure and was indeed surprised at the immediate relief I obtained. I am firmly convinced that it will cure any case of heart disease and will strengthen the nerves and stomach."

Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills are the best. Only 10c for 40 doses. Sold by T. B. Wallace

Juan in northwestern Colorado present a different appearance from any of the northern Rockies.

They are grander, more precipitous, with sharper pinnacles and more jagged in outline. In height Mount Massive, Elbert and Blanca slightly outrank those of the San Juan, but nowhere else can be found whole groups of mountains rearing their heads to and above 14,000 feet.

Mount Wilson—14,250 feet—the dominant peak, is one of the most massive in the entire Rocky mountain range. Just east of this mountain is the remarkable trachyte obelisk called Lizard head. The vivid imagination of an early pioneer who had been "seeing things" is said to be responsible for the name.

The summit is 14,160 feet above the sea. From a ponderous base the pinnacle rises 290 feet, with a diameter at the foot of only about sixty feet, gradually tapering to less than half that at the top.

Lizard head has defied all attempts of mountain climbers to reach its summit. The foot of the pinnacle is easily accomplished, but thus far the steep sides of the 290 foot shaft have proved insurmountable. No doubt the time will come when the venturesome mountain climber will find a way, but many a failure is the record of the past.

Trains circle this mountain for miles on the way from Telluride to Rico.

The Way to Draw an Elephant.

Little Gladys—Granny, go down on your hands and knees a minute, please. Fond Grandmother—What am I to do that for, my pet? Gladys—Cause I want to draw an elephant.

Love of money is the disease which renders us most pitiful and grovelling.—Longinus.

True blessedness consisteth in a good life and a happy death.—Solon.

LITTLE GIRL'S FACE COVERED WITH ECZEMA

CURED BY ZAM-BUK.

That terrible skin disease Eczema is no respecter of persons. It attacks the new born baby as readily as the aged, but in Zam-Buk we have Nature's Remedy for combating and overcoming this tormenting and aggressive disease. The following cases testifying to the marvellous cures brought about by Zam-Buk is convincing argument that in Zam-Buk we have the very best skin cure offered to this or any other country:

Mrs. A. E. Grass, St. Catharines, says: "One box of Zam-Buk healed my little girl's face of Eczema. We use it for cuts and sores also."

Mrs. G. A. Kerr, Denbigh, Ont., says: "My baby's legs were so bad with Eczema that I could not keep stockings on her. A box of Zam-Buk cured her after the Doctor had failed."

Dame J. R. Smith, Hawkesbury, Ont., writes: "After three applications I was better of Eczema and before I had used half a box I was cured." Zam-Buk cures Cuts, Burns, Scalds, Ulcers, Ringworm, Itch, Barber's Rash, Blood Poison, Bad Leg, Salt Rheum, Abrasions, Abscesses and all skin injuries and diseases. Cf. all stores and druggists at 50 cents or from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, for price. 6 boxes for \$2.50.

Cord wood and Block wood for sale. Robt. Light 21-t-f

burg, built a clock in a bottle. The maker, H. Rosin, secured a strong movement with a cylinder escapement, measuring forty-five millimeters and began by sawing the plate into halves. The opening in the neck of the bottle measures fifteen millimeters, and in order to get these halves into the bottle he cut another segment off each of the halves of the plate. He built a sort of tripod as a resting place for the movement. This tripod was assembled after he had introduced its parts into the bottle separately. The tripod is so constructed that it cannot turn when the movement is being wound. The four pieces of the plate were fastened side by side by means of screws to the platform attached to the tripod, a long screwdriver and other tools especially constructed for the purpose having been used for this operation. When the plate was put together, the clock-maker proceeded to put all the parts of the movement in their original places with the motion wheels for the hands. A ring of white metal was placed around the neck of the bottle, and upon this ring was soldered a round plate, thus closing the opening. On this cover were fastened in an inclined position the arms which serve as a support for the dial.

The dial is made of a ground glass plate, which has a diameter of twenty centimeters. The black numbers on the dial are cut skeleton fashion and cemented to the glass. At night one can tell the time by placing a light behind the dial.—Technical World.

But It Went.

"Prisoner at the bar," said the magistrate, "for the crime of overspeeding you will pay a fine of \$10 or be took to jail for ten days."

"That's not a correct sentence," murmured the prisoner. — Philadelphia Ledger.

Ladies cycle hockey skate, neatest lightest and strongest skate manufactured.

F. M. S. MADOLE.

The rich mellowness of the best Mocha perfectly blended with the full flavored Java gives to

GREIG'S WHITE SWAN COFFEE

every quality that delights and satisfies. Our method of roasting develops and preserves all this rich flavor. We put it up in sealed parchment containers hot from the roasters and again seal it in tins so none of its delightful aroma is lost.

Ask your grocer for White Swan Coffee.

The Robert Greig Co., Limited, Toronto



LOCAL SALESMAN WANTED

FOR NAPANEE AND ADJOINING COUNTRY

To represent.....

CANADA'S GREATEST NURSERIES

A permanent situation for the right man, for whom the territory will be reserved. Pay weekly. Free equipment. Write for particulars.

STONE & WELLINGTON, Fonthill Nurseries

(over 800 Acres) Toronto, Ontario.

A MAN'S REVENGE;

OR, THE CONVICT'S DAUGHTER.

CHAPTER XXI.

The next day Lady Cruse called and took Sunbeam away with her.

"I cannot wait any longer for you, my child," she said, "so you may as well come at once. To-morrow I go to the country for a day or two, and I want you with me. She reminds me more and more every day of the daughter I might have had," she added, turning to Lady Larkin, who, under the circumstances, was not at all sorry to see Sunbeam go.

Duncan therefore had no further opportunity for resuming the conversation Eileen had so rudely interrupted. Prudence whispered that it was just as well that Fate had intervened for the present, and he consoled himself with the knowledge that Lady Cruse and her protégé were due at Brackley Park very shortly, though, after the manner in which Eileen had spoken to Sunbeam, in his hearing, he wondered how Sunbeam would fare as her guest.

He felt displeased with Eileen for her attitude towards Sunbeam, and also disgusted. For he had never before seen that side of his fiancée's character, and, manlike, so little believed in female pettiness, that, at its appearance, he was more than horrified.

Therefore he showed his displeasure plainly the whole evening, and Eileen, heart-sore and somewhat ashamed of herself, took refuge in a silence from which no one could rouse her but Lord St. Aubin, who was one of the party.

But if she thought she aroused jealousy in Duncan's heart by her open flirtation with his rival she was indeed mistaken, for, instead of jealousy, a strange wild hope possessed him, as her high laugh and flippant tones fell on his ear—hope that eventually she would really make up her mind to accept this faithful admirer and free him for good and all.

But Eileen was not really a bad-tempered girl, and she soon became herself again, and had so much need of Duncan during the following days that he had very little time free, and drifted quietly into the role of a devoted lover. But his thoughts were nevertheless with Sunbeam, and the strange idea that had crept into his mind during his conversation with her.

If only he knew where Hetty had gone to. But he had not an inkling of her whereabouts, and, with a thousand questions awaiting the answers she alone could give, he, in his few spare moments from Eileen's side, paced the unfashionable streets of the metropolis in the hope of suddenly meeting her.

Walking in Bond Street one morning, he met Lady Cruse with Sunbeam. The girl looked radiantly happy, and was talking gaily to her companion, whose face had lost its look of pathetic longing.

"Why, Duncan, what a stranger you are!" exclaimed the older woman, stopping and holding out her hand. "I wanted to see you to thank you for finding Sunbeam—her name is appropriate. She has warmed my heart. And I owe you eternal thanks."

"I am delighted to have rendered you a service," he replied, glancing from one to the other and smiling. "I am glad also that you saw Sunbeam before any one else wanted her. Experience has taught me the value of your friendship. Sunbeam is indeed lucky to have secured it."

"I tell myself that from morning to night," interrupted the girl. "I am afraid everybody is spoiling me."

"Nonsense," interposed Lady Cruse, her face growing tender. "I do not think anyone could do that, my child."

"Though I do not see why any one need know that she is not all one imagines her," she explained to her husband. "Therefore I shall enlighten no one myself. If any man showed signs of falling in love with her, then will be the time to speak—meanwhile, we can keep our own counsel. Eileen has included her in the invitation, and the Larkins have received her in their home circle; all that is sufficient for outsiders. More they certainly need not know."

Therefore, when Sunbeam joined the house-party at Brackley Park, she was received by the other guests as one of themselves. Nor did Eileen enlighten them as to her true position, though she herself was extremely cold and stiff with her, according her scant notice.

Nevertheless Sunbeam, who had dreaded the visit above all things, was surprised to find herself enjoying it, and grew lighter hearted every day; though she avoided Duncan, becoming shy and silent in his presence. Once he asked her if he had offended her, and though her answer was incoherently evasive, he understood that something had come between them, something that transformed the happy, laughing girl into a blushing, embarrassed woman in his presence.

Had he known that her changed manner was due to her sudden knowledge of her heart, he would have rejoiced, but, unfortunately, he put it down to other causes, and suffered accordingly.

Meanwhile, the days flew by in quick succession, and Fate hovered above both, watchful and menacing.

The first shadow fell across Sunbeam's path one glorious evening as she took a solitary walk in the grounds. The others had gone to a garden party at some large house a few miles off, leaving her behind with Eileen, who was suffering from neuralgia, and had remained in her room nearly all day.

Therefore Sunbeam had her tea alone, and, after a quiet row on the lake, turned into the wilderness—a tangled mass of greenery behind the house. Here she loved to roam; it was cool, silent, full of Nature's beauties and untouched by man. In parts the branches of the trees grew so close together that the sky was barely visible between their foliage, whilst below bushes and brambles smothered the paths.

Suddenly before her Sunbeam saw a man.

Though his back was turned to her, she knew him at once and stopped, paralyzed with fear, not knowing whether to advance or retreat. But he had evidently some inkling of her presence, for just as she was about to turn back he faced her, starting forward with a surprise as great as her own.

"Gawd!" he exclaimed. "You, Sunbeam—So I've found you at last! Who'd 'ave thought of your bein' here. Crickey! it's luck that brought me down!"

The terror that had possessed her hied away, and a look of relief sprang to her eyes.

"Father!" she murmured, going up to him, and holding out both hands pleadingly. "So you are glad to see me then, you—"

She paused, choking with emotion. She remembered the last time she had seen him, livid with bestial anger, and read the undisguised affection in his smiling face with a deep feeling of thankfulness. So he still loved her, and had missed her! She need no longer fear him, after all.

"Yes," he answered gruffly, "I'm delighted to see you, though maybe I oughter be angry wif you for your un-

is within the next two or three hours, for all the bedrooms are empty and the party won't be back for quite two hours. So, when you go back, just leave the glass door on the balcony open. I know it's locked, for I've just tried it. You see the 'ouse is deserted now, the servants are up in their jinks, and no one else about. I knowed all that. Even if they finds out when they come 'ome, it's safe enough, safer than in the night, as I wants to get to the bedrooms. So leave the door unlocked. That's all; yittle enough to do for your poor old father, what can't be a toff like you—"

"Oh, I can't," she murmured, growing white. "You forget I am received here as a guest. Besides, it would be wrong, anyhow. How can I help you to do such a thing?"

His face grew dark.

"I ain't come all this distance for no-think, nor to fail. I knowed the house was full of swells, and I knowed your Lady Cruse was 'ere—her pearls have made my mouth water for years—but I'll leave 'er alone for your sake if you'll help me to get at 'others'."

"I can't. Oh, I can't. If you hadn't seen me you would have managed without my help," she moaned.

"Yes. But I've wasted precious time with you now, and you bein' 'ere, it's natshal you should maket things easier for me. Now, then, say you will, and I'll leave you alone. You can't take the bread out of your own father's mouth, not your aunt's, what's starvin'—"

"Oh, how is she?" exclaimed Sunbeam in an eager tone, her thoughts flying to her aunt.

"Not long for this world if I can't get some money for 'er—so if you love 'er—Garn, put your purse away. I ain't the father what would help to take his child's 'ard-earned money. You help me like a good gal, and I promise to leave you alone; what's more, not to let Gentleman Dan worry you, do you 'ear'?"

"Yes, yes. But I cannot do what you ask. Anything but that. If you must enter the house, do it your own way, but don't ask me to help you."

He swore heavily under his breath, his threatening eyes on her.

"You won't?" he growled, seizing her arm roughly.

She winced at the touch. All her old fear revived. Then with a feeling of relief she heard a crackling of boughs on the other side of the bramble-bound hedge.

Her father dropped her arm, and sprang quickly as—e. Alarm for him killed her dread of him.

"Go," she whispered. "Go, some one is there, and they may see you."

He smiled.

"An honest man may walk 'ere without knowin' he's trespassin'," he muttered, moving away nevertheless; "and remember, if you don't help, I'll send Gentleman Dan to fetch you. Like Old Nick, he can get in anywhere. Within the next hour I expect your 'elp."

"I can't, I can't!" she reiterated in a low whisper, clasping her hands together tightly and turning back to the house as he crept behind a tree with a warning look on his ugly face.

But Sunbeam had not gone far when her father's voice sounded in her ear.

"Listen, Sunbeam—we got a scare for nothing. It was a bird, no doubt, in the brambles. Tell me what'll you say to me if I back out of this?"

She stood still with a sigh of relief.

"Do you mean if you give up the plan you were discussing, to—"

"Yes. You needn't go into it. You see, I love you still, Sunbeam, though you 'ave got a crank in your 'ead against me. But seein' you walkin' back so forlorn kinkin', I thought to meself: 'After all, I might spoil the gal's chances by goin' into that 'ouse; some might throw it up at 'er, and there's as good fish to catch elsewhere; so then I ups from behind the tree round which I was awatching you, and I run to tell you so. I'll go away at once. Forget what I said. Only what'll you do for me instead?'"

"You won't ask me to marry Gentleman Dan?" she asked.

"No. I'm sick of 'im meself, and was a fool about that—"

"I'll come back to you and Aunt Hetty—if you want me to—only now I'm no expense to you, and—"

"It's your dooty to 'elp us, and for the present you're doin' it by not comin' back. Now, I knows where y'are, I'll sleep content. No, I'll be generous, Sun-

USES FOR AUSTRIAN RECRUITS.

Heir to the Throne Has Them Do Duty as Dummy Trees.

Like the famous John Gilpin, the heir to the throne of Austria has a frugal mind, and, it has been maliciously whispered, sees great chances to exercise this virtue at the expense of the poor recruits.

Scores of these who came from the country are drafted off to the archducal estates and do their military service there, much of it consisting in game-keepers' duties in the Archduke's pleasant preserves. The recruits are also used when improvements in the parks and grounds are being made. According to one story squads of them are marched about and made to do duty as dummy trees while the heir to the throne stands at a distance and experiments as to where a clump of trees would look best.

The soldiers, being merely human, object all the more because there are no extra rations for this kind of duty. They have generally to shift for themselves and their miserable pay only procures them food far poorer than that which they would get in barracks, although that is not very sumptuous.

DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS CURE ANAEMIA

Pale Faces, Dizzy Spells, Palpitation Heart, Headaches and Shortness of Breath are Symptoms of Anaemia.

Watery blood is an open invitation to disease to take possession of your system. Watery blood is responsible for nearly all the headaches and backaches and sideaches that afflict woman-kind. Watery blood is responsible for the dull eyes, sallow cheeks and the listless, dragged-out feeling that is found in so many growing girls. Good blood means good health, and good blood actually comes through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Weak, ailing, despondent women who use this medicine are made active and strong; listless, pale-faced girls are given new health, rosy cheeks, bright eyes and a new sense of happiness and security. Mrs. E. S. Nightingale, Chesley, Ont., says:—"My daughter was ill for a long time with anaemia, and would often be confined to bed for three or four days at a time, and we feared she was going into decline. A lady friend advised the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I got half a dozen boxes. By the time these were used there was a marked improvement, and I got a further supply for her. The change these pills have wrought in her condition is so great that you would not think that she was the same girl. I will always have a kindly feeling for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

You can get these pills from any medicine dealer or by mail at 50c a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

THE COLD KEY.

A Popular and Ancient Remedy for the Nosebleed.

In case of hemorrhage, especially in those of bleeding from the nose, our forefathers applied to the forehead and to the nose ointments, and even the patient's own blood. They practised ligation of the limbs, a means devised by Apollonius in the reign of Nero, ligating the great toe of the side corresponding to the bleeding nostril, and they resorted to derivation by bloodletting. They plugged the ears with tow, a procedure recommended by Galen. But above all they sought to produce fainting. Locally, the haemastatic most employed was spider's web, with which they filled the nasal fossa. Of all these empirical pro-

a service, he replied, glancing from one to the other and smiling. "I am glad also that you saw Sunbeam before any one else wanted her. Experience has taught me the value of your friendship. Sunbeam is indeed lucky to have secured it."

"I tell myself that from morning to night," interrupted the girl. "I am afraid everybody is spoiling me."

"Nonsense," interposed Lady Cruse, her face growing tender. "I do not think anyone could do that, my child. Nor could I ever repay you sufficiently for the joy you already are to me. Had my child remained mine, Duncan, I would have chosen her just like Sunbeam—in appearance and character. Therefore she is my daughter now. We have quite settled that."

"Oh, Lady Cruse! I told you that some day I must go—my duty will be to do that," began Sunbeam in a quivering voice, her eyes turning inquiringly to Duncan's.

Lady Cruse laughed.

"There's some mistake there, my little friend. I shall not part with you easily, and you will not want to leave us."

"No; perhaps not. But one cannot always choose to do what one prefers," murmured the girl, her eyes filling with tears. Then, turning to Duncan, she continued in a voice broken with anxiety. "Have you heard anything of Aunt Hetty—or—my father?"

He shook his head.

"Nothing at all. But you need not worry. It will hurt neither of them to be anxious about you, and the longer they are in ignorance of your whereabouts the better it is for you."

"You are right, Duncan. I tell the child she is foolish to fret about them," exclaimed Lady Cruse. "And now good-bye. Shall we find you at Brackley Park when we go down there?"

"Yes; I am going there with Adele, so we shall meet ere long. Good-bye, Sunbeam. If I do find out where Miss Green is, I'll let you know."

"How good you are!" she murmured, looking gratefully at him.

He turned away quickly. His longing to seize her there in the face of all repossessed him. And he fancied that Lady Cruse's eyes had grown thoughtful and read his secret. If so, what did she think of him for loving one girl while engaged to another? And would she, like Adele, try to put temptation beyond his reach?

But Lady Cruse had not read his mind so clearly as he feared. She had certainly noticed how his face softened and his voice trembled, but she had not thoroughly fathomed his heart. Had she done so, she was sufficiently conventional to see the incongruity of his marrying Sunbeam, even with no obstacle, in the shape of Ellen, between them. For, much as she liked Sunbeam, she could not forget her parentage, and grieved that a girl so entirely above her class both in body and soul should be condemned by the laws of society to remain in it.

ingly. "You are good to see me, aren't you—you?"

She paused, choking with emotion. She remembered the last time she had seen him, livid with bestial anger, and read the undisguised affection in his smiling face with a deep feeling of thankfulness. So he still loved her, and had missed her! She need no longer fear him, after all.

"Yes," he answered gruffly. "I'm delighted to see you, though maybe I oughter be angry wi' you for your undolful behavior, but I've no time nor mind to talk of that. I'm artily glad to see that you still care for your old father. And may I ask what you're doin' here. It's natshur I want to know."

"I'm staying here, father, with the lady who has taken me as her companion, and—"

"Her what owns this place?"

"Oh, no. Lady Cruse."

He started, his eyes dilating.

"What? Lady Cruse?" he ejaculated. "You're her companion?"

"Yes—" she faltered, alarmed at his evident excitement. "For Lady Cruse saw me at—" She hesitated, wondering what she could say to avoid mentioning Duncan's name.

"Her companion, did you say?" he asked incredulously, his eyes devouring her face, as though eager to read her every thought.

"I said that, and it is true. Lady Cruse is very lonely; she wants a young girl with her. Years ago she lost her only child, and since has pined for a daughter—that is why—"

Her words were drowned in his laughter. Slapping his thigh, he gave himself up to his merriment, unconscious of her surprise and his own danger.

"Why do you laugh?" she asked, as he paused.

"My Gawd! it's such a joke—such a rich un' that, I can't help laughing. Never mind why now; be thankful I don't make you leave your companion—stippin' to this ere Lady Cruse and come with me at once. That's my right, you know. Honor, bright, you're not kiddin' me, eh, Sunbeam—you're just a paid companion to'er ladyship, nought else; not replacing that lost child, may-be?"

"I'm a paid companion, if that is what you mean," she replied seriously, wondering at his manner.

"Good. Then I'll leave you in your situation, my girl. Thanks to me for educating you, you've got it! But I leave you on one condition, and that is that you 'elp me a bit. First you're to say nothin' about seem' me 'ere, and then—"

"Oh, father, you're not going to do anything wrong in this house?" she exclaimed fearfully.

"What d'you think I'm 'ere for? We ain't all lucky enough to drop into clover like you. I know you're to be trusted whatever else y'are. So I say you must 'elp me now. It's a little enough thing for the man that's done all for you—even to bein' copped. I know my toime

what'll you do for me instead?"

"You won't ask me to marry Gentleman Dan?" she asked.

"No. I'm sick of 'im meself, and was a fool about that—"

"I'll come back to you and Aunt Hetty—if you want me to—only now I'm no expense to you, and—"

"It's your dooty to 'elp us, and for the present you're doin' it by not comin' back. Now, I'll be generous, Sunbeam, to show you I really love you. I'll ask for nothin' from you yet. I just gives this 'up 'cause I don't like you to be so miserable about it, and to show your old father ain't quite the brute you think him."

"Oh, father, thank you—it is good of you!" she exclaimed, throwing her arms suddenly around his neck and putting her soft cheek against his. "I know you love me, father, and am sorry I cannot see things as you do."

"There, that's enough," muttered Bill, somewhat sheepishly. "You'll think better of your old father now."

"Tell me where Aunt Hetty is and give her my love, will you?" she continued.

"In a day or two. Now I must cut—I've to turn my steps to pastures new—Hark! There's that cracklin' again."

(To be continued.)

WIVES FOR GERMAN SETTLERS.

Women Form a Society to Send Girls to the Colonies.

In the colonies of Germany there are regions aggregating an area larger than the mother country herself where German settlers may thrive and make new homes for themselves. They may live in these new homes in greater comfort than in the old country.

At present there are about 10,000 white men in these colonies, but only 1,000 women. This disparity between the sexes is being much talked about in Germany. Many of the leading German women are studying the problem.

They are asking if it would not be a blessing to the colonies if their white population consisted of some thousands of German families instead of a few thousand German men. Would it not transform the colonies into new Germanys? The women say the German family should be the social unit in the colonies.

In June last the Women's German Colonial Union was organized under the patronage of Grand Duke Johann Albrecht of Mecklenburg. Nearly every member of the managing committee is the wife of a Government official or army officer.

In September the union sent its first party of young women to one of the colonies. Thousands of German women are joining the society and a large scheme of work has been cut out for it.

In October the union began the publication of a sixteen page paper called *Kolonie und Heimat*. It appears fortnightly, and is filled with fine photographs of colonial scenes and news and comment of the colonies. This is the organ of the union, but it is only one among a number of means through which the influence of the union is beginning to be widely felt.

It is working to interest German women of all ranks in life in the colonies, giving advice and material support to women who intend to emigrate, looking after women and children in the colonies who are in need and preparing to participate in the planting of schools among the colonists and to pay the travelling expenses of young women to help them to employment by which they may pay their way and to establish agencies to look after their interests in their new homes.

It is a national work in which the union is engaged, a work that aims to make the colonies the home of many thousands of German immigrants who shall plant German civilization there and build up new markets for the products of German industries. Earlier societies had been formed in Germany to promote the emigration of women to the colonies, but no other has been organized on a national scale or with prospects so bright of becoming a powerful influence in the development of the German oversea possessions.

the nose ointments, and even the patient's own blood. They practised ligation of the limbs, a means devised by Apollonius in the reign of Nero, ligating the great toe of the side corresponding to the bleeding nostril, and they resorted to derivation by bloodletting. They plugged the ears with tow, a procedure recommended by Galen. But above all they sought to produce fainting. Locally, the haemastatic most employed was spider's web, with which they filled the nasal fossa. Of all these empirical procedures the most widespread and the one still employed in popular medicine is the application of cold. The most available source of cold, because it is everywhere procurable, is water; consequently it has oftenest been employed. In Epistaxis the ancient physicians advised bathing the face with very cold water and causing it to be held in the mouth; they also soaked the hands and feet in cold water.

On the theory that cold things restrain hemorrhage, many persons replaced water by solid cold objects and hung about the neck of the patients attacked with epistaxis coral, jasper, yellow amber marble, or articles of iron. Physicians pointed out, indeed, certain regions with which it was preferable to make the contact. They realized that it was the coldness of the object, not its nature, that did the work; no special property must be attributed to the iron, said Guyon-Delois, for chains of gold, silver or lead would serve the same purpose. In popular medicine, however, iron has remained the material most employed in nasal hemorrhages, and the application of the key to the back is largely resorted to in the household. Dr. Helot possesses an enormous key which he uses only as a paper-weight. One day a patient, pointing to this massive key, exclaimed—"It is to stop hemorrhages."

We may laugh, says M. Helot, at the charm attributed to the key in epistaxis, but we must admit that cold has a certain action in cases of hemorrhages. It contracts the capillary vessels. When it is applied at a distance from the site of hemorrhage its efficiency may be a matter for discussion, but its effect is certain when it is applied to the actual seat of the bleeding, and phlogologists know the value of causing the patient to swallow ice. Possibly the cold key has no other haemastatic power than what is connected with the sensation of cold, which it produces; a cold compress would probably act with more certainty, but it would be difficult to dethrone the key, which one always has in one's pocket. There is certainly some wisdom in the resources of our ancestors and of the common people, even as the alchemists of old were no fools, as is shown by our modern chemistry.

A WORD TO MOTHERS.

Baby's Own Tablets is the only medicine for children that gives the mother the guarantee of a Government analyst that it is absolutely free from opiates and poisonous soothing stuff. The Tablets cure all stomach and bowel troubles, destroy worms, break up colds and simple fevers, and bring teeth through painlessly. They give baby sound natural sleep because they remove the cause of crossness and sleeplessness. Mrs. Ralph Judd, Haven, Ont., says: "Baby's Own Tablets have given me great satisfaction both for teething troubles and constipation." Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

NEW OCEAN FIGHTERS.

Steamships Lusitania and Mauretania Can Be Used in Case of War.

In the chorus of enthusiasm evoked by the splendor of the Lusitania and Mauretania considered as passenger ships only, the fact that they are also fighters has been largely overlooked.

As a matter of fact, however, they constitute in their way as formidable an addition to Britain's fleet as a couple of Dreadnoughts. No vessel afloat can overhaul them. Consequently, they would have it all their own way on the high seas, when acting either as cruisers, scouts, or commerce destroyers.

Girlhood and Scott's Emulsion are linked together.

The girl who takes Scott's Emulsion has plenty of rich, red blood; she is plump, active and energetic.

The reason is that at a period when a girl's digestion is weak, Scott's Emulsion provides her with powerful nourishment in easily digested form.

It is a food that builds and keeps up a girl's strength.

ALL DRUGGISTS, 50c. AND \$1.00.



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Finest line in the Dominion. Good Commission. Full Information.

Crown Tailoring Co., - Toronto

CANADA'S BEST TAILORS

Their coal capacity is to all intents and purposes unlimited, for when stripped for war the interiors of the giant liners would be practically one huge bunker. They could, therefore, remain afloat for months without needing to put in to any port.

Their armament, too, would be sufficiently formidable, consisting, as it would in each case, of twelve quick-firing guns, besides torpedoes. Of course, they would have no chance pitted against a battleship, or even an armored cruiser; but, then, neither ship need, under ordinary circumstances, approach anywhere near so dangerous an antagonist.

They would, in fact, act as the eyes and ears of the true fighting nucleus of the fleet to which they were attached. And in this they would be assisted by about forty other auxiliary cruisers of a similar type, belonging to the P. and O., the Orient, and other lines of mail steamers, all of which, in the event of war, can be at once taken over by the Admiralty without payment of any further subsidy than that already existing.

None of these vessels, it may be added, falls below a nineteen-knot average, and many of them can do their twenty-two and twenty-three knots at a pinch, while the Lusitania and the Mauretania will, it is expected, maintain a twenty-five knot minimum under all circumstances. — Pearson's Weekly.

BITS OF KNOWLEDGE.

Interesting Items About a Little of Everything.

The doll is the oldest toy.

The marksman's eye is grey.

Soap has been in use for 3,000 years.

The piano contains about one mile of wire.

London eats 180,000 tons of fish a year. Swans have been known to live 300 years.

One hundred cod livers yield a gallon of oil.

The load for a full-grown elephant is two tons.

Japan exports large quantities of mushrooms.

John Bull annually eats \$50,000,000 worth of fruit.

The average weight of the British salmon is eight pounds.

Newspapers are sold on the streets of Spanish cities by women.

It is said that cold tea will kill the microbe of typhoid fever.

This century will have 24 leap years, the greatest possible number.

Four hundred millions of sardines are taken yearly off English coasts.

An orange tree has been known to produce 15,000 fruit at one crop.

That metals get tired from overwork is clearly proven in the case of telegraph wires.

The Mauretania has four funnels and four locomotives abreast could pass through them.

The brain of the female commences to decline at the age of 30. The male's ten years later.

Free electricity travels at the same rate as light—186,000 miles a second. Through wire, only 16,000 miles a second.

There is a clearing-house for packages lost on the British railways, and about 1,000 packages per day are handled.

Among the richer classes 343 in 1,000 live to 60 years of age, in the middle classes 175 do so, and 156 only of the laboring class survive to reach 60 years.

Munich is to have one of the most beautiful graveyards in Germany. The city has purchased about 300 acres of romantic forest land about five miles from its borders, which will be used as a cemetery. It will be the first forest graveyard in Germany, and it is to be

Get Your Roofs Shingled Right

It's Less Money

And Less Work

Tools A-Plenty

You can put on a roof that will last a hundred years and be the right kind of a roof every minute. Or you can put on a ten-year roof that will probably leak after the first rain hits it, and keep leaking till it is rotted away.



Either roof will cost you about the same in money at the start.

But the "Oshawa"-shingled roof will be FIRE-PROOF—literally; and wind-proof—actually; and lightning-

proof—positively. That's the hundred-year roof!

And that "Oshawa"-shingled roof will be weather-proof for a century. We'll GUARANTEE in every way for a quarter-century—from now till Nineteen-Thirty-Two.

Guaranteed in writing for 25 years—and you needn't ever paint it, even! That's saying something, isn't it?

What would your mill-man say if you asked him to guarantee cedar shingles for even ten years? He certainly would make remarks!

And even the best cedar-shingled roof will be leaking badly inside of ten years. Seven out of ten of them leak the first time it rains. No wood-shingled roof is fire-proof for a minute, and the first high wind that catches a loose shingle—whooosh! goes half your shingled roof over into the next township.

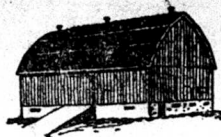


Yet cedar shingles cost you just about the price of these guaranteed "Oshawa" Shingles—28 guaranteed steel, double galvanized—good and wind-and-weather-proof and lightning-proof.

Four-dollars-and-a-half a square buys "Oshawa" Galvanized Steel Shingles—ten feet by ten feet. Compare that with the present price of cedar shingles—how does it strike you?

And you can put on these "Oshawa" Galvanized Steel Shingles yourself, easily, with no tools but a claw-hammer and snips. Simplest thing you know—can't get 'em on wrong.

"Oshawa" Shingles lock on all four sides—whole roof is practically one sheet of double-galvanized steel, that never needs painting.



And GUARANTEED—don't overlook that. Guaranteed in writing, over the seal of a company with a quarter-million capital,—guaranteed in plain English, without any ifs or buts, for 25 long years.

That's the argument in a nutshell—cost the same as wood-shingles; fire-proof, water-proof, rust-proof, lightning-proof; easier to put on; and GUARANTEED. That's the "Oshawa" proposition! Tell us the measurement of any roof, and we'll tell you exactly what it will cost to roof it with less work and for less money.

Plenty of facts that concern your pocket-book come to you as soon as you ask for our free book, "Roofing Right." A post card will do to ask on.

Why don't you ask now?

"Oshawa" Galvanized Steel Shingles are GUARANTEED in every way for Twenty-Five Years Ought to Last a Century

The Pedlar People Of Oshawa

MONTREAL 321-3 Craig St. W.

TORONTO 11 Colborne St.

OTTAWA 423 Sussex St.

LONDON 69 Dundas St.

WINNIPEG 76 Lombard St

BOTH.

Jones—"I used to know Mr. Sneeker, who was with your firm. I understand that he is a tried and trusted employee."

Clerk—"He was trusted, yes; and he'll be tried, too, if we're so fortunate as to catch him."

So popular is Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup as a medicine in the treatment of colds and coughs or ailments of the throat, due to exposure, to draughts, or sudden changes of temperature, that druggists and all dealers in patent medicines keep supplies on hand to meet the demand. It is pleasant to take, and the use of it guarantees freedom from throat and lung diseases.

ROOM FOR WORK.

Stubbs—"Yes, that gentleman says the more open-faced a man is the better he likes him."

Penn—"Indeed! Is he a minister?"

Stubbs—"No, he's a dentist."

There is no more obstinate skin trouble than Salt Rheum. It sometimes lingers for years, but Weaver's Cerate makes short work of it. Also, take Weaver's Syrup to insure permanent cure.

Experienced Physician to new medical graduate—"If you wrote this prescription you'd better give up medicine and go into some other profession." Graduate—"What is wrong with it?" Experienced Physician—"Why, it is positively legible!"

Nip Disease in the Bud.—It is difficult to eradicate a disease after it has become seated, therefore it is wise to take any ailment in its initial stages, and by such remedies as are sufficient, stop it in its course. Cold is the com-

FACTORY

—WITH—

Power, Heat, Electric Light, to Lease for a Term of Years.

Central location. About ten thousand square feet in four floors and basement. Excellent shipping facilities. Standard Fire Sprinkler System. Low insurance rate.

MURRAY F. WILSON, 81 Adelaide St. West, Toronto

AMIALE FALSEHOOD.

"Here's a piece in his paper," said Weary Walker, "what says it's better to lie to a woman if the truth would make her unhappy."

"Dat's de way I feel," replied Thirsty Tanks, "an' w'en a lady sez to me: 'You won't buy liquor wid dis?' I always say, 'No ma'am.'"

To Prevent is Better Than to Repent.—A little medicine in the shape of the wonderful pellets which are known as Parnelle's Vegetable Pills, administered at the proper time and with the directions adhered to often prevent a serious attack of sickness and save money which would go to the doctor. In all irregularities of the digestive organs they are an invaluable corrective and

CLEANING LADIES'

WALKING OR OUTING SUITS

Can be done perfectly by our French Process. Try it. BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO.

MONTREAL, TORONTO, OTTAWA & QUEBEC

Every Woman is interested and should know about the wonderful **MARVEL Whirling Spray**. The new Vaginal Syringe. Best—Most convenient. It cleanses instantly.

Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—wanted. It gives full particulars and directions in valuable book.

WINDSOR SUPPLY CO., Windsor, Ont. General Agents for Canada.

1,000 packages per day are manufactured. Among the richer classes 343 in 1,000 live to 60 years of age, in the middle classes 175 do so, and 156 only of the laboring class survive to reach 60 years. Munich is to have one of the most beautiful graveyards in Germany. The city has purchased about 300 acres of romantic forest land about five miles from its borders, which will be used as a cemetery. It will be the first forest graveyard in Germany, and it is to be so used that its idyllic character will be preserved.

BEST EVER WRITTEN

PRESCRIPTION WHICH ANYONE CAN EASILY MIX AT HOME.

Said to Overcome Kidney and Bladder Afflictions — Shake Simple Ingredients Well in Bottle.

Mix the following by shaking well in a bottle, and take in teaspoonful doses after meals and at bedtime:

Fluid Extract Dandelion, one-half ounce; Compound Kargon, one ounce; Compound Syrup Sarsaparilla, three ounces. A prominent physician is the authority that these simple, harmless ingredients can be obtained at nominal cost from any druggist, even in the smaller towns.

The mixture is said to cleanse and strengthen the clogged and inactive kidneys, overcoming Backache, Bladder weakness and Urinary trouble of all kinds, if taken before the stage of Bright's disease.

Those who have tried this say it positively overcomes pain in the back, clears the urine of sediment and regulates urination, especially at night, curing even the worst forms of bladder weakness.

Every man or woman here who feels that the kidneys are not strong or acting in a healthy manner should mix this prescription at home and give it a trial, as it is said to do wonders for many persons.

She: "Do you think women as a rule, are fickle minded?" He: "Not necessarily. I have noticed that when a woman reaches a certain age she sticks to it."

Parents buy Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator because they know it is a safe medicine for their children and an effectual expeller of worms.

"Can't you settle this bill to-day, sir?" asked the tailor of the delinquent M.P. "No, Snip; it wouldn't be Parliamentary. I've merely glanced over it, you know, and I can't pass a bill until after its third reading."

Success in Life is dependent upon good health. You are out of sorts, ill or feeble, take "Ferrovim." It's the best tonic. \$1 bottles. All medicine dealers.

SHE'D HAVE TO SPEAK.

"It is impossible," cried Mr. Nagget. Finally, "for us to live together and not quarrel."

"But," snapped Mrs. Nagget, "it is possible not to quarrel if neither of us speaks."

"Of course, but, as I say, it's impossible for us to live together and not quarrel."

Black Watch

Black Plug
The Chewing Tobacco of Quality.



2271

and go into some other profession." Graduate—"What is wrong with it?" Experienced Physician—"Why, it is positively legible!"

Nip Disease in the Bud.—It is difficult to eradicate a disease after it has become seated, therefore it is wise to take any ailment in its initial stages, and by such remedies as are sufficient, stop it in its course. Cold is the commonest complaint of man, and when neglected leads to serious results. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil will cure the severest cold or most violent cough.

The small boy may love his neighbor even better than he loves himself — if she gives him a generous hunk of pie.

ITCH, Mange, Prairie Scratches and every form of contagious Itch on human or animals cured in 30 minutes by Wolford's Sanitary Lotion. It never fails. Sold by all druggists.

The Merchant—And this new patent carbon will reduce my electric light bill? The Agent—No; I said it would reduce the consumption of electricity.

A Tonic for the Debilitated.—Parnelle's Vegetable Pills by acting mildly, but thoroughly, on the secretions of the body are a valuable tonic, stimulating the lagging organs to a healthful action and restoring them to full vigor. They can be taken in graduated doses and so used that they can be discontinued at any time without return of the ailments which they were used to allay.

An amateur punster informs us that some houses have wings, and he has often seen a house fly. We thought no part of a house save the chimney flue.

Avoiding Winter Colds is difficult; curing them is not hard if you take Allen's Lung Balsam. Begin when the cold is young and not wait until it settles on the lungs, for then, even with Allen's Lung Balsam, complete relief will be slower.

No man ever admitted that his rheumatism was the result of wading around through swamps after duck.

A CHANGE IS NEEDED.

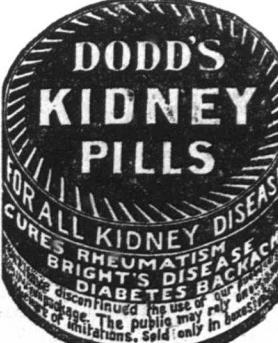
Through the long winter one needs a change. Why go South when "The Welland," St. Catharines, offers an environment at moderate cost which will minister to tired nerves and worn-out bodies? Try the tonic influence of "The St. Catharines Well" and the restful influence of "The Welland."

Apply the manager, St. Catharines, or any Agent of Grand Trunk Railway System.

Only a tin of kerosene;
Only a servant, but oh! how green;
Only a match and a bit of wood;
Only the spot where the girl once stood.

He (sentimentally)—"May I hope to see you pretty soon?" She (jestingly)—"I rather think I'm pretty now."

If there are no distant relations at a man's funeral it's a safe bet that he died poor.



To Prevent is Better Than to Repent.—A little medicine in the shape of the wonderful pellets which are known as Parnelle's Vegetable Pills, administered at the proper time and with the directions adhered to often prevent a serious attack of sickness and save money which would go to the doctor. In all irregularities of the digestive organs they are an invaluable corrective and by cleansing the blood they clear the skin of imperfections.

FOR AN APPETITE.

"You must have a good appetite," remarked the thin man, enviously. "What do you take for it?" "In all my experience," replied the plump one, "I have found nothing more suitable than food."

When in town, buy "The D & L" Menthol Plaster. Try it for neuralgic or rheumatic pains. It is the best and simplest thing and will only cost 125c.

THE FINAL TIP.

When a girl tells a young man that she dreamed of him the night before it's up to him to propose or get out of the game.

Where can I get some of Holloway's Corn Cure? I was entirely cured of my corns by this remedy and I wish some more of it for my friends. So writes Mr. J. W. Brown, Chicago.

SENTENCE SERMONS.

The strong mind will not have a sore head.

Arguing with a fool is only augmenting folly.

Every Sunday prayer waits for a Monday amen.

Religion should be a good sword, but it makes a poor shield.

There is in this world for any of us what we see in it and no more.

The fruits of truth are not gathered by treading about the bush.

Some think they are firm in the faith who are only frozen in heart.

If you are a true friend you never need to put on an air of friendliness.

A living exponent of the Bible is worth any number of the best expositors.

Many a church is substituting working the world for working for the world.

An annual sprint in religion will not do much good in the heavenly race.

The world might soon be made good if only religious people would make good.

It is as much our duty to brighten another's way as to lighten his load.

Idle admiration of the master's teaching is no better than utter rejection of it.

The strength of a man's will is likely to be in opposite proportion to that of his breath.

Many a man is a hero in battle because he has not shirked the dull drill in days of peace.

It's no use praying for a clean city unless you are willing to do part of the housekeeping.

The more a man uses the top of his head the more careful he will be as to the use of the front of it.

Lots of sorrow would be cured if we would own it as the fruit of sin instead of charging it up to Providence.

The kingdom of heaven is manifest in any city not by the height of the steeples but by the level of the people.

TOO FASHIONABLE.

"Well," demanded the warden of the prison, "what are you kicking about now?"

"I'm kicking about this striped suit," complained the new convict. "All the silly dudes are going in for stripes now, and it's a shame to make us wear 'em."

A LITTLE OF THE OUTSIDE.

Mother—"Now, Tommy, be a good little boy, and remember that the best part of the duck is for the company. Tell me what you will say when Pa asks what you will have?"

Tommy—"I'll ask for a few feathers, please, Mummie."

It's hard for any man to be proud after *sitting* up his feet.

Is interested and should know about the wonderful

MARVEL Whirling Spray

The new Vaginal Irrigator—Best—Most convenient—It cleanses instantly



Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—free. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies.

WINDSOR SUPPLY CO., Windsor, Ont.
General Agents for Canada.

SHORTCOMINGS OF GIANTS.

Usually Shambling, Stoop-Shouldered, Splay-Footed Creatures.

In the good old days, from Goliath to Guy of Warwick, nine or twelve feet of stature was thought nothing of. Now, says a writer in the American Magazine, seven feet six is regarded as an astonishing height for a man.

No longer a terror to the community, giants have become the mildest and most amiable of men. Indeed, nothing could be much more ludicrous than the contrast between the giant of romance and the actual giant of reality. The only thing they have in common is their abnormal height, or rather length.

The giants of real life are shambling, stoop-shouldered, splay-footed creatures, who could not run a mile at speed to save their lives. They have big jaws and ears, but small brains, flat chests, enormous appetites and poor digestions.

They seldom get beyond the stage of intelligence of a healthy boy of fourteen, and they die early and from the most trivial causes.

The Irish giant, Cornelius McGrath, died from the shock of a fall from slipping on a piece of orange-peel, and Lady Aama of collapse after a fit of coughing.

MAKE YOUR OWN COUGH CURE AT HOME

The following recipe will give a harmless and effective mixture, which has been known for years by doctors and chemists to cure coughs, whooping-cough, colds and bronchitis:—

Fluid extract Licorice.....	½ oz.
Fluid extract Cascara.....	½ oz.
Elixir Toluene	1 oz.
Best rye whiskey.....	6 oz.

Take a dessertspoonful every two or three hours. Children in proportion.

You can buy the items separately and mix at home at a small expense.

They seem to have the vitality of a hundred-and-fifty pound man diffused through three hundred pounds, and cannot properly "police" their own body-territory.

As for bullying their neighbors, they have more than they can do to attend to themselves. If they ever did get on seven-league boots, they would lose a leg within ten strides.

Although capable at times of brief displays of giant strength, which can be utilized for a limited number of exhibition feats, they seldom have any endurance or application, and are usually indolent, easy-going, and of weakly amiable disposition.

Back Row—"Hi, you in the front row, sit down; I can't see." Front Row—"Hi, you in the back row, stop your noise; I can't hear."

SHILOH'S

Quick ease for the worst cough—quick relief to the heaviest cold—and **SAFE** to take, even for a child. That is Shiloh's Cure. **Cures Coughs & Colds** Sold under a guarantee to cure colds and coughs quicker than any other medicine—or your money back. 34 years of success commend Shiloh's Cure. 25c., 50c., \$1.

QUICKLY!

CANADIANS WON MEDALS

Gravenhurst Sailor and Lindsay Teamster Share in Carnegie Fund.

Despatch from Pittsburg says: The Carnegie Hero Commission, at its fourth annual meeting held here on Wednesday, awarded nine silver and seven bronze medals for acts of heroism, besides \$10,000 in cash to the heroes or their dependents, and monthly payments during life to two widows and their minor children. The awards include:

John Bibby, aged 29, mate, of Gravenhurst, Ont., Canada, on Oct. 31, 1905, rescued James Jamieson, aged 40, and a companion, who were thrown into Muskoka Lake when a storm capsized their skiff—silver medal.

Wm. Raymond, aged 38, a teamster, of Lindsay, Ont., Canada, on Feb. 27, 1906, rescued Victor Henry, 10 years old, who broke through ice while skating—bronze medal and \$300 to pay mortgage on house. Raymond had been ill and sustained a backset through exposure.

Wm. Gilmour, aged 34, of Montreal, Canada, a printer, who on July 1, 1905, leaped from a St. Lawrence River steamer in an attempt to rescue John A. Moorhouse, aged 10, who fell from the third deck—silver medal and \$1,000 to pay mortgage on house.

LEADING MARKETS

BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, Jan. 21.—Manitoba Wheat—No. 1 northern, \$1.22; No. 2 northern, \$1.17; feed wheat, 70c; No. 2 feed, 66c. Ontario Wheat—No. 2 white, 98c to 99½c; No. 2 red, 98c; No. 2 mixed, 97½c.

Barley—No. 2, 76c to 79c outside; No. 3 extra, 75c to 76c.

Flour—Winter wheat patents for export, offering at \$3.85, bids around \$3.75; Manitoba patents, special brand, \$3.80 to \$6; seconds, \$5.20 to \$5.40; strong bakers', \$5.10 to \$5.30. Peas—82c to 85c outside.

Rye—No. 2, 80c to 81c.

Corn—No. 2 yellow American, 64½c to 65c; Toronto freights; No. 3 yellow, kiln dried, 66½c; some old No. 3 yellow offering at 72c, with few buyers. Quotations on Canadian corn largely nominal at 57c.

Oats—No. 2 white, 49½c to 50c outside, 52c track Toronto; No. 2 mixed, 47c to 48c.

Buckwheat—66c. Bran—\$19 outside; shorts, \$21.50.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Trade in poultry shows little increase in activity.

Young turkeys, extra choice, 14c to 16c do choice, 11c to 13c Young geese, 9c to 11c Young ducks, 9c to 11c Chickens, choice, 8c to 10c Old fowl, 6c to 8c Inferior chicks and fowls, 5c to 7c

Butter—The market continues steady. Creamery prints, 28c to 30c do solids, 27c to 28c Dairy prints, 23c to 25c do solids, 22c to 23c Inferior, 20c to 21c Cheese—13½c for large and 13½c for twins, in job lots here.

Eggs—Steady. Storage selling at 21c to 22c per dozen in case lots; selects, 25c to 26c per dozen in case lots; selects, 25c to 26c. New-laid from 30c to 35c.

Honey—Strained steady at 11c to 12c per pound for 60-pound pails, and 12c to 13c for 5 to 10-pound pails. Combs at \$1.75 to \$2.50 per dozen.

Beans—\$1.70 to \$1.75 for primes and \$1.80 to \$1.85 for hand-picked.

Potatoes—70c to 75c per bag in car lots on track here.

Baled Straw—Quiet at \$9.50 to \$10.50 per ton on track here.

Baled Hay—Timothy \$16.50 to \$17.50 for car lots on track here.

PROVISIONS.

Pork—Short cut, \$22.75 to \$23 per

er; No. 2 white, 61c; No. 2 yellow, 62c. Oats—Firm; No. 2 mixed, 54½c; No. 2 white, 54½c. Barley—\$1 to \$1.15. Rye—No. 1, 90c asked, track.

NEW YORK WHEAT MARKET.

New York, Jan. 21.—Wheat—Spot easy; No. 2 red, \$1.05½ elevator; No. 2 red, \$1.07 f.o.b. afloat; No. 1 northern Duluth, \$1.21½ f.o.b. afloat; No. 2 hard winter, \$1.17½ f.o.b. afloat.

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Toronto, Jan. 21.—Little was doing in exporters' cattle. A few bulls were sold at \$4 to \$4.75 per cwt., with an occasional bid of \$4.50 for an extra choice animal. Some export cows brought \$4.50 per cwt.

Choice loads of butchers' steers brought \$4.50 to \$4.85 per cwt., medium to good ones were worth \$4 to \$4.40, and common to medium \$3 to \$4 per cwt. Choice cows were quoted at \$3.50 to \$4, medium at \$3 to \$3.25, common at \$1.75 to \$2.75, canners 75c to \$1 per cwt.

A few lots of stockers and feeders were sold at \$3.50 per cwt. Light stockers were worth \$2 to \$2.75 per cwt.

Milk cows sold at \$40 to \$55 each for choice, and \$25 to \$35 for common to fair.

Calves were slightly higher at 3 to 6½ cents per pound.

Export ewes sold at \$4 to \$4.40, bucks and culls, \$3 to \$4, and lambs \$5 to \$6.25 per cwt.

Select hogs sold at \$5.70 and light and fats at \$5.45 per cwt.

MONTREAL SHAKEN.

Large Gasometer on Harbor Street Exploded.

A despatch from Montreal says: Early Saturday morning Montreal was startled as if by an earthquake, the result of a terrific explosion caused by the blowing up of 500,000 cubic feet of gas. One of the gasometers at the East-end station of the Montreal Light, Heat and Power Company on Harbor Street, exploded with a thunderous report, and the strangest part of it all is that not one of the company's workmen was killed or even slightly injured. The gasometer is a total wreck. The iron work is twisted as if by some giant hand, and only a few feet of the sixty-foot wall is left standing. Hundreds of thousands of bricks are lying around, and all have fallen to the ground within a radius of ten yards of the outer wall of the gas-holder. The conclusion therefore is that the terrific force generated by the lighted gas must have shot directly upwards. Had it done otherwise a row of houses on the other side of the street would have been razed to the ground and their contents blown to atoms. The damage

CONDENSED NEWS ITEMS

HAPPENINGS FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE.

Telegraph Briefs From Our Own and Other Countries of Recent Events.

CANADA.

The St. Clair River is filled with floating ice.

Mr. B. Edwards of Hamilton dropped dead on Friday.

Three new smallpox cases have been reported in Hamilton.

Brockville children cannot skate on the rink unless vaccinated.

The C. P. R. trains will be running into Portland, Oregon, early in March.

Hon. George A. Walkem, ex-Premier of British Columbia, died at Victoria.

Thirteen men are at work on the municipal stone pile at Peterboro.

Conductor J. A. McDougall was crushed to death at Coleridge, Alberta, on Friday.

A five-year-old girl died at Montreal from drinking lye given to her as a joke by a young boy.

The Grand Trunk Pacific has employed a couple of Boston landscape experts to lay out Prince Rupert.

Flogging is proposed by E. N. Lewis, M. P., for those found guilty of stabbing or shooting.

Galt's vital statistics show a decrease in deaths and an increase in marriages and births.

Smallpox cases of a mild type are reported from Stonewall, Carman, and Rosser, in Manitoba.

Winnipeg's Board of Control will attempt to collect \$12,000 in fines from the street railway.

F. W. Peters, Winnipeg, has been appointed general traffic manager of western lines of the C. P. R.

The Ottawa Government have cabled to Tokio, accepting Japan's assurances in regard to restricting immigration.

Winnipeg asks the Bankers' Association to loan the city \$12,000,000, with taxes for 1908 as security.

The tercentenary celebration of the founding of Quebec will be held in August, and the Prince of Wales may come.

George Chambers, found guilty of a series of highway robberies in Toronto, was sentenced to imprisonment for life on Friday.

The Government have passed an order in Council abolishing the coasting privileges enjoyed by foreign vessels after this year.

The plant of the Canadian Shipbuilding Company at Niagara and Bathurst Streets, Toronto, has been sold to A. Berg & Sons.

By a collision on the Grand Trunk near the Dufferin Street crossing, Toronto, on Saturday, a man was killed and two men were injured.

Bronsdon's candy establishment at Montreal and Rae & Donnelly's warehouse were damaged by fire to the extent of \$20,000 on Friday.

Port William has offered Port Arthur \$75,000 for the electric railway lines within the corporation of Port William, with half the equipment.

Earl Clark, a St. Catharines newsboy, was sentenced to five years in the Victoria Industrial School for keeping change for a dollar in selling a paper.

Mr. Hawthornwaite introduced a motion in the British Columbia Legislature to impeach Lieutenant-Governor Dunsmuir for disallowing the Natal act without the advice of his Ministers. The Speaker would not accept the resolution.

Hon. Clifford Sifton suggested in the House of Commons that the Government take steps to assist western farmers to secure a supply of seed grain. The suggestion was concurred in by both sides, and Hon. Frank Oliver stated the Government had been considering the matter for some time.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Fashion Hints.

HINTS TO DRESSMAKERS.

In making garments of thin materials, if the edges of the seams are laid even and run through a narrow hemmer, a French seam is easily made with a fraction of the ordinary trouble and time.

To give a fitted coat a rounded, well-shaped look over the bust, and also to prevent its losing its shape, take a piece of well-shrunken haircloth, cut to the shape of the front, but about two inches smaller at the front, neck, shoulders and armholes. Finish in a point at three inches above the waist line. Cut a V-shaped piece out at this point and draw edges together, to make it fit, instead of a dart. Over this seam and around the haircloth edges baste strips of ordinary lining cambric. This serves to cover raw edges and gives something by which to sew it to the canvas lining. Attach the haircloth piece to the canvas by padding stitches, and hem it all around at the bound edges. Baste a piece of canvas about three inches wide, cut to shape and carefully fitted, around neck at back and armholes to meet canvas lining in front.

A well-fitting coat should keep to the figure at the bust even when not buttoned. If it is inclined to flare at this point and not to lie close to the form, take one or two tiny darkline tucks in the canvas lining about one-fourth of an inch at front edge, running out to nothing, about two inches back. Mark then and slash the canvas lapping over the same spaces made by the tucks. Draw these together and cover with a strip of lining cambric. The cloth will now have a slight fullness where it has been taken out of the canvas by tucks. This must be gathered on a thread and shrunk by means of a wet cloth and hot iron, pressing until it corresponds with the canvas lining.

The padding stitch is desired to keep canvas and cloth together in lapels or collars. This is done by means of many small stitches about half an inch long, and in rows covering the whole surface of the canvas lining. The proper way to make this padding stitch is to hold the canvas uppermost, and both cloth and canvas over the first finger of the left hand. The stitches just barely catch through the cloth, so as not to be visible on the right side. Start at a line or fold of the lapel or collar, and sew in successive rows to the edge.

If in doubt as to just what is meant, rip up an old coat collar belonging to one of the men of the family, and it will be seen just what is required.

The plaited skirt, either box plaits or side plaits, with medium-length cutaway coats, fitted to perfection and bound with braid, is the popular skirt model this season. The skirts are extremely full below the knees, so that the plaits give the effect of a lot of material being used. Rarely are there tucks or folds on the skirt, but occasionally two or three rows of braid are used. Silk mohair braid, with some effective design worked in it, is often chosen.

The new coats show a great variety of models than do skirts. There is the natty little semi-fitting hip length, so

HOLY WAR IS

New Moorish Sultans Threatened

A despatch from Tangier says: The

Potatoes—70c to 75c per bag in car lots on track here.
 Baled Straw—Quiet at \$9.50 to \$10.50 per ton on track here.
 Baled Hay—Timothy \$16.50 to \$17.50 in car lots on track here.

PROVISIONS.

Pork—Short cut, \$22.75 to \$23 per barrel; mess, \$18 to \$19.
 Lard—Tierces, 11½c; tubs, 12c; pails, 12½c.
 Smoked and Dry Salted Meats—Long clear bacon, 10c to 10½c for tons and cases; hams, large, medium and light, 14c to 15c; hams, 12½c to 13c; backs, 16c to 17c; shoulders, 10c; rolls, 10c to 10½c; breakfast bacon, 15c to 15½c; green meats out of pickle, 1c less than smoked.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Montreal, Jan. 21.—There is no new development in the local flour situation. Choice spring wheat patents, \$6.10 to \$7.40; seconds, \$5.50; winter wheat patents, \$5.75; straight rollers, \$5.50; do. in bags, \$2.60 to \$2.65; extra, \$2.05 to \$2.10.
 Manitoba bran, \$23.50 to \$24; middlings, \$27 to \$29 per ton, including bags; milled mouille, \$28 to \$32, and pure grain mouille, \$35 to \$37 per ton.
 Rolled oats—\$2.75; corn, \$1.60 to \$1.70 per bag.
 There is no change in the condition of the local cheese market except that stocks are considerably less than they were last week. November tail-ends, 12½c to 12¾c; October, 12½c to 13¼c; September, 13½c to 13¾c.
 A fair volume of business is being transacted in butter, but supplies are limited. Grass goods, 28c; current receipts, 26c to 27c.
 A fair volume of business is being transacted in eggs. Newly-laid, 30c; selects, 24c to 26c; No. 1 limed, 20c to 21c.
 Provisions—Barrels short cut mess, \$22.50 to \$23; half barrels, \$11.75 to \$12.25; clear fat back, \$23.50 to \$24.50; long cut heavy mess, \$21 to \$24; half barrels do., \$10.50 to \$11.25; dry salt long clear backs, 10½c to 11½c; barrels plate beef, \$13.50 to \$15; half barrels do., \$7.25 to \$7.75; barrels heavy mess beef, \$10 to \$11; half barrels do., \$5.50 to \$6; compound lard, 10c to 11c; pure lard, 12½c to 13c; kettle rendered, 12½c to 13c; hams, 12c to 13½c, according to size; breakfast bacon, 14c to 15c; Windsor bacon, 14½c to 15½c; fresh killed abattoir dressed hogs, \$8.75 to \$9; live, \$6.25 to \$6.35.

BUFFALO MARKET.

Buffalo, N. Y., Jan. 21.—Wheat—Spring, dull; No. 1 Northern, \$1.16; No. 2 red, \$1.04; winter, easy. Corn—Low-

of feet of the sixty-foot wall is left standing. Hundreds of thousands of bricks are lying around, and all have fallen to the ground within a radius of ten yards of the outer wall of the gas-holder. The conclusion therefore is that the terrific force generated by the lighted gas must have shot directly upwards. Had it done otherwise a row of houses on the other side of the street would have been razed to the ground and their occupants blown to atoms. The damage is placed at \$30,000.

HAMILTON BOY KILLED.

Was Slashed With Knife by Companion in a Fight.

A despatch from Hamilton says: A lad named Cummings, employed at the McPherson shoe factory, died at a late hour on Friday night from wounds received in a fight with another work man named Kirkpatrick in that establishment on Friday morning. The story as told to the police is that Kirkpatrick seized a knife when the fight appeared to be going against him and slashed Cummings several times in the face. The wounded man was taken to the hospital, and it was thought at first that his injuries were not serious. He weakened very rapidly, however, and passed away about midnight. Kirkpatrick was arrested soon after the fight took place on a charge of wounding, but it is likely that he will be called upon to answer a more serious charge owing to the fatal termination of Cummings' injuries.

CONVENT PREY TO FLAMES.

Fine Structure at St. Remi, Quebec, Was Totally Destroyed.

A despatch from St. Remi, Que., says: The Convent of St. Anne at this place, a fine structure, was totally destroyed by fire on Sunday, involving a loss of nearly \$50,000. A large number of children were in the convent, but fortunately no lives were lost. The fire started shortly before noon, being caused, so far as can be ascertained, by a defective chimney, and the flames spread with great rapidity. Owing to the inadequate fire appliances there was very little chance of fighting the flames, but almost the entire population of the village turned out and battled with the fire, succeeding in saving a large quantity of the contents and keeping the fire confined to the convent building. The nuns and children were got from the building at the outset.

An Ohio man has offered to substitute himself for Thaw and be executed if necessary on condition that \$3,000,000 is paid his family.

Speaker would not accept the resolution. Hon. Clifford Sifton suggested in the House of Commons that the Government take steps to assist western farmers to secure a supply of seed grain. The suggestion was concurred in by both sides, and Hon. Frank Oliver stated the Government had been considering the matter for some time.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Three girls lost their lives in a factory fire at Scranton, Pa., on Friday.
 Negotiations between British mill-owners and cotton operatives have been broken off.
 It is rumored that Lord Charles Beresford will shortly retire from the command of the Channel fleet.
 William O'Brien and Timothy Healey have promised to co-operate with John E. Redmond in reuniting the Irish Nationalist forces.
 Two Nationalists from Cork, supporters of Wm. O'Brien, were ejected from a meeting of the directors of the United Irish League at Dublin on Wednesday.

UNITED STATES.

Edmund Clarence Stedman, the banker and poet, is dead at New York.
 The United States will withdraw from Cuba in February of next year.
 A Toledo youth killed his mother that he might get her money to pay his board and her jewels for his sweetheart.
 Mrs. Louise McLure, who was married in Canada two years ago, drowned herself in a bathtub in New York on Wednesday.
 Col. Goethals, Chairman of the Isthmian Canal Commission, estimates the actual total cost of the Panama Canal at \$300,000,000.
 The total enrollment of students at Harvard University this year is 5,763. This is a decrease of twenty-six from last year.
 Twelve children lost their lives by breaking through thin ice in different eastern States on Saturday.
 John R. Walsh, former President of the defunct Chicago National Bank, was found guilty on Saturday on 57 counts of misapplying the bank's funds.
 Senator Proctor of Vermont is seeking an agreement whereby Canadians will cease setting-seins for fish in the northern end of Lake Champlain.
 Louis Wolfson of Cincinnati has secured relief from 20 years' suffering from pains in the head by having two sensory nerves in his forehead cut out.
 Because a girl whom he had met only twice refused to marry him, according to the police, Santx Stanislaw Melke, 26 years old, 1297 Trumbull avenue, Chicago, shot himself in the head at his home Tuesday night.

GENERAL.

The Japanese budget for the year 1908-1909 shows a deficit of nearly \$5,000,000.
 The French defeated a detachment of Arabs after a ten-hour fight in Morocco.
 Argentina will have 116,000,000 bushels of wheat available for export this year.
 The Brazilian Government is considering a proposition to admit 20,000 Japanese laborers.
 Chinese circulars have been issued at Shanghai advertising a boycott of British goods.
 It is expected that the Belgian Parliamentary Commission will reject King Leopold's Congo treaty, though it will erode some of it.
 Japan has warned China that she will cease paying duties on her goods sent to Manchuria unless the customs laws are enforced against Russia.

CUP FOR BRAVE CAPTAIN.

Presented by Canadian Government for Rescue on Atlantic.

A despatch from Glasgow says: Capt. Wm. Caddell, of the barque Fishshire, has received a handsome silver cup from the Canadian Government in recognition of his services in rescuing the crew of the abandoned schooner Carrie Esler in the North Atlantic in March, 1905.

New Moorish Sulta Threatened

A despatch from Tangier says: The holy war which has been so often threatened in Morocco and proclaimed here and there by individual priests and chiefs, seems now to be beginning in earnest. Mulai Hafid, who is now acknowledged as Sultan throughout Morocco, except in the coast towns, has formally proclaimed a Jihad, and public criers are exhorting the people of Marrakesh to rise and exterminate all Christians. There is great excitement in the city. Mulai Hafid is reported to be marching to attack the French. It is expected that the Jihad



THE BACKWARD CHILD.

Do you number among your brood that most tragic of all created beings—a "backward" child? If you do, does that child seem, as backward children generally do, prompt to mischief but slow to all else? Is he, though apparently impervious to reproof, abnormally swift in resentment?
 You say that, although the other children could read before they had reached his age, he is still stumbling over his letters in a kindergarten; that he cannot lace his shoes or wash his hands or take a message; and finally, that you are in despair. But you need not despair unless you are certain that you have met this state of affairs with its proper remedies.
 You have perhaps done what so many parents have done before you—be-sought, scolded, punished, or settled down to a sort of hopeless bickering. All this is not only useless—it is wrong. Modern science, with its great and ever-growing interest in infant psychology and pedagogies, has demonstrated that in the great majority of cases a physical cause lies back of juvenile incorrigibility, and it is the duty of parents to seek out this cause and apply its remedy. If your child does not quite hear, does not quite see, cannot quite breathe freely, neither will it quite understand, or obey, or develop. Do not allow yourself to be the judge as to whether these conditions exist or not, but take your backward child to the specialist, whose life-work it is to recognize them and put them right.
 A child who habitually breathes with open mouth will probably be both deaf and inattentive, and will certainly be below par physically, but the removal of the choking growths on nose or throat is a comparatively simple matter, while the after effects may seem like some blessed miracle.
 If your child has a defect of vision, he will naturally lag behind in the classroom and suffer from cruel nervous strain through all his waking hours. It makes the heart ache to think how much original sin would vanish at the snap of the tonsil scissors or the putting on of properly fitted glasses in the case of hundreds of poor, harassed, bewildered little children.
 There is an old, bad saying about "the black sheep in every flock." It is a medieval verdict that modern science happily tends more and more to overthrow.—Youth's Companion.

ARE YOU OVERWORKED?
 Many people, influenced by a desire for wealth and wisdom, continue with their work long after it has ceased to be healthy for either brain or constitution. They tumble into bed at night, and wake next morning feeling "stale" and they; T con evic but i tha ove h cher are the the to has O tied cas ann if i tim drea slo A ing the tiv the call sur and ma ber tim and T hat and reli h bel ful Fro up D aloi cim it v ly A on a k a l in sta K bov dro on pur hot B awi ma out Ear wh C of loi sto twc lem set the spo

'SOO' STEEL PLANT TO CLOSE

A Shortage of Pig Iron Is Said to Be the Cause.

A despatch from Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., says: In an interview with one of the officials at the offices of the steel plant on Thursday morning a newspaper correspondent was informed that the plant would be closed down at once until further notice. A shortage of pig iron is given as the cause of the shut down. It is stated that during the cessation of activities a number of repairs that are considered necessary will be made, so that, providing the plant is not closed for any length of time, little time will be lost by the men. The repairs, it is stated, would soon have to be made in any event, and the closing down at the present time will be in the interests

of all concerned. It is figured that the repairs contemplated will keep about 700 men employed, until the entire staff is again taken on.
 The blast furnaces are not affected by the shortage of pig iron and will run at their full capacity. This will assure employment for a full staff of men on the Algoma Central, as the furnaces keep the train crews busy at all times.
 Everything considered, the shut down will not be found a great hardship, unless the opening of the plant is prolonged further than the officials anticipate. A large percentage of men will remain at work on repairs, and the staff will be added to as circumstances warrant.

becoming to short figures; the trim, big military coat and the smart, well-fitting cutaway wraps, to say nothing of the modified prince chap, the three-quarter length, snug-looking, tight-fitting and buttoned the whole way, and the same model with the long vest, to choose from. The three first mentioned, however, are those most in favor at the moment.

The striped is liked best made in the hip or half-length designs, semi-fitting, and suggesting jauntness. There is something girlish and chic about such models, especially when beautifully tailored.

The military coat must be made from plain material, stripes not lending themselves successfully to this style of coat, and, besides, the meaning would be lost were other than plain cloth used.

When using a skirt pattern the perforations indicating the plaits should be carefully and accurately marked with tailor's chalk. If the material is white or very light colored, tailor's tacks with colored cotton can be substituted for the chalk. After cutting and marking the plaits, baste those in each breadth and press with a damp cloth. The attempt to put the width of the garment together first and then lay the plaits is accountable for many failures, except in the case of the straight skirt, and this should be pressed before the back seam is joined.

In all gored models the plaits of one breadth overlap the edge of the next one. After they are carefully basted and pressed, lay each gore accurately over the other according to the notches and perforations. Baste them into place with small stitches that will not pull or give in the fitting. After all are put together, try on and see if any alterations are necessary. After fitting accurately over the hips and waist, stitch the seams and plaits into position. Bind the seams and press them. Put the skirt on the wearer and adjust the bands at the waist and the inverted plaits at the back. Get the desired length at the bottom by measuring with a yardstick the required distance from the floor and basting accordingly.

In applying folds, where the figure admits of wearing the skirt without alterations, the perforated lines on the pattern showing where the folds are to be applied is all that is necessary toward good results.

In other cases the folds should not be applied until the skirt is sewed to the belt, the length ascertained, and the bottom finished.

In applying folds, measure from the lower edge up the required distance from the first fold, and after that is in place measure in the same manner from this for the next fold, and so on.

It is most important in cutting the folds that a true bias be maintained, otherwise they will twist and give much trouble in their application to the skirt.

After the folds are all in place and sewed fast, remove all basting from the entire garment, and give it a final pressing. This is as important for the smart appearance of the gown as is the careful making.

Gumpes with sleeves to match are part of every smart frock in the young girl's wardrobe, and the exquisite lace and handwork of which they are composed would be in keeping with the most elaborate of gowns. Round valenciennes lace in horizontal bands is thought more youthful than the all-over lace, but the fine lingerie, with tiny tucks, and the lace medallions, are not thought too old. The heavier laces are not nearly so popular as the finer, even when imitation is used instead of real.

MINES OF COAL IN THE WEST.

Announcements in the Geological Survey Report.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The summary report of the Geological Survey for the past year was presented to Parliament on Wednesday. It is a record of exploratory work conducted by the officers of the survey in every part of Canada during the last summer season. Mr. D. D. Cairnes spent the summer in the Yukon, and found coal at a number of places along Lake Laberge, Lewes River and its tributaries, the Teslin and Big Salmon Rivers. Extensive coal discoveries are also reported by Mr. W. W. Leach, who spent the summer in Bulkley Valley, B. C. The seams extend from 47 feet, and the coal is of a very high grade. Mr. D. B. Dowling passed the season examining the coal areas north of the Saskatchewan, when workable seams were discovered on the south branch of the Brazeau, giving a total of 66 feet 4 inches. Only about half of the measures were prospected, and Mr. Dowling thinks the coal area may be very large. During the year 1,075 specimens reached the chemical laboratory.

MACHINE EXPLODED.

Accident at a Moving Picture Show at Ingersoll.

A despatch from Ingersoll says: As a result of the inflammable celluloid film becoming ignited, the moving picture machine at the Theatrum exploded on Thursday night and the building caught fire. After considerable excitement, which, fortunately, was not attended by serious consequences, the audience escaped in safety through a rear exit. The picture machine was being operated in the window, and the large plate glass was shattered. The blaze was extinguished by the firemen, but not before considerable damage had resulted. There was no insurance on the machine, which was valued at \$350, and which, with other articles, was completely destroyed. The damage to the building is fully covered by insurance.

THREE DIE IN THREE WEEKS.

Crampton Family the Victims of a Tragic Visitation.

A despatch from Brampton says: Rarely has a sadder visitation overtaken a community than that which has befallen a Brampton family in the past three weeks. In that time the father and mother and a son-in-law have all died under peculiarly sad conditions. James Fallis, Sr., died on the 28th of December from erysipelas and blood poisoning. His son-in-law, Alex. Brody, 48 years of age, was at the death bed and contracted the disease the following day, and died on Jan. 8. Mrs. Fallis, aged 70 years, was almost immediately stricken down with the same fatal malady, and she too passed away about eight o'clock on Thursday night. The family are amongst the oldest and best known in the town.

TROLLEY HITS SLEIGH.

Four Occupants Thrown Out and Sustained Injuries.

A despatch from London, Ont., says: Four persons are lying in the hospitals as the result of an accident at the South-western Traction Company's crossing at Simcoe Street at 6 o'clock on Thursday night. A sleigh containing Albert Murden and his ten-year-old son Albert, Joseph Hardiman and his twelve-year-old daughter Beatrice, was crossing the tracks, when one of the heavy cars struck the vehicle, slewing it around and throwing the occupants heavily to the ground. Hardiman was knocked unconscious, and was thought at first to be seriously injured, but at the hospital he was found to be but slightly hurt. Beatrice Hardiman and the elder Murden were slightly injured, and the Murden

WESTERN ONTARIO DAIRYMEN

A Largely Attended Convention Held at Woodstock.

At the Western Dairymen's Convention held in Woodstock last week, Mr. John McQuaker of Owen Sound, President of the association, stated in his address that the past year had been a good one in the dairying business in western Ontario. About \$25,882 had, he said, been spent in improvements on factories, and \$16,954 on creameries in the territory. The prices for dairy products during 1907 had been generally high, and a larger percentage of butter and cheese had been consumed at home than had hitherto been the case.

LACK OF FARM LABOR.

The scarcity of farm labor was accounted for by Mr. J. H. Grisdale of Ottawa as due to the fact that farmers will not make all-year contracts with their help. "Let me tell you this," he said; "you can get labor, and good labor at that, if you will engage your man for a year. How can you expect that the best men are to be had when they can earn only in the summer months? In winter they are forced to find other employment. You pay high wages for poor men to work for you seven or eight months in the year. I tell you that it would pay you better to give a good man a good wage and keep him from year to year." Mr. Grisdale held that dairy farming was the most profitable form of agriculture for Ontario. To get the utmost profit from the farm, however, he insisted that the soil should be worked to a greater extent; that the farmer should keep all the cows possible, and that he should pursue some definite plan in regard to a rotation of crops.

CANADA'S COMPETITORS.

Mr. J. A. Ruddick, commissioner on

cold-storage and dairying for the Dominion Government, pointed out to the convention that the countries which are likely to compete with Canada in supplying the world's demand for cheese and butter are Siberia and Australia. These are the countries which are showing the greatest growth in their butter exports during the recent years. Denmark and Holland offered keen competition in the cheese industry; New Zealand, too, had been increasing her cheese export to Great Britain by leaps and bounds. Mr. Ruddick thought, however, that the making of cheese in New Zealand might fall off, since butter was the proper dairy product of that country. The Argentine Republic, so often rumored to be a coming competitor in the dairy market, would never, Mr. Ruddick thought, become a serious factor in the situation. Ireland had developed a creamery industry in recent years, so that there were now in the Green Isle over 800 plants. The annual export of butter to England averaged \$30,000,000. Irish butter was nearest to Canadian in quality.

INCREASE IN EXPORTS.

Mr. M. S. Schell, member for South Oxford in the Dominion House, quoted figures showing that Canada's exports of dairy products had increased between 1868 and 1903 from \$550,000 to \$24,712,000. Since 1903, the banner year in the industry, exports had been lower. For the year ending March, 1908, the exports would probably be not more than \$20,000,000.

Hon. Nelson Monteith, Minister of Agriculture for Ontario, outlined briefly the measures which the Government are taking for the protection and development of the dairy industry.

CIGARS AND WHISKY.

Employees of C.P.R. Charged With Wholesale Thieving.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: Complaints have been reaching the Canadian Pacific headquarters for many weeks past regarding shortages in freight in Winnipeg. In some instances whole cases of cigars have gone astray. On Wednesday at noon five employees, named Sidney Mason, Ernest Haigh, Robert Thompson, Gavin B. Landels and a man named Ralteson were arrested while on duty. Among the goods alleged to have been stolen by the men in custody are some hundreds of dollars worth of cigars, bottles of whiskey and bags of sugar.

SURPLUS OF CARS.

More Rolling Stock Than Business Offered Demands.

A despatch from Chicago says: Railroads of the United States and Canada have 296,800 freight cars in excess of business demands, according to a statement that has been issued by the Car Service Commission of the American Railway Association. Shortages exist on only a few roads, the total number of additional cars that could be used on these lines amounting to 774. The figures are compiled from reports made to the committee by 158 railroads. Assuming the average value of a car to be six hundred dollars, equipment representing \$124,080,000 of capital is lying idle on side tracks.

SNOWBALLS GRENCHED FIRE.

EARTHQUAKE IN HAYTI.

Number of Houses Were Destroyed and Others Damaged.

A despatch from Port au Prince, Hayti, says: A serious earthquake has occurred at Gonaives, sixty-five miles northwest of this city. A few houses have been destroyed and others were damaged. No loss of life has been reported. Communication with the town is broken. The shocks continue. The first was followed by a tidal wave. Among the buildings destroyed are the commercial house of Herrmann, Ador & Jolier. Gonaives is one of the most thriving towns of the Haytian republic. It is a Bishop's See, and has a population of about 18,000.

BITTEN BY A RAT.

Death of a Little Baby in Fredericksburg From Shock.

A despatch from Belleville says: A singular death befell John, the youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Felen Hawley, South Fredericksburg, near Napanee. The child was a year and three months old, and while asleep was attacked by a rat and his shoulder and hand were terribly bitten, the child dying from the shock. It is supposed the rat attacked the boy's shoulder and that his hand was bitten repeatedly while attempting to ward off the rat.

SIX WEEKS ENTOMBED.

Three Nevada Miners Rescued After 46 Days Below.

A despatch from Ely, Nevada says: After having been entombed forty-six days one thousand feet below the surface in the Alpha shaft of the Cima

PROCLAIMED

tan Takes a Long ied Step.

will shortly be proclaimed at Fez, and

Itan Takes a Long ned Step.

will shortly be proclaimed at Fez, and a sudden blaze of fanaticism throughout the country is feared.

FEARS FOR COAST TOWNS.

A despatch from London says: The Tangier correspondent of the Times telegraphs that the Moroccan situation has been made more serious owing to the proclamation of the Jihad, or holy war. He adds that immediate energetic steps are necessary to protect Europeans in the coast towns. It is believed no Europeans are now in the interior.

and unrefreshed. Then they know that they have been overworking.

The point at which a man first becomes overworked, however, is not evidenced in any weariness of the brain, but in certain physical symptoms, and it is through ignorance of this fact that the health limit is so frequently overshot by men and women.

Increased circulation of blood in the cheeks or ears is with many people a certain sign of overwork, while others are warned by an unusual flushing of the temples. Strange sensations in the pit of the stomach—somewhat akin to nausea—also indicate that the limit has been passed.

One good test—a test that can be relied on with safety in the plurality of cases—is for the worker to extend each arm horizontally at the sides. Then, if his fingers are steady, he may continue his labors in safety, but if they tremble, it is an indication that he should at once cease working.

An ingenious instrument for recording the amount of energy remaining in the frame of a man or woman has been invented by Professor Angelo Mosso, the Italian scientist. This apparatus is called the "Ergograph." But by far the surest test of overwork is irritability; and when a man loses his temper he may be quite certain that further labors for the time being will prove detrimental to his work, to his friends, and to himself.

SIMPLE REMEDIES.

To Relieve Headache.—The juice of half a lemon in one-half glass of water and one-half teaspoonful of soda will relieve sick headache.

If You Catch Cold.—Take a cup of boiling milk and add a half teaspoonful of ginger. Drink before retiring. From experience this is known to break up a cold or stop a cough.

Drop Medicine Easily.—Cut a groove along the side of the cork of a medicine bottle; put back in the bottle and it will be easy to count the drops one by one, without pouring too fast.

Add Faith to This.—Burn some paper on the flat side of an axe. This causes a kind of oil to form on the steel. Dip a bit of cotton in this oil and insert in the ear, and it will give almost instantaneous relief.

Keep Sick Room Sweet.—Set a wash-bowl of water under the bed, put a few drops of carbolic acid, and cut a raw onion into the water. It will draw impurities to it. Change it every ten hours.

Bandages from Collars.—Do not throw away collars worn at the edge. They make excellent bandages. First soak out the starch and then tear into strips. Each collar makes four nice strips, which are always in readiness.

Cough Mixture.—Take one-third pint of flaxseed and pour over a quart of boiling water, let stand on back of stove, where it will just simmer for two hours, then add the juice of two lemons and a pint of granulated sugar, set over the fire, let come to a boil, then strain and cool. Take a tablespoonful several times a day.

den and his ten-year-old son Albert. Joseph Hardiman and his twelve-year-old daughter Beatrice, was crossing the tracks, when one of the heavy cars struck the vehicle, slewing it around and throwing the occupants heavily to the ground. Hardiman was knocked unconscious, and was thought at first to be seriously injured, but at the hospital he was found to be but slightly hurt. Beatrice Hardiman and the elder Murden were slightly injured, and the Murden boy's hip was dislocated.

SHOT HIMSELF ON VESTRY STEPS.

French Actor Attempts Suicide in Montreal Church.

A despatch from Montreal says: R. Laurette, a Parisian actor at the Theatre Francaise here, made a theatrical attempt at suicide on Wednesday afternoon. He had been in the Church of the Immaculate Conception, and came over with Father Lalonde. While descending the steps of the vestry with his spiritual adviser he suddenly pulled a revolver and shot himself. His aim was bad, and he only injured his right lung, inflicting a wound that may or may not prove fatal. He was at once taken to the Hotel Dieu, where the bullet was extracted, and every effort made to make his desire for sudden death abortive. Father Lalonde refused to say anything as to what Laurette had told him, but it is supposed that a disappointing love affair was the cause of the Parisian's desire for death. Laurette is a young man and will perhaps recover.

FOUR RUSSIANS KILLED.

Another Explosion of Dynamite on the G.T.P. at Hawk.

A despatch from Kenora says: Four men were killed in a dynamite explosion on Tuesday. The accident took place on Thompson & Egan's subcontract of the National Transcontinental, north of Hawk. The four were part of a station gang employed in taking out a small rock cut. The explosion was a premature one, and took place while seven of the gang were at work. Two were thrown out of the cut, but were killed by the shock. Two others were blown to atoms, and the remaining three suffered serious injuries. The station gang were all Russians, and in the excitement and terror of the moment the survivors were not able to give the names of those killed.

OIL GUSHER AT BAKU.

Mammoth New Well Produces 120,000 Barrels Per Day.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: Oil-producing firms here on Wednesday received news from the Caucasus of the opening of a mammoth oil gusher in the Bibi-Eybat field at Baku, flowing at the rate of 120,000 barrels a day. It far surpasses any other well in the Baku region, and unlike the new gusher opened at Surakhant in December, which gives 10,000 barrels daily, the new Bibi-Eybat gusher was discovered in an already exploited field. At the headquarters here of the producing firms of the region where the new gusher was found great pleasure is expressed over the evidence of the continued vitality of the Baku field. Oil shares jumped three per cent. on the market on account of the discovery.

CHILD BURNED TO DEATH.

Her Little Brother Set Fire to Her Dress.

A despatch from Streetsville, Ont., says: The seven-year-old daughter of Mr. William McKenzie was fatally burned about noon. While the child's mother was at a neighbor's for a pail of water her little brother set her dress on fire with a match at the stove. She was dreadfully burned from her knees upward, and died a few hours afterwards. Mr. McKenzie moved here about a year ago.

on only a few roads, the total number of additional cars that could be used on these lines amounting to 774. The figures are compiled from reports made to the committee by 158 railroads. Assuming the average value of a car to be six hundred dollars, equipment representing \$124,080,000 of capital is lying idle on side tracks.

SNOWBALLS QUENCHED FIRE.

Population of Pennsylvania Mining Town Adopts Novel Expedient.

A despatch from Johnstown, Pa., says: Probably the most remarkable manner of extinguishing fire occurred on Thursday at Poswell, a mining town near here, when hundreds of men, women, boys and girls saved the town from destruction by throwing snowballs. The town has no fire department and water is scarce. The flames had gained much headway and in a big boiler was stored sufficient powder to blow up the village. As a last resource practically the entire population began throwing snowballs by thousands, made from soft, wet snow, and after a time prevented the explosion and confined the flames to a half-dozen buildings.

BY DOG AND SLEIGH FROM ARCTIC.

Woman With Three Children Reaches Winnipeg From Hudson Bay.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: Mrs. G. R. Ray, of York Factory, Hudson Bay, arrived in the city on Thursday morning after having made the journey from the far north by dog sleigh. Mrs. Ray was accompanied by three children, the object of the trip being to have the children placed in the Public school of the city. Servants only accompanied Mrs. Ray.

PUT POISON IN CHOCOLATE.

Beamsville Boy Played a Dangerous Trick on a Playmate.

A despatch from St. Catharines says: A peculiar case of poisoning occurred at Beamsville on Thursday. A young boy named Karr procured some Spanish fly blister at Dr. Fairfield's drug store on the pretence that his father wanted to blister a horse. After procuring it he met some boys who had some chocolates. He got a piece of the candy and placed some of the mixture inside, and gave it to a boy named Russell, who ate it. Russell was taken violently sick a short time after, but by prompt medical assistance the poison was ejected and the boy soon recovered. County Constable Tufford is investigating the matter.

TEN DOLLARS TO EUROPE

This May Be Reached If the Rate War Keeps Up.

A despatch from London says: The Atlantic passenger rate war assumed a new phase on Wednesday night through the Cunard Steamship Company making a partial concession to the demands of their competitors by the granting of a different rate of ten shillings on second and third class fares by the Lusitania and Mauretania. Whether the new movement is preliminary to an attempt to end the disastrous struggle cannot be ascertained, but it has the aspect of conciliation. The White Star Company originally demanded a differential of fifteen shillings. It appears likely, however, that if the latter company is content to ac-

cept the smaller sum the dispute may be satisfactorily settled.

SIX WEEKS ENTOMBED.

Three Nevada Miners Rescued After 46 Days Below.

A despatch from Ely, Nevada says: After having been entombed forty-six days one thousand feet below the surface in the Alpha shaft of the Giroux mine, A. D. Bailey, P. J. Brown and Fred McDonald were rescued on Saturday night. Whistles all over the camp blew loudly, while crowds cheered in the streets of Ely to the ringing of bells. The men had been entombed on December 4th. Two Greeks who were working with them were killed by the cave-in of the shaft.

STAGE WENT THROUGH ICE.

Accident in Blinding Snow Storm on Road to Little Current.

A despatch from Little Current, Ont., says: On Wednesday night, about eight o'clock, with the temperature below zero, and in a blinding snow storm, the mail stage, with mail for thirty-four Manitoulin offices, went through the ice. A Toronto traveler was on board. Driver McEachern saved the mail. The stage and horses were lost. A relief rig brought the mail in next day at noon.

23,012 DISFRANCHISED.

That Number of Montreal Citizens Failed to Pay Taxes.

A despatch from Montreal says: From a report which has been completed at the City Hall, showing what voters are qualified and who are not qualified to vote at the civic elections on Feb. 3rd next, the astonishing fact is shown that altogether 23,012 citizens will be debarred from voting. The cause of the wholesale disenfranchisement is that this number of persons were unable to pay their water taxes and certain other taxes by a given date.

WOMAN FATALLY BURNED.

A Lamp Fell and Set Fire to Her Clothing.

A despatch from Montreal says: Mrs. Connors, an aged lady living in the rear of No. 38 Alexander street, was probably fatally burned in a small fire in her dwelling on Friday night. A lamp which Mrs. Connors was carrying fell, setting fire to the old lady's clothing and burning her so seriously about the body that it is feared she cannot recover. The fire itself was insignificant. Mrs. Connors lived alone.

up and mailed to parties directed, if desired.

Lunches served at all hours
Oysters served in all styles.
Wedding Cakes made to order.

Cambridge's Bakery & Confectionery Store

Next A. E. Paul's, and The Robinson Company, Limited.

COAL!

PLYMOUTH GOAL!

All sizes for prompt delivery.

We also carry in stock
Steam Coal,
Blacksmithing Coal
—and—
Blue Grass Cannel Coal
for a bright grate fire.

All at close prices FOR CASH.

Office, West Side Market Square, Phone 104
Yard: Foot of West Street. 1-11

CHAS. STEVENS,

If You Wish to be Successful

ATTEND THE

KINGSTON BUSINESS

COLLEGE Limited.

head of Queen Street, CANADA'S
HIGHEST GRADE business school
Book-keeping, Shorthand, Typewriting,
Telegraphy and all commercial subjects
thoroughly taught by competent, ex-
perienced teachers. Enter at any time.
Rates very moderate—Send for Cata-
logue.

H. E. WETCALFE, J. E. CUNNINGHAM,
President. Secretary.

Sleigh Bells.

Swedish chimes, shaft chimes and
strings.

M. S. MADOLE.

J. N. Osborne's

Barber Shop is on the north side of
Dundas street near Steacy's. Call and
see how well he can suit you.

21 photos for 25c, taken in three dif-
ferent positions. Over Coxall's Store.

The regular meeting of the W.C.T.U.
will be held in the Board Room of the
Public Library on Tuesday, Jan. 28th,
at 3 p.m.

Itch, Mange, Prairie Scratches, Bar-
ber's itch, and every form of con-
tagious Itch on human or animals
cured in 30 minutes by Wolford's
Sanitary Lotion. It never fails. Sold
by—T. B. Wallace.

Harry Jamieson, who was a former
resident of Napanee, and learned his
trade with his uncle, Mr. Thomas
Jamieson, died at his mother's resi-
dence in Ottawa, on Saturday, Jan.
18th, 1907, aged about thirty years.
The funeral took place on Monday.

Psychine Missionaries

A friend of Dr. Slocum Remedies
writes: "Send a bottle of Psychine
to Mrs. W... They have a daughter
in decline, and I believe it would
help her. I have mentioned your
remedies to the family, and also cited
some of the miraculous cures accom-
plished inside the last 18 years, of
which I have knowledge."

T. G. IRWIN, Little Britain, Ont.

Ran down conditions from lung, stom-
ach or other constitutional trouble
cured by Psychine. At all druggists, 50c
and \$1.00, or Dr. T. A. Slocum, Ltd., Toronto

Cross Cut Saws.

Ask about our Black Diamond X cut
saw, each saw guaranteed.
M. S. MADOLE.

Big Reduction in Lamps.

Beginning with Saturday, Jan. 25th.
we will sell the balance of our stock of
stand lamps as follows:—

\$10.00 reduced to\$7.52 cents
6.50 " 4.76 cents
5.50 " 3.97 cents
3.75 " 2.63 cents
2.50 " 1.78 cents
2.00 " 1.42 cents
1.50 " 1.17 cents
1.00 "81 cents

The Medical Hall—Fred L. Hooper.

Branch No 303 C. M. B. A., of Nap-
anee, will hold their Annual Assembly
in the town hall on Wednesday, 12th
February.

Special prices on all photos for the
first two weeks only to advertise our
work here. Ostrander, over Coxall's
Store, Napanee.

Some claim to, but we lead in flour,
feed and groceries. Get our price for
the celebrated Royal Household flour,
which is the best in the world, before
buying elsewhere. Choice groceries
and feed at right prices.

E. LOYST.

The Attorney General's Department
of Ontario, has issued a large list of
lawyers who have been made King's
Council. Among the names appear
that of Mr. G. F. Rutan, Napanee,
who now may add the letters K. C. to
his name.

Toronto, Jan 21.—Magistrate Kings-
ford handed out his decision in the
action for breach of the mining act,
brought against Frank Law, in the
police court. His worship found the
defendant guilty, and fined him the
maximum penalty, \$200 and costs.
The alternative is ten days in jail.

Mrs. Charlton Mills, who with her
husband were former well-known resi-
dents of Napanee, passed away at her
home in Cleveland, Ohio, on Sunday
last, aged about 60 years. The funeral
took place on Tuesday. Mrs. Mills
was a daughter of Mr. McKim, who
until a few months ago was the owner
of the Mills block, occupied by The
Robinson Co.

When the Stomach, Heart, or Kid-
ney nerves get weak, then these
organs always fail. Don't drug the
Stomach, nor stimulate the Heart or
Kidneys. That is simple a makeshift.
Get a prescription known to Druggists
everywhere as Dr. Shoop's Restorative.
The Restorative is prepared expressly
for these weak inside nerves. Streng-
then these nerves, build them up with
Dr. Shoop's Restorative—tablets or
liquid—and see how quickly help will
come. Free sample test sent on re-
quest by Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis.
Your health is surely worth this
simple test. Sold by—All Dealers.

The Editor of the CANADIAN POUL-
TRY REVIEW, the people's popular
poultry paper, tells us that this paper
has been greatly enlarged and is filled
with all that pertains to poultry, both
from a practical and a fancy stand-
point. Prof. A. G. Gilbert, Manager
Dominion Government Poultry Farm,
Ottawa, is still in charge of the
Practical Poultry Department, while
Prof. W. R. Graham, Manager of the
Poultry Department of the Ontario
Agricultural College, Guelph, has
charge of the Artificial Incubation and
Brooding department. Rev. J. N.
Williams, one of England's most noted
experts, writes interestingly each
month on poultry doings in the Old
Land. Mr. H. S. Babcock, Providence,
R. I., is another prominent writer and
breeder on this paper's regular staff.
Each phase of poultry breeding,
poultry exhibiting, etc., is fully
covered and the pages of the Review
are replete with half tone re-produ-
ctions from life, of famous birds, plans
of up-to-date houses, utensils, etc.
The subscription rate is fifty cents per
year, but readers of this paper can
have it at three years for \$1.00, and
sample will be sent free on application
to CANADIAN POULTRY REVIEW, 184
Adelaide Street, West, Toronto, Ont.
Ga

management of Mrs. Burritt and Miss
Heck, and will be open only to club
members and non-residents.
Secretary.

Cut Flowers and Hyacinth Bulbs.

Roses, carnations, violets, tulips,
valley, fresh from the Dale Estate
Florists. Special floral designs de-
livered in six hours direct from the
green-houses. Also Hyacinth Bulbs in
assorted colors, best quality. At The
Medical Hall,—Fred L. Hooper, sole
agent for Napanee.

Full line of carving sets, nickle ware
and Bissell carpet sweeper.
M. S. MADOLE.

Learn Dressmaking.

We teach everything from plainest
shirt waist to most elaborate toilette.
Lessons consist of shirt waists, sleeves,
wrappers, Children's dresses, coats,
skirts, collars, &c. with all instruc-
tions for cutting and finishing. And
we will teach you all this in a week,
so why go to a shop and spend 6 to 9
months there. Then after you have
served months there, what do you
know about cutting, absolutely noth-
ing, for you will know no more how
to cut out a dress at end of year than
you did the first day you went there.
We have taught over 1,000 in this way
within past six years, and not one has
ever told us they were not satisfied.
Charge for full course is only \$10.00 to
be paid when through, if satisfied.
The Ideal Tailor System the most
perfect, is given free with this course.
Hours for day class, 8.30 to 5, evening
classes for those who cannot come
during day 7 to 8.30. We teach at
Napanee from Jan. 30th to Feb. 7th.
All wishing to learn, or for full par-
ticulars, we would be pleased to have
them call and have our method ex-
plained to them between 10 and 5
o'clock at Campbell House, on Wed-
nesday, Jan. 23th. A few days trial
will be given free and if course is not
what we advertised it to be, students
have privilege to quit. There is no pay
in advance.

THE MISSES ELLISON,
Stratford.
Box 771

Ankle supports, skate straps, pucks,
and hockey sticks.
M. S. MADOLE.

Horticultural Society.

The annual meeting of the Napanee
Horticultural Society was held in the
Historical Rooms, on Tuesday evening
last. The officers of the preceding
year were re-elected. The meeting
approved the action of the directors in
offering to supply vines and decorative
shrubs for any of the churches in
town, adding the single condition that
the church authorities undertake to
take proper care of them. The Harvey
Warner Park which has been under the
special care of the society will
receive some additional attention
during the coming year. The spring
distribution of seeds will be a generous
one and will include the school child-
ren as well as the members. Prizes
will again be awarded to the children
producing the most satisfactory
results. The event of the evening was
an address prepared by Mrs. W. H.
Wilkinson, the first president of the
society, and forwarded to the Presi-
dent from Switzerland. The descrip-
tive powers of the writer found ample
scope for exercise in portraying her
experiences during the last thirty
months in England and upon the
continent, with special reference to
parks, horticultural gardens and rural
drives she had visited. The address
was intensely interesting and was
greatly appreciated by the members.
This was followed by a question drawer
which proved attractive and instruc-
tive. As the membership list for 1908
is now being made up those desiring
to join should hand in their subscrip-
tions at once, as the list will be closed
when the orders for seeds are sent
away.

CRESOLENE ANTISEPTIC TABLETS

A simple and effective remedy for
SORE THROATS AND COUGHS
They combine the germicidal value of Cresolene
with the soothing properties of slippery elm and licor-
ice. Your druggist or from us, 10c in stamps.
LESLIE, MANAS CO., Limited, Agents, Montreal, 402

SECOND DAY—2.35 class, \$100.00.
Free-for-all, \$150.00; Named race, half-
mile heats, \$50.00.
The following horses are named for
the Named race—Ira Benn's Bay
Gelding, Percy Johnston's Bay Geld-
ing Prince Roy, John McAlister's Bay
Stallion, Zina Fitzmartin's Bay Geld-
ing, Thos. Stewart's Crosiadore Colt,
Ed. Kaylor's Crosiadore Colts, Chas.
Kaylor's Chestnut Mare, Arch. Bruce's
Chestnut Mare, John Chatterton's Bay
Mare, Ray Allison's Bay Mare, M. J.
Whalen's Carver, C. Loyst's Black
Mack, Derl Field's Crosiadore Colt,
Sid Sproule's Seek-No-Further, P.
Whalen's Black Gelding.

A. S. Kimmerly is selling 21 lbs.
Redpath's granulated sugar \$1.00 or
\$4.45 per 100; new selected raisins 1 lbs.
25c; Lemon and orange peel, 15c lb;
Citron peel, 20c lb; Lamp chimneys 6c;
4 pkg. orange meat 25c; 6 bars surprise
soap 25c; 4 pkg. corn starch 25c; 4 lbs
washing soda 5c.

No Home

(be it cottage, farm or mansion), is complete without a PIANO. Probably nothing else in the world is the means of so much pleasure. It is elevating, instructive, and far more entertaining than anything else that can be placed in the home, and has now established itself more as a necessity than a luxury. In the purchase of a piano it is well to use the greatest care. The low priced instrument is not by any means the cheapest, as after a few years use it is likely to become an expense and a worry to the owner. The one piano in Canada that has earned an international reputation for general excellence of tone and durability is the Gerhard Heintzman, which has come to be recognized the world over as an instrument of real quality. Unsolicited testimonials from the following representative personages will assist in proving the above state ment:

The late Prince Bismark
The late President McKinley.
Lady Laurier
Emperor Mutsuhito, of Japan.

These, among a host of others, have
willingly placed on record the fact that
they are proud to possess the Gerhard
Heintzman piano.

The instrument can be seen and all par-
ticulars obtained at

FISHER'S MUSIC STORE,

Before buying a Sewing Machine
see the "NEW HOME."

Finest Goods

Our Choicest Goods are well to
hand now, and in the following lines
we can show you some

Extra Good Things

Linon Handkerchiefs.
Initial Linon Handkerchiefs.
Initial Excelda Silk Handkerchiefs.
Fancy Shirts.
The newest in Neckwear, either in
fancy boxes or not, as you choose.
Men's Wool Gloves.
Men's Fur Lined Gloves.
Men's Wool lined Gloves.
Men's Silk Lined Gloves.
Fancy Cashmere Hose.
Fancy Suspenders.
Caps.
Detachable Fur Collars.

We are headquarters for the newest
in Men's Wear.

Graham & Vanalstyne.

Special Announcement

Re Credit System.

Having long felt that the present system of allowing goods on approbation, and selling on credit, was expensive to both ourselves and customers, and too far out-of-date for the progressive 20th century, we have decided to adopt the **STRICTLY CASH SYSTEM.**

On and after Feb. 1st, 1908, no Goods will be allowed on approbation unless One Pair is paid for.

In case goods do not suit we will cheerfully refund purchase money.

Among our regular credit customers were many who paid promptly whenever the account was rendered and with whom it was a great pleasure to do business. But these will easily understand that to make the cash system a success all must be treated alike, and that no one family or person can be excepted from this rule.

The J. J. Haines Shoe Houses

Napanee, Belleville and Trenton.

THE BEST FLOUR.

**DAFOE'S NONESUCH
DAFOE'S MANITOBA PATENT**

By numerous tests by the best Bakers the above mentioned grades have been proven to be the best Flours in the market.

When buying Flour ask for Dafoe's, and patronize your home mill, thereby producing Bran and Shorts that you can purchase cheaper than the product of the Western mills, which has to be transported thousands of miles at great expense, and usually, when it reaches you, of inferior quality.

The grocer complains if the farmer or the mechanic sends to Toronto or to outside points for an article he can get at the home store just as good, but he does not hesitate to buy Flour from mills hundreds of miles away, and sell you an inferior Flour for more money than you can purchase the home product for, every bag of which is guaranteed.

CHOICE CORN MEAL and **BUCK-WHEAT FLOUR** always on hand.

FEED GRINDING a specialty, with the best feed mills known to the trade.

A full stock of the best **ANTHRACITE COAL.** Also in the market for the purchase of all kinds of Grain.

Ask for prices at the big Mill before purchasing your Flour, Feed or Coal.

Important Notice, Cambridge's Confectionery Store.

The place to buy a suitable Christmas Present for your friends.

Beautiful assortment of Fancy Boxes and Baskets of all designs filled with the best of Chocolates, Bon Bons and when empty becoming useful for work baskets, etc. Come early and secure them. Satisfaction guaranteed, and all packages done up and mailed to parties directed, if so desired.

Lunches served at all hours
Oysters served in all styles.
Wedding Cakes made to order.

Cambridge's Bakery & Confectionery Store

Next A. E. Paul's, and The Robinson Company, Limited.

ODDS and ENDS

—in—

**Hosiery, Underwear,
Negligee and Work Shirts
Mitts, Pants, etc.**

**25 Per Cent. to 50 Per Cent.
—off.—**

A.E. Lazier.

**Old Reliable. New Proprietor
Fresh Goods.**

Full line of Choice Groceries.

Cream of West Flour, cheapest and best, highest test out of 15. All kinds of Feed.

Thanking past customers for trade I solicit a continuation of their patronage as well as that of all customers of my new stand and solicit the patronage of all who want good goods in above lines. Phone 31.

J. G. OLIVER,

Blewett's Old Stand, opposite Royal Hotel.

ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP

F. S. SCOTT, Proprietor.

**First-Class Workmen.
Lightest and Brightest Shop in
Napanee.**

GIVE US A CALL.

"1847"

A complete assortment of Rogers & Nevada silver ware.

M. S. MADOLE.

Postponed.

The W. M. S. of the Western Methodist Church have postponed their entertainment "An evening with Francis Havergal," until January 30th, the last Thursday in the month. Particulars later.

Costs Will be Added.

After 1st February next, costs will be added to all unpaid taxes due the Township of North Fredericksburgh, by order of the Council.

5b

**B. OUTWATER,
Collector.**

Stock Taking Sale.

We will sell balance of our coal heaters at discount to clear, only have a few left at

BOYLE & SON.

The Napanee Ladies Musical Club.

The next regular meeting of the Club will be held in the Town Hall, Friday afternoon, January 24th at four o'clock. This will be "Scotch Day" under the management of Mrs. Burritt and Miss Heck, and will be open only to club members and non-residents.

Secretary.

Cut Flowers and Hyacinth Bulbs.

Roses, carnations, violets, tulips, valley, fresh from the Dale Estate Florists. Special floral designs delivered in six hours direct from the green-houses. Also Hyacinth Bulbs in assorted colors, best quality, at The

For That Itch.

A 25 cent itchacura will cure it. Get it at Wallace's Red Cross Drug Store.

Second Hand Stoves.

We have a few Ranges and coal heaters, good and cheap at
BOYLE & SON.

Get Wise.

And ask to see the Beautiful Dinner Sets now offering at extremely low prices for the balance of this month at
THE COXALL CO.

P. S.—

Dr. Pierces 50c tin of Cream Baking Powder for 25c, the most perfect made.

Gold Medal Contest.

The most interesting of the Eleventh Annual Contests held in the Western Church, will be the Gold Medal Contest on Monday evening next. Five Silver Medalists will complete. A good musical programme will also be furnished, which will insure a splendid evening's entertainment.

Gentlemen Who are Bald.

Investigate and see for yourself the Art covering in Wigs and Toupees. Prof. Dorenwend Patent Toupees are now worn on over 90,000 heads by all classes in all stations of life. In this particular structure the ventilation is perfect; as light as a feather; is securely adjusted to the head; can be combed just as your own hair; they make any man look ten years younger, besides the protection you get from Catarrh, Colds, Neuralgia, etc. Call and see them at the Paisley House, Jan. 29th.

Ball Held at Bath.

One of the best balls ever held in Bath, was that given by the bachelors in the town hall there, on Friday evening last. The affair was attended by ninety couple, and the arrangements were perfect in every respect. A lengthy programme of choice music was rendered by Crosby & O'Connor's orchestra, of Kingston, which was secured especially for the occasion, and the dancers were more than delighted with the music. As usual the dancing was continued until an early hour, refreshments being served at intermission. G. Briden of the Crown Bank, at Bath, was chairman of the committee in charge. The committee worked hard to make the ball a great success, and for the good result, they are deserving of great praise.

Installation of Officers.

Mr. W. Tinney, D. D. G. P., of Gananoque, on Wednesday evening installed the following officers in Mt. Ararat Encampment No. 16, for the ensuing term:—

H. P.—W. B. Grieve,
C. P.—R. S. Ham,
S. W.—H. Loucks,
J. W.—S. Wilson,
Scribe—F. J. Vanaalstine,
Treas.—E. J. Pollard,
1st W.—J. Pringle,
2nd W.—F. Carson,
3rd W.—Alex. Smith,
4th W.—Geo. Dupree,
Guide—F. Allison,
G. of T.—B. Thompson,
G. of T.—O. E. Ashley,
I. S.—F. Smith,
O. S.—W. Harrison.

Winter Races.

The Winter Ice Races will be held on the Napanee Driving Park, on Monday and Tuesday, 27th and 28 January, 1908. \$525.00 in premiums.

FIRST DAY—2.50 class, trot and pace, \$100.00, 2.15 class, trot and pace, \$125.00.

SECOND DAY—2.35 class, \$100.00. Free-for-all, \$150.00; Named race, half-mile heats, \$50.00.

The following horses are named for the named races:—Ira Benn's Bay Gelding, Percy Johnston's Bay Gelding, Prince Roy, John McAlister's Bay Stallion, Zina Fitzmartin's Bay Gelding, Thos. Stewart's Crossiador Colt, Ed. Kaylor's Crossiador Colts, Chas. Kaylor's Chestnut Mare, Arch. Bruce's

On Sale this week

- Common Corn Meal.
- Gold Dust Corn Meal.
- Cream of Wheat.
- Ireland's Wheatlett.
- Rolled Wheat.
- Rolled Oats.
- Oatmeal Granulated.
- Pearl Barley.
- Split Peas.
- Graham Flour.
- Best quality of Cranberries at 10c per quart.

FRANK H. PERRY.

JOHN T. GRANGE

**ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Grange Block, John Street,
Strictly Private and Confidential.**

FRED CHINNECK

**ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Chinneck's Jewellery Store
Near Royal Hotel
Napanee
Strictly Private and Confidential.**

F. W. SMITH,

**ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Strictly Private and Confidential.
Smith's Jewellery Store,
Napanee.**

30-3-m

THE PLAZA BARBER SHOP and TOBACCO STORE.

**We think we can please you.
TRY US.**

Cigars, Tobaccos, Pipes, Etc.

PAUL KILLORIN, - Proprietor.

Cross Cut Saws.

Ask about our Black Diamond X cut saw, each saw guaranteed.
M. S. MADOLE.

Big Reduction in Lamps.

Beginning with Saturday, Jan. 25th, we will sell the balance of our stock of stand lamps as follows:—

\$10.00 reduced to\$7.52 cents
(5.50) " " 4.76 cents

Perfect Fitting Clothes.

The use of Best Linen Canvas, Best Felt, Best Silesia, Best Haircloth, Best Wool Shoulder Pads, Best Stays.—The whole well tacked, stayed, and moulded to fit the form and cut in the latest style.—Qualities which give Walters' Clothing a reputation for comfort style and wear.

JAMES WALTERS,

Merchant Tailor, Napanee.

To Cure Roughness of the Skin

Wallace's Winter Cream is supreme to most of the preparations advertised for this purpose. Try a bottle. 25c at The Red Cross Drug Store.

Skate Repairing.

I repair and keep in stock all parts of all makes of skates. Sharpening a specialty.

W. J. NORMILE.

Napanee Bicycle and Carriage Works.
Webster & Boyes' Old Stand.

Scotch Day, Burns Anniversary.

The fifth regular meeting of Ladies Musical Club will be held in the town hall, Friday January 24th. It is requested that new members will secure their tickets by 3.45 p. m., as programme will begin at four sharp. Doors closed during numbers.

A Thoughtful Suggestion.

There are fully three quarters of our people whose health is impaired from either chronic constipation, stomach trouble or biliousness. As a result numberless remedies have been floated into our midst purporting to effect most remarkable cures. After much careful study and scientific research a compound has been formed known as "Heparidin" which is considered to be by far the best thing obtainable for treating these conditions. It is used with rhubarb and mandrake as directed on the wrapper in which it is sold, and can be easily obtained at any first class drug store for 35c, one bottle will convince the most doubtful as to its value.

THE HUMAN TONGUE.

Eloquent Even When It Does Not Articulate a Word.

It is never necessary for the tongue to talk in order to tell that you are ill or the nature of your illness. The tongue of the dumb is quite as eloquent when viewed by an experienced physician as the tongue of the most talkative person.

It is a wonderful organ and should be studied by all parents, not only on their own account, but on account of their offspring. It aids in mastication of food, in drinking, in sucking, in articulation, and contains in its mucous membrane the peripheral organs of taste. There are doctors who will spend half an hour feeling of your pulse and listening to your heart beats. There are others who command,

PERSONALS

Mr. Gat. Taylor, of New York, is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jas Taylor, South Napanee.

Lord Strathcona presided at a lantern lecture entitled "Canada," delivered by G. A. Aylesworth at Hitchin, near Knebworth, on Thursday.

Mr. Charles E. Clark, of West Brook, was calling on friends in Napanee Tuesday.

Miss Annie Bogart, of Belleville, was visiting friends in Napanee and left for home Monday last.

Mr. W. S. Herrington made a trip to Kingston Monday.

Mrs. Moxson and daughter, Dorothy, of Syracuse, left for their home on Wednesday, after a three weeks visit with Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Warner. Mrs. Warner and Miss Elizabeth, accompanied them as far as Toronto.

Mrs. W. H. Hunter and daughter, Mrs. Quick, spent a few days last week in Toronto.

Mr. W. Tinney, D. D. G. P. of Gananoque, was in Napanee on Wednesday eve installing the officers of Mt. Ararat Encampment.

Mr. W. J. Paul, Tamworth, has again been nominated as Provincial Candidate for Addington in the Legislature.

Mrs. M. B. Wagar has returned from a visit with friends at Niagara Falls.

Miss Jessie Tinte, Belleville, spent a few days last week the guest of Mrs. E. A. Rikley.

Miss Iva May Horton has been engaged to sing at the King Edward Dinner, to be given in the U. E. L. Church, Adolphustown, on the evening of Jan. 28th.

Miss Anna Bogart and Mrs. Niblock, Belleville, spent last week the guests of Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Bogart.

Miss Woodie Kent is visiting her sister, Mrs. McClelland, Lindsay.

Mr. Jonas Chambers, Welland, is visiting his brother, Mr. Wm. Chambers, Chambers.

Mr. Jas. Russell is spending a few days in New York.

Mr. W. S. Dunn, Kingston, was in Napanee Tuesday.

Mr. Alex. Henry, of Toronto, is renewing acquaintances in town this week.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Walters and Mr. E. J. Walters are in Toronto for a few days.

Mr. James Harmon is renewing acquaintances at Yarker, after an absence of eleven years in the west.

Messrs. C. A. Walters and E. J. Walters are attending Grand Chapter Royal Arch Masons. Mr. E. J. Walters has been appointed District Deputy for Prince Edward District.

DEATHS.

BENN—At Parma, South Fredericksburgh, on Monday January 20th, 1908, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Elgin Benn, aged 9 years.

PAUL—At Windsor, on Saturday, Jan. 18th, 1908, Christina Paul, aged 75 years, widow of the late Geo. Paul, of Camden, and an aunt of Mr. W. J. Paul, M. P. P. and Mr. A. E. Paul, Napanee. The remains were brought to Napanee on Tuesday and taken to Camden East for interment.

Lice on Cattle.

Two applications will do the work. For details and directions for using ask at Wallace's Red Cross Drug Store.

HISTORICAL

The regular January meeting of the Lennox and Addington Historical Society will be held in Historical Hall, on Friday evening, January 31st, at 8 p.m.

Miss Chauncey Tocque, of Toronto, will read a paper on "Newfoundland." Mr. E. R. Checkley will read a paper on "Yarker and Vicinity."

W. S. Herrington Esq., K. C. will read a paper on "The Origin of Some Local Names."

COMING



PROF. DORENWEND
of Toronto

the greatest Hair Goods Artist the world has ever known, is coming with

HAIR GOODS

will be at

Paisley House, Napanee,

on

WED. JAN. 29th

During this visit we will be showing the very latest Parisian and New York styles, and you are particularly invited to inspect and try on any of these creations.

We give you the same choice selection and satisfaction as you

would get at our Toronto establishments. In a word, we bring our Store to your door

SWITCHES, POMPADOURS, CLUSTER-CURLS, CORNET-BRAIDS, TRANSFORMATIONS, WAVES, WIGS, Etc.

DORENWEND'S PATENT TOUPEE

For GENTLEMEN WHO ARE BALD, is a masterpiece of Scientific Hair Construction Securely adjusted. Comb and brush them just as your own hair. Absolutely undetectable. They protect you from Colds, Catarrh, Neuralgia, etc., and will make you look 10 years younger. Over 90,000 of our Toupees are now in use.

Don't fail to see them.



Dorenwend Co. of Toronto, Ltd.

103-105 YOUNG ST.

TALK ABOUT GROCERIES

If you want good Groceries and the best, no cheap trash, you want to go to

H. W. KELLY,
Campbell House Corner.

and you can get the best Rolled Oats in town, also

Headlight Coal Oil	13c a gallon
Water White Oil the best	16c a gallon
3 Tins Gillet's Lye	25 cents
1 lb Laundry Starch	6c per lb.
Canada Corn Starch	7c per box
Canada Laundry Starch	7c per box
Benson's Corn Starch No 1	3 for 25c.
6 bars Surprise Soap	25 cents
10 bars Judd Soap	25 cents
6 Green Castile	25 cents
1 lb French Castile (Toilet)	10 cents
Maple Leaf Baking Powder	15c a tin
Royal Baking Powder	40c a lb, tin
Pure Cream Tartar	30c a lb
Gr-p-nuts	2 for 25c.
3 Boxes Silver Gles Starch	25 cents
New Mixed Peel	18c a lb
3 Corn Flakes	25 cents
O-Wee-Kay-No Salmon	15c a tin
2 lb Paris Lump Sugar	15 cents

The best 25c Green Tea in town.

If you want good Breakfast Bacon try our PEA MEAL,

H. W. KELLY

Fredericksburgh Grist Mill.

The undersigned wishes to notify the public that Fredericksburgh grist mill will be open for grinding every day until further notice. I will be pleased to meet the many customers of the mill, who have patronized it in the past. Satisfaction guaranteed.

WM. WOODRUFF.

Big Discount Sale.

Of crockery, china, and glassware, for the next sixty days, especially in dinner sets of all shades and patterns and in prices ranging from \$5.00 to \$25.00. In order to reduce them considerable we will give a special discount of 10% off the regular prices for the next sixty days, we can assure any one wanting sets that they will do well to avail themselves of this chance as our goods and prices are always right and our stock of groceries etc., are up to date in all lines and will be sold at lowest prices.

THE COXALL CO.

Learn Dress-Making By Mail

in your spare time at home, or

Take a Personal Course at School

To enable all to learn, we teach on cash or instalment plan. We also teach a personal class at school once a month. Class commencing last Tuesday of each month. These lessons teach how to cut, fit and put together any garment from the plainest shirt waist; suit, to the most elaborate dress. The whole family can learn from one course. We have taught over seven thousand dress-making, and guarantee to give five hundred dollars to any one that cannot learn between the age of 14 and 40. You cannot learn dress-making as thorough as this course teaches if you work in shops for years. Beware of imitations as we em-

It is a wonderful organ and should be studied by all parents, not only on their own account, but on account of their offspring. It aids in mastication of food, in drinking, in sucking, in articulation, and contains in its mucous membrane the peripheral organs of taste. There are doctors who will spend half an hour feeling of your pulse and listening to your heart beats. There are others who command, "Stick out your tongue." One glance at your tongue will to them tell the tale.

Tremulousness of the tongue when it is protruded is a positive sign of various nervous diseases. But by far the commonest cause of this tremulousness is an excessive indulgence in alcohol. There is an old rule about looking into a man's eye to tell if he be a habitual lusher. It often fails. Drink in some men excites the lachrymal glands, causing the eye to appear watery. But all of us know men who have watery eyes, yet never touch liquor. But the best and final test is the tongue. It is the only sign that cannot be concealed. If a man seeking employment swears on a stack of Bibles that he does not drink, make him stick out his tongue. If it trembles he is a liar.

No Time to Lose.

"Sir," said the young man, entering the office, "I sent you a communication yesterday!"

"Well?" asked the grim faced man.

"Well, Mr. Prater, I thought perhaps you might give me a reply to my request, and"—

"Wait a minute," said Mr. Prater. "Are you the man that sent this account for £10 for hats for my daughter?"

"No, sir; I"—

"Then you are the one that left this bill for £53 for her dresses?"

"No, sir. My commu"—

"Then it must be this for £7 for shoes"—

"No, sir. My note was one asking if I might have your daughter's hand."

"You want to marry her?" gasped Mr. Prater. Then, turning over the pile of bills, he urged: "Take her, young man! I don't know your name, but take her quickly! She's talking about doing some more shopping."—London Scraps.

CASITORIA.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Williams*



Disfigured For Life

No, Not That Bad.

Your expression will be distorted until you forsake those irritating Glasses for a pair of SMITH'S Glasses.

Combine beauty and comfort.

Smith's Jewelry Store

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Mr. E. R. Checkley will read a paper on "Yarker and Vicinity."

W. S. Herrington Esq., K. C. will read a paper on "The Origin of Some Local Names."

Everyone will be welcomed at this meeting.

Women and the Theater.

The first aim of the modern playwright is to please the women in the audience. The second thought is for the female characters in the play. If a play finds favor with the women it is bound to be a success. The men will go if only because she is there or to act as her escort.—Theater Magazine.

Had to Keep Ideals.

"Why don't you get married?"

"Oh, it would be absolutely fatal to my literary work."

"What do you write?"

"Love stories."

When a quarrel is the breakfast food look out for marital indigestion.—Manchester Union.

CHRONIC CATARRH NOSE AND THROAT

At the Advice of Friends I Tried Peruna and the Results Have Been Highly Satisfactory.—So Writes Mr. Pilon.



MR. RAOUL PILON, 116 Rue Notre Dame, Lachine, P.Q., Can., writes:

"I write you a few words to express to you my satisfaction at being cured. I was afflicted with catarrh of the throat and nose and suffered much. I was greatly discouraged. I had a bad breath and bad taste in my mouth in the morning."

"I took treatment for some time without obtaining relief. At the advice of friends I tried Peruna and the results have been highly satisfactory. At the end of four months I was completely cured."

Neglected catarrh becomes chronic. Having developed into the chronic stage, a longer and more persistent treatment will be required to cure it than if the disease were treated at the onset.

However, Peruna will bring relief, whether the catarrh is acute or chronic. If you are wise you will keep Peruna on hand and take a few doses at the first appearance of a cold or cough, and thus save yourself both suffering and expense.

Patients have the privilege of writing to Dr. Hartman for free advice. A book on "Chronic Catarrh" will be sent upon request.

O. Wee-Kay-No Salmon..... 15c a tin
2 b Paris Lump Sugar..... 15 cents
The best 25c Green Tea in town.

If you want good Breakfast Bacon try our PEA MEAL,

H. W. KELLY

DR. VON STAN'S PINEAPPLE TABLETS.

The best by test—and making themselves a household word because they live out their promises to the letter, give instant relief in all Stomach troubles, and absolutely cure Dyspepsia and Nervous diseases.

No long tedious treatment, with possible disappointment in the end, but improvement from the first dose—and many a stomach sufferer has proved them so. One who has tested them says: "They're a delightful and positive cure and are filling a long-felt want." They're handy to carry. Take one before and after eating or at any time you feel a symptom of distress in the stomach. Sixty tablets, 35c. (29)

Sold by T. B. Wallace

Class commencing last Tuesday of each month. These lessons teach how to cut, fit and put together any garment from the plainest shirt waist suit, to the most elaborate dress. The whole family can learn from one course. We have taught over seven thousand dress-making, and guarantee to give five hundred dollars to any one that cannot learn between the age of 14 and 40. You cannot learn dress-making as thorough as this course teaches if you work in shops for years. Beware of imitations as we employ no one outside the school. This is the only experienced Dress Cutting School in Canada and excelled by none in any other country. Write at once for particulars, as we have out our rate one third for a short time. Address:—

SANDERS' DRESS CUTTING SCHOOL,
31 Erie St., Stratford, Ont., Canada.

WANTED AT ONCE—We have decided to instruct and employ a number of smart young ladies to teach our course in Dressmaking, having one teacher for the six nearest towns where they live—age 20 to 35. Those who have worked at dress-making, or like drawing preferred. Please do not apply unless you can devote your whole time. Address—

THE SCHOOL.

INSPIRING ADDRESS OF EARL GREY TO WORKINGMEN OF CANADA

AN ACT THAT WILL TOUCH AND REJOICE THE HEARTS OF KING EDWARD AND QUEEN ALEXANDRA

On his way out to the official opening of the Toronto Free Hospital for Consumptives and King Edward Sanatorium on August 28th, 1907, the Governor-General's car was stopped in its progress outside the Canada Cycle & Motor Co. by the employees of those works. The sum of one hundred dollars was handed the Governor-General, a donation to the Toronto Free Hospital for Consumptives. His Excellency in acknowledging the ovation spoke as follows:—

"Men of the Canada Cycle & Motor Company, I thank you heartily for your welcome."

"I recognize that the three rousing British cheers with which you have greeted me, and which were so pleasant to listen to, have been given because I have the honor to be the representative of your King."

"I can assure you, men of the Canada Cycle & Motor Company, that it will give me great pleasure to tell His Majesty, the King, how you have stopped me on my road to open the King Edward Sanatorium and Toronto Free Hospital for Consumptives, in order that you might give expression to your loyalty, and in order that you might present me with your contributions in support of the Hospital."

"I know that your action in subscribing out of your hardly won earnings, so large a sum as one hundred dollars, will touch and rejoice the hearts of Their Majesties, for there is nothing that lies nearer the hearts of King Edward and Queen Alexandra than the health and well-being of His Majesty's Canadian subjects, and there is no form of work in which Their Majesties are more interested than Hospital work."

"Therefore I say every man among you who has saved a quarter from out of his earnings, in order to help those who are endeavouring, by means of Hospital, Sanatoria, etc., to conquer consumption, and to banish it from the land, is following the example of our King, and is making a truly Royal gift."

"In the name of the King I thank you for your public-spirited generosity, I hope that your example will make its influence felt throughout the length and breadth of Canada."

Referring to this event at the opening exercises of the Sanatorium, His Excellency said:—

"Ladies and gentlemen, when the workingmen of Canada are setting an example of this character, I hope that you will not be slow to follow, and I trust that the example of the Canada Cycle & Motor Co. may be followed, as I am sure it will, in every factory and manufacturing industry throughout the land."

Sir Mortimer Clark, Lieutenant-Governor, in his speech on the same occasion, said:—

"You see what others have done. I trust, ladies and gentlemen, that what they have accomplished will be an incentive to you to follow their example."

This appeal is on behalf of the Muskoka Free Hospital for Consumptives, an institution that accepts patients from all parts of Canada and that has never refused a patient because of his or her inability to pay.

Contributions may be sent to Sir Wm. R. Meredith, Kt., Chief Justice, Osgoode Hall, Toronto, W. J. Gage, Esq., 54 Spadina, or J. S. Robertson, Secretary-Treasurer National Sanitarium Association, 247 King Street, West, Toronto, Canada.